wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report (i)

Aug 23, 2026 – 04:48 am BST

PDB ID	:	9ES8 / pdb_00009es8
EMDB ID	:	EMD-19939
Title	:	Cryo-EM structure of Spinacia oleracea cytochrome b6f with decylplastoquinone bound at plastoquionol reduction site
Authors	:	Pietras, R.; Pintscher, S.; Mielecki, B.; Szwalec, M.; Wojcik-Augustyn, A.; Indyka, P.; Rawski, M.; Koziej, L.; Jaciuk, M.; Wazny, G.; Glatt, S.; Osyczka, A.
Deposited on	:	2024-03-25
Resolution	:	2.24 Å(reported)
Based on initial model	:	7ZYV

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at
http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

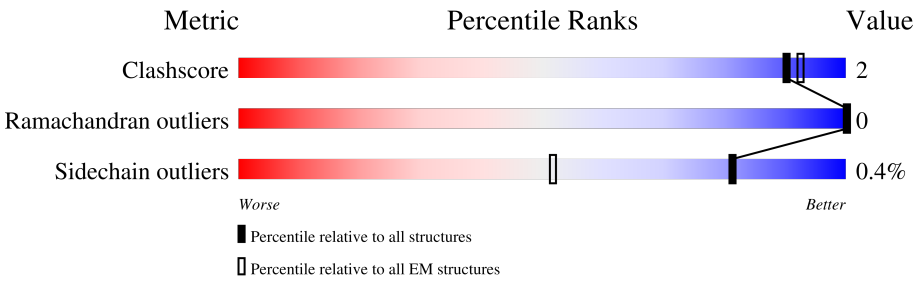
EMDB validation analysis	:	0.0.1.dev133
Mogul	:	1.8.4, CSD as541be (2020)
MolProbity	:	4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Buster-report	:	wwPDB partial adaption of 1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics	:	20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
EM percentile statistics	:	202505.v01 (Using data in the EMDB archive up until May 2025)
MapQ	:	1.9.13
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)

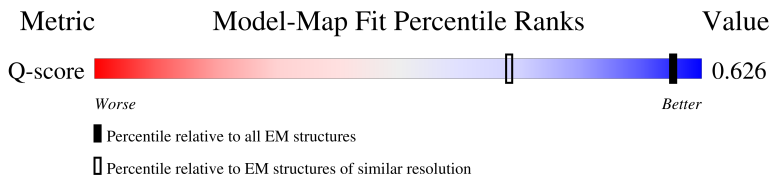
1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.24 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.





Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)	Similar EM resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	229148	23984	-
Ramachandran outliers	224038	23583	-
Sidechain outliers	223484	23102	-
Q-score	-	25397	3381 (1.75 - 2.74)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion < 40%). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	215	100%
1	I	215	100%
2	B	160	96%

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Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.50

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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
2	J	160	96%
3	C	320	84% 13%
3	K	320	84% 13%
4	D	230	67% 6% 28%
4	L	230	67% 5% 28%
5	E	31	94% 6%
5	M	31	94% 6%
6	F	131	28% 72%
6	N	131	28% 72%
7	G	37	89% 11%
7	O	37	89% 11%
8	H	29	100%
8	P	29	93% 7%
9	Q	103	5% 25% 75%
9	R	103	5% 25% 75%

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
11	HEC	A	303	X	-	-	-
11	HEC	C	301	X	-	-	-
11	HEC	I	303	X	-	-	-
11	HEC	K	301	X	-	-	-

2 Entry composition (i)

There are 19 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 16326 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Cytochrome b6.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
1	A	214	1697	1126	271	289	11	0	0
1	I	214	1697	1126	271	289	11	0	0

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Cytochrome b6-f complex subunit 4.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
2	B	159	1226	820	193	209	4	0	0
2	J	159	1226	820	193	209	4	0	0

- Molecule 3 is a protein called Cytochrome f.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
3	C	279	2168	1396	366	400	6	0	0
3	K	279	2168	1396	366	400	6	0	0

- Molecule 4 is a protein called Cytochrome b6-f complex iron-sulfur subunit, chloroplastic.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
4	D	166	1260	807	212	234	7	0	0
4	L	166	1260	807	212	234	7	0	0

- Molecule 5 is a protein called Cytochrome b6-f complex subunit 6.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
5	E	31	244	167	36	40	1	0	0
5	M	31	244	167	36	40	1	0	0

- Molecule 6 is a protein called Cytochrome b6-f complex subunit 7.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
6	F	37	280	183	46	50	1	1	0
6	N	37	280	183	46	50	1	1	0

- Molecule 7 is a protein called Cytochrome b6-f complex subunit 5.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
7	G	33	261	178	40	42	1	0	0
7	O	33	261	178	40	42	1	0	0

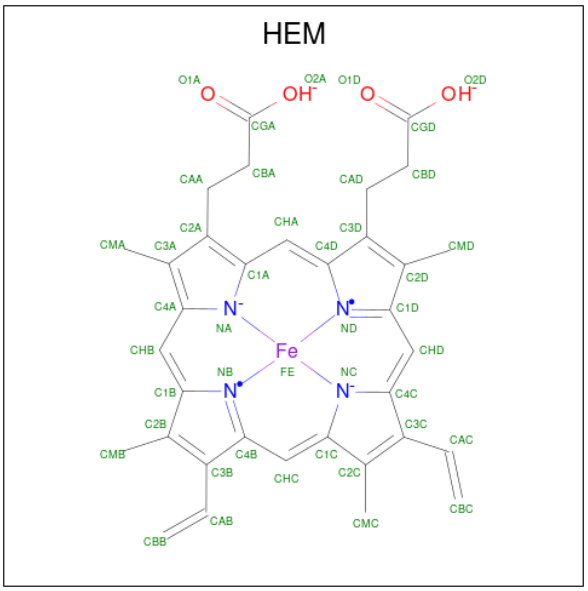
- Molecule 8 is a protein called Cytochrome b6-f complex subunit 8.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
8	H	29	223	150	34	37	2	0	0
8	P	29	223	150	34	37	2	0	0

- Molecule 9 is a protein called Thylakoid soluble phosphoprotein.

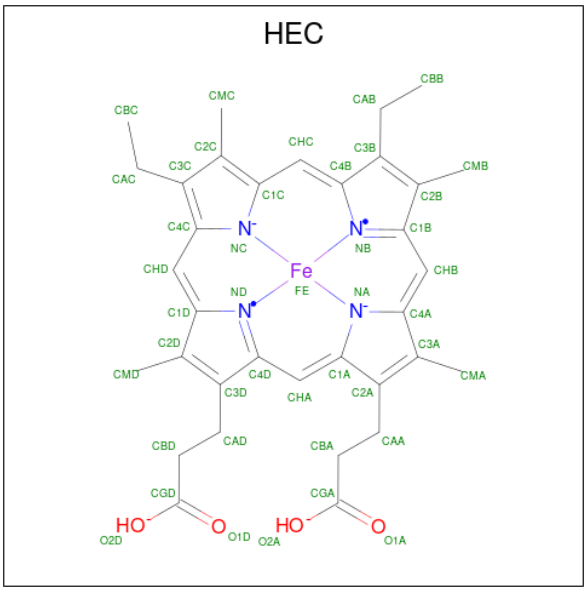
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O		
9	Q	26	219	144	34	41	0	0
9	R	26	219	144	34	41	0	0

- Molecule 10 is PROTOPORPHYRIN IX CONTAINING FE (CCD ID: HEM) (formula: $C_{34}H_{32}FeN_4O_4$) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



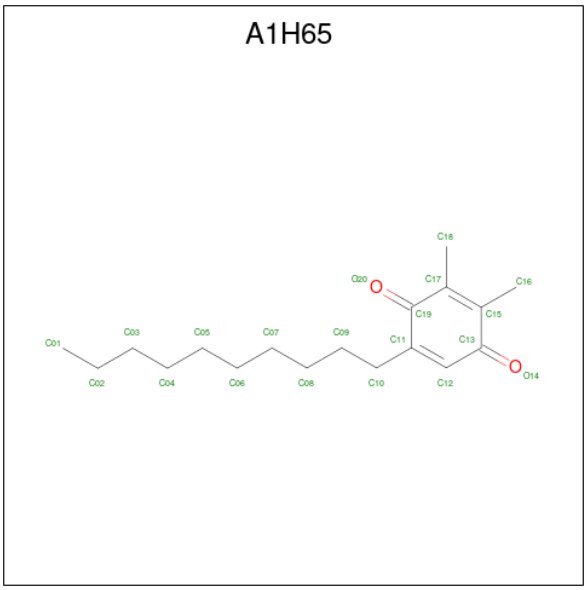
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf
			Total	C	Fe	N	O	
10	A	1	43	34	1	4	4	0
			Total	C	Fe	N	O	
10	A	1	43	34	1	4	4	0
			Total	C	Fe	N	O	
10	I	1	43	34	1	4	4	0
			Total	C	Fe	N	O	
10	I	1	43	34	1	4	4	0

- Molecule 11 is HEME C (CCD ID: HEC) (formula: $C_{34}H_{36}FeN_4O_4$) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



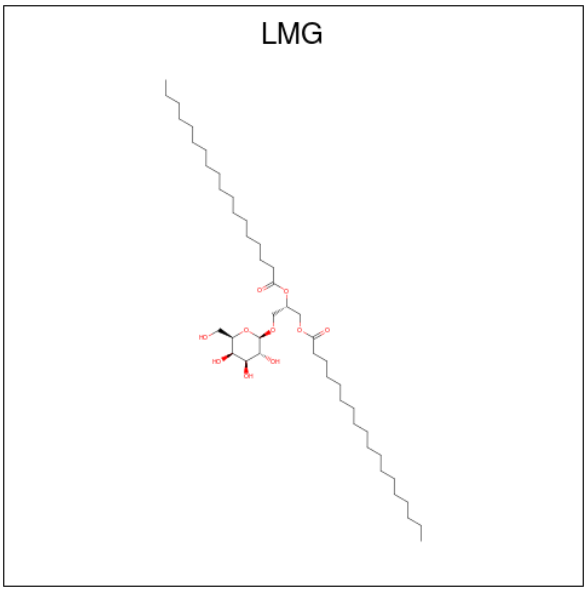
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf
			Total	C	Fe	N	O	
11	A	1	43	34	1	4	4	0
11	C	1	43	34	1	4	4	0
11	I	1	43	34	1	4	4	0
11	K	1	43	34	1	4	4	0

- Molecule 12 is Decylplastoquinone (CCD ID: A1H65) (formula: $C_{18}H_{28}O_2$) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



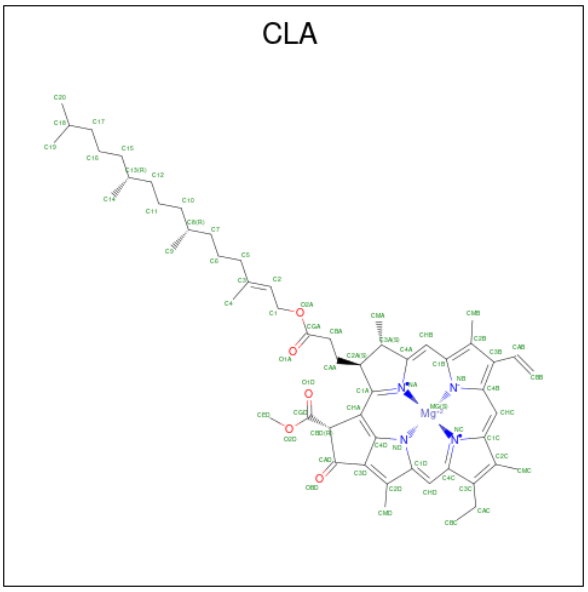
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			AltConf
			Total	C	O	
12	A	1	20	18	2	0
12	I	1	20	18	2	0

- Molecule 13 is 1,2-DISTEAROYL-MONOGALACTOSYL-DIGLYCERIDE (CCD ID: LMG) (formula: $C_{45}H_{86}O_{10}$) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			AltConf
			Total	C	O	
13	A	1	55	45	10	0
			Total	C	O	
13	I	1	55	45	10	0

- Molecule 14 is CHLOROPHYLL A (CCD ID: CLA) (formula: $C_{55}H_{72}MgN_4O_5$) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf
			Total	C	Mg	N	O	
14	B	1	65	55	1	4	5	0

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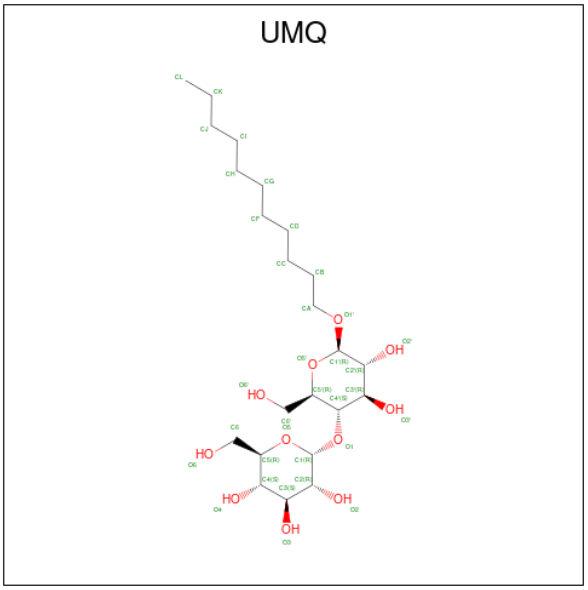
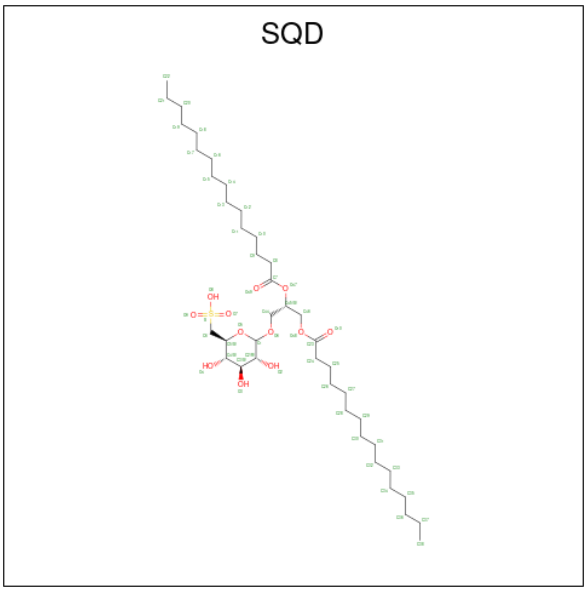
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf
			Total	C	Mg	N	O	
14	J	1	65	55	1	4	5	0

- Molecule 15 is UNDECYL-MALTOSIDE (CCD ID: UMQ) (formula: $C_{23}H_{44}O_{11}$).



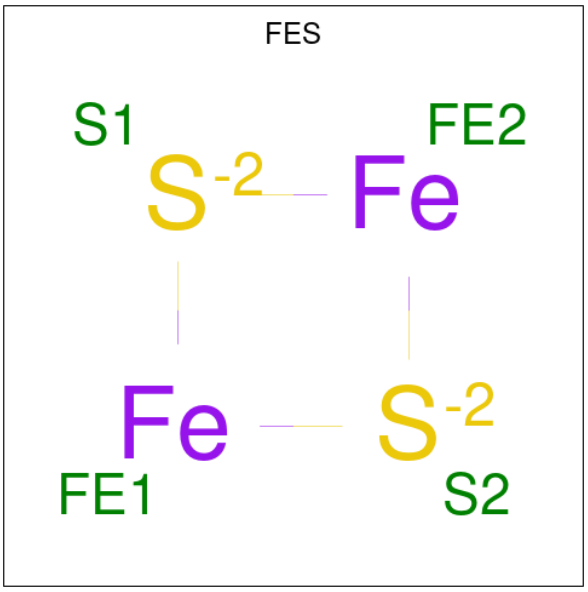
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			AltConf
			Total	C	O	
15	B	1	34	23	11	0
			Total	C	O	
15	H	1	34	23	11	0
			Total	C	O	
15	J	1	34	23	11	0
			Total	C	O	
15	P	1	34	23	11	0

- Molecule 16 is 1,2-DI-O-ACYL-3-O-[6-DEOXY-6-SULFO-ALPHA-D-GLUCOPYRANOSYL]-SN-GLYCEROL (CCD ID: SQD) (formula: $C_{41}H_{78}O_{12}S$) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf
			Total	C	O	S	
16	D	1	54	41	12	1	0
			Total	C	O	S	
16	L	1	54	41	12	1	0

- Molecule 17 is FE2/S2 (INORGANIC) CLUSTER (CCD ID: FES) (formula: Fe_2S_2) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			AltConf
			Total	Fe	S	
17	D	1	4	2	2	0

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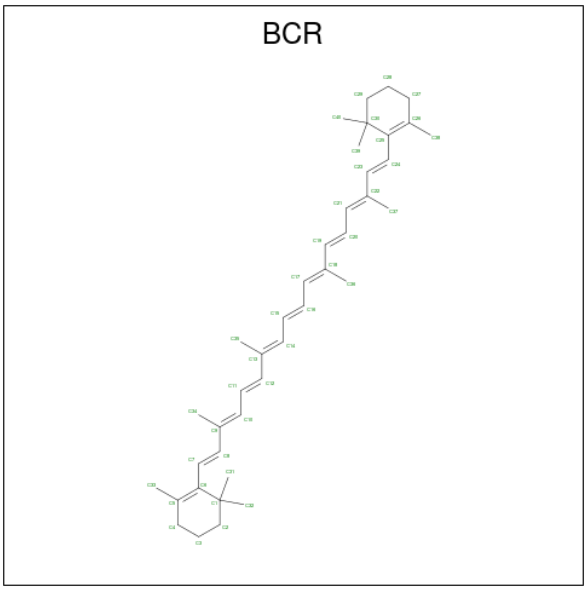
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			AltConf
			Total	Fe	S	
17	L	1	4	2	2	0

- Molecule 18 is BETA-CAROTENE (CCD ID: BCR) (formula: $C_{40}H_{56}$) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		AltConf
			Total	C	
18	Q	1	40	40	0
			Total	C	
18	R	1	40	40	0

- Molecule 19 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		AltConf
			Total	O	
19	A	31	31	31	0
			Total	O	
19	B	15	15	15	0
			Total	O	
19	C	51	51	51	0
			Total	O	
19	D	6	6	6	0
			Total	O	
19	G	1	1	1	0
			Total	O	
19	H	3	3	3	0

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Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		AltConf
			Total	O	
19	I	31	31	31	0
			Total	O	
19	J	15	15	15	0
			Total	O	
19	K	51	51	51	0
			Total	O	
19	L	6	6	6	0
			Total	O	
19	O	1	1	1	0
			Total	O	
19	P	3	3	3	0

3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Cytochrome b6

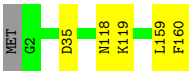
Chain A: 100%

- Molecule 1: Cytochrome b6

Chain I: 100%

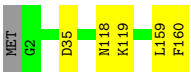
- Molecule 2: Cytochrome b6-f complex subunit 4

Chain B: 96%



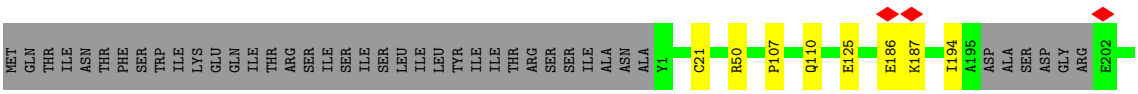
- Molecule 2: Cytochrome b6-f complex subunit 4

Chain J: 96%



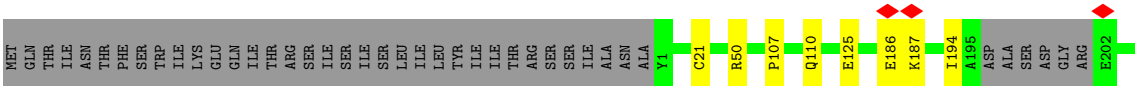
- Molecule 3: Cytochrome f

Chain C: 84% 13%



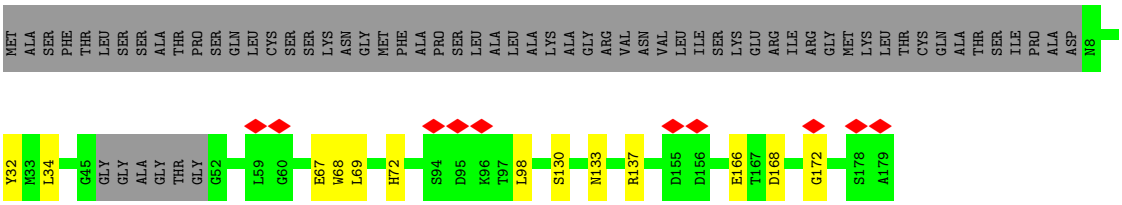
• Molecule 3: Cytochrome f

Chain K:



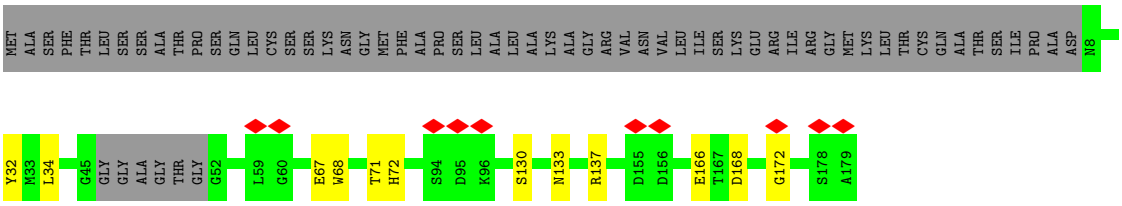
• Molecule 4: Cytochrome b6-f complex iron-sulfur subunit, chloroplastic

Chain D:



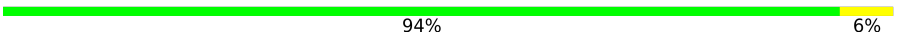
• Molecule 4: Cytochrome b6-f complex iron-sulfur subunit, chloroplastic

Chain L:



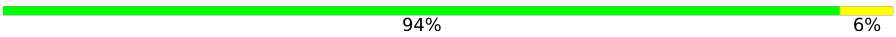
• Molecule 5: Cytochrome b6-f complex subunit 6

Chain E:



• Molecule 5: Cytochrome b6-f complex subunit 6

Chain M:



• Molecule 6: Cytochrome b6-f complex subunit 7

Chain F: 28% 72%

MET ALA THR ALA ALA ALA SER THR THR LEU SER SER ALA ALA VAL PRO ALA ILE SER GLY SER ARG GLY GLN ARG LYS MET ASN LYS VAL VAL TYR MET SER GLY VAL ASN SER TYR GLY GLY LEU LYS ALA ASN ASN ALA VAL LEU GLY LEU GLY GLN ALA VAL CYS THR GLU GLN CYS

PHE ALA ASN VAL VAL SER SER LEU ARG SER THR ALA THR LYS LYS GLY ARG SER GLY GLY GLY GLY ALA GLY GLY GLY ALA LEU THR SER THR CYS N1 A37 GLU

- Molecule 6: Cytochrome b6-f complex subunit 7

Chain N: 28% 72%

MET ALA THR ALA ALA ALA SER THR THR LEU SER SER ALA ALA VAL PRO ALA ILE SER GLY SER ARG GLY GLN ARG LYS MET ASN LYS VAL VAL TYR MET SER GLY VAL ASN SER TYR GLY GLY LEU LYS ALA ASN ASN ALA VAL LEU GLY LEU GLY GLN ALA VAL CYS THR GLU GLN CYS

PHE ALA ASN VAL VAL SER SER LEU ARG SER THR ALA THR LYS LYS GLY ARG SER GLY GLY GLY GLY ALA GLY GLY GLY ALA LEU THR SER THR CYS N1 A37 GLU

- Molecule 7: Cytochrome b6-f complex subunit 5

Chain G: 89% 11%

M1 D33 GLN LEU ASP LEU

- Molecule 7: Cytochrome b6-f complex subunit 5

Chain O: 89% 11%

M1 D33 GLN LEU ASP LEU

- Molecule 8: Cytochrome b6-f complex subunit 8

Chain H: 100%

There are no outlier residues recorded for this chain.

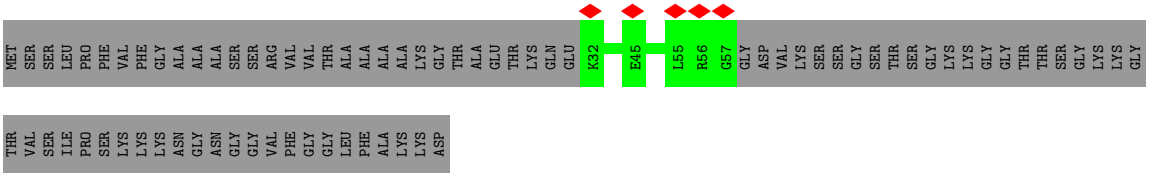
- Molecule 8: Cytochrome b6-f complex subunit 8

Chain P: 93% 7%

M1 D2 S5 L29

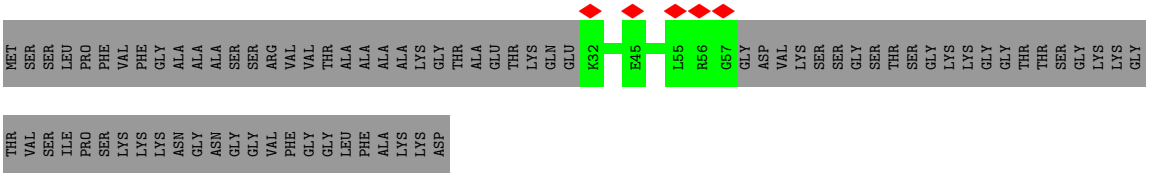
- Molecule 9: Thylakoid soluble phosphoprotein

Chain Q: 5% 25% 75%



- Molecule 9: Thylakoid soluble phosphoprotein

Chain R:



4 Experimental information (i)

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, C2	Depositor
Number of particles used	482950	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION	Depositor
Microscope	TFS KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/Å^2$)	40.7	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	900	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	2100	Depositor
Magnification	105000	Depositor
Image detector	GATAN K3 BIOQUANTUM (6k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	0.327	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.095	Depositor
Average map value	0.000	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.004	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.04	Depositor
Map size (Å)	440.32, 440.32, 440.32	wwPDB
Map dimensions	512, 512, 512	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	0.86, 0.86, 0.86	Depositor

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: LMG, BCR, HEM, HEC, UMQ, A1H65, CLA, SQD, FES

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\#\|Z\|>5$	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\|>5$
1	A	0.10	0/1747	0.21	0/2382
1	I	0.10	0/1747	0.21	0/2382
2	B	0.12	0/1263	0.22	0/1733
2	J	0.12	0/1263	0.21	0/1733
3	C	0.10	0/2214	0.22	0/2999
3	K	0.10	0/2214	0.22	0/2999
4	D	0.10	0/1294	0.23	0/1769
4	L	0.10	0/1294	0.23	0/1769
5	E	0.12	0/248	0.16	0/333
5	M	0.12	0/248	0.16	0/333
6	F	0.12	0/282	0.15	0/382
6	N	0.12	0/282	0.15	0/382
7	G	0.13	0/266	0.18	0/360
7	O	0.13	0/266	0.18	0/360
8	H	0.14	0/228	0.18	0/309
8	P	0.14	0/228	0.17	0/309
9	Q	0.13	0/224	0.20	0/301
9	R	0.13	0/224	0.20	0/301
All	All	0.11	0/15532	0.21	0/21136

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen

atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1697	0	1724	0	0
1	I	1697	0	1724	0	0
2	B	1226	0	1276	2	0
2	J	1226	0	1276	2	0
3	C	2168	0	2218	6	0
3	K	2168	0	2218	6	0
4	D	1260	0	1232	7	0
4	L	1260	0	1232	7	0
5	E	244	0	268	1	0
5	M	244	0	268	1	0
6	F	280	0	295	0	0
6	N	280	0	295	0	0
7	G	261	0	280	0	0
7	O	261	0	280	0	0
8	H	223	0	234	0	0
8	P	223	0	234	1	0
9	Q	219	0	216	0	0
9	R	219	0	216	0	0
10	A	86	0	60	8	0
10	I	86	0	60	8	0
11	A	43	0	31	1	0
11	C	43	0	31	2	0
11	I	43	0	31	1	0
11	K	43	0	31	2	0
12	A	20	0	0	0	0
12	I	20	0	0	0	0
13	A	55	0	86	1	0
13	I	55	0	86	1	0
14	B	65	0	72	0	0
14	J	65	0	72	0	0
15	B	34	0	44	0	0
15	H	34	0	44	0	0
15	J	34	0	44	0	0
15	P	34	0	44	0	0
16	D	54	0	78	0	0
16	L	54	0	78	0	0
17	D	4	0	0	1	0
17	L	4	0	0	1	0
18	Q	40	0	56	0	0
18	R	40	0	56	0	0
19	A	31	0	0	0	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
19	B	15	0	0	0	0
19	C	51	0	0	1	0
19	D	6	0	0	0	0
19	G	1	0	0	0	0
19	H	3	0	0	0	0
19	I	31	0	0	0	0
19	J	15	0	0	0	0
19	K	51	0	0	1	0
19	L	6	0	0	0	0
19	O	1	0	0	0	0
19	P	3	0	0	0	0
All	All	16326	0	16490	55	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 2.

The worst 5 of 55 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
4:D:166:GLU:N	4:D:166:GLU:OE1	2.22	0.72
4:L:166:GLU:N	4:L:166:GLU:OE1	2.22	0.71
4:L:67:GLU:N	4:L:67:GLU:OE1	2.26	0.69
3:C:50:ARG:NH1	3:C:125:GLU:OE2	2.26	0.69
4:D:67:GLU:N	4:D:67:GLU:OE1	2.26	0.69

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	212/215 (99%)	207 (98%)	5 (2%)	0	100 100

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	I	212/215 (99%)	207 (98%)	5 (2%)	0	100	100
2	B	157/160 (98%)	154 (98%)	3 (2%)	0	100	100
2	J	157/160 (98%)	154 (98%)	3 (2%)	0	100	100
3	C	275/320 (86%)	269 (98%)	6 (2%)	0	100	100
3	K	275/320 (86%)	269 (98%)	6 (2%)	0	100	100
4	D	162/230 (70%)	154 (95%)	8 (5%)	0	100	100
4	L	162/230 (70%)	154 (95%)	8 (5%)	0	100	100
5	E	29/31 (94%)	29 (100%)	0	0	100	100
5	M	29/31 (94%)	29 (100%)	0	0	100	100
6	F	36/131 (28%)	36 (100%)	0	0	100	100
6	N	36/131 (28%)	36 (100%)	0	0	100	100
7	G	31/37 (84%)	31 (100%)	0	0	100	100
7	O	31/37 (84%)	31 (100%)	0	0	100	100
8	H	27/29 (93%)	27 (100%)	0	0	100	100
8	P	27/29 (93%)	27 (100%)	0	0	100	100
9	Q	24/103 (23%)	24 (100%)	0	0	100	100
9	R	24/103 (23%)	24 (100%)	0	0	100	100
All	All	1906/2512 (76%)	1862 (98%)	44 (2%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	185/186 (100%)	185 (100%)	0	100	100
1	I	185/186 (100%)	185 (100%)	0	100	100
2	B	134/135 (99%)	133 (99%)	1 (1%)	76	81
2	J	134/135 (99%)	133 (99%)	1 (1%)	76	81

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
3	C	238/275 (86%)	238 (100%)	0	100	100
3	K	238/275 (86%)	238 (100%)	0	100	100
4	D	135/183 (74%)	133 (98%)	2 (2%)	57	66
4	L	135/183 (74%)	133 (98%)	2 (2%)	57	66
5	E	26/26 (100%)	26 (100%)	0	100	100
5	M	26/26 (100%)	26 (100%)	0	100	100
6	F	27/90 (30%)	27 (100%)	0	100	100
6	N	27/90 (30%)	27 (100%)	0	100	100
7	G	27/31 (87%)	27 (100%)	0	100	100
7	O	27/31 (87%)	27 (100%)	0	100	100
8	H	24/24 (100%)	24 (100%)	0	100	100
8	P	24/24 (100%)	24 (100%)	0	100	100
9	Q	24/78 (31%)	24 (100%)	0	100	100
9	R	24/78 (31%)	24 (100%)	0	100	100
All	All	1640/2056 (80%)	1634 (100%)	6 (0%)	81	88

5 of 6 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	J	35	ASP
4	L	32	TYR
4	L	34	LEU
4	D	32	TYR
2	B	35	ASP

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 6 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
7	O	28	GLN
9	Q	47	GLN
9	R	47	GLN
7	G	28	GLN
3	C	99	ASN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

24 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$
11	HEC	K	301	3	50,50,50	1.73	5 (10%)	68,82,82	1.38	6 (8%)
15	UMQ	J	202	-	35,35,35	0.53	0	46,46,46	0.66	1 (2%)
11	HEC	C	301	3	50,50,50	1.73	5 (10%)	68,82,82	1.39	6 (8%)
11	HEC	I	303	1,19	50,50,50	1.78	5 (10%)	68,82,82	1.45	6 (8%)
14	CLA	B	201	19	69,73,73	1.26	8 (11%)	83,113,113	1.25	7 (8%)
10	HEM	A	302	1	50,50,50	1.38	6 (12%)	66,82,82	1.18	7 (10%)
12	A1H65	I	304	-	20,20,20	2.20	7 (35%)	24,25,25	0.76	1 (4%)
16	SQD	L	201	-	53,54,54	1.52	6 (11%)	62,65,65	1.39	6 (9%)
10	HEM	I	302	1	50,50,50	1.38	6 (12%)	66,82,82	1.18	7 (10%)
15	UMQ	B	202	-	35,35,35	0.53	0	46,46,46	0.66	1 (2%)
17	FES	D	202	4	0,4,4	-	-	-		
12	A1H65	A	304	-	20,20,20	2.20	7 (35%)	24,25,25	0.76	1 (4%)
10	HEM	I	301	1	50,50,50	1.38	6 (12%)	66,82,82	1.19	6 (9%)
17	FES	L	202	4	0,4,4	-	-	-		
13	LMG	I	305	-	55,55,55	0.49	0	63,63,63	0.61	0

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$
15	UMQ	H	101	-	35,35,35	0.54	0	46,46,46	0.59	0
18	BCR	R	201	-	41,41,41	0.33	0	56,56,56	0.48	0
15	UMQ	P	101	-	35,35,35	0.54	0	46,46,46	0.59	0
13	LMG	A	305	-	55,55,55	0.49	0	63,63,63	0.61	0
10	HEM	A	301	1	50,50,50	1.38	6 (12%)	66,82,82	1.19	6 (9%)
14	CLA	J	201	19	69,73,73	1.26	8 (11%)	83,113,113	1.25	7 (8%)
11	HEC	A	303	1,19	50,50,50	1.78	5 (10%)	68,82,82	1.45	6 (8%)
18	BCR	Q	201	-	41,41,41	0.33	0	56,56,56	0.48	0
16	SQD	D	201	-	53,54,54	1.52	6 (11%)	62,65,65	1.39	6 (9%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
11	HEC	K	301	3	1/1/3/7	6/14/54/54	-
15	UMQ	J	202	-	-	13/20/60/60	0/2/2/2
11	HEC	C	301	3	1/1/3/7	6/14/54/54	-
11	HEC	I	303	1,19	1/1/3/7	7/14/54/54	-
14	CLA	B	201	19	-	17/39/115/115	-
10	HEM	A	302	1	-	2/14/54/54	-
12	A1H65	I	304	-	-	4/10/30/30	0/1/1/1
16	SQD	L	201	-	-	20/49/69/69	0/1/1/1
10	HEM	I	302	1	-	2/14/54/54	-
15	UMQ	B	202	-	-	13/20/60/60	0/2/2/2
17	FES	D	202	4	-	-	0/1/1/1
12	A1H65	A	304	-	-	4/10/30/30	0/1/1/1
10	HEM	I	301	1	-	1/14/54/54	-
17	FES	L	202	4	-	-	0/1/1/1
13	LMG	I	305	-	-	27/50/70/70	0/1/1/1
15	UMQ	H	101	-	-	1/20/60/60	0/2/2/2
18	BCR	R	201	-	-	3/29/63/63	0/2/2/2
15	UMQ	P	101	-	-	1/20/60/60	0/2/2/2
13	LMG	A	305	-	-	27/50/70/70	0/1/1/1
10	HEM	A	301	1	-	1/14/54/54	-
14	CLA	J	201	19	-	17/39/115/115	-
11	HEC	A	303	1,19	1/1/3/7	7/14/54/54	-

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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
18	BCR	Q	201	-	-	3/29/63/63	0/2/2/2
16	SQD	D	201	-	-	20/49/69/69	0/1/1/1

The worst 5 of 86 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
11	C	301	HEC	C3D-C2D	7.99	1.53	1.36
11	K	301	HEC	C3D-C2D	7.98	1.53	1.36
11	A	303	HEC	C3D-C2D	7.97	1.53	1.36
11	I	303	HEC	C3D-C2D	7.97	1.53	1.36
12	A	304	A1H65	C12-C11	7.12	1.52	1.34

The worst 5 of 80 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
14	B	201	CLA	C4A-NA-C1A	6.27	109.53	106.71
14	J	201	CLA	C4A-NA-C1A	6.27	109.53	106.71
11	A	303	HEC	C1D-ND-C4D	6.26	111.54	105.07
11	I	303	HEC	C1D-ND-C4D	6.26	111.54	105.07
11	C	301	HEC	C1D-ND-C4D	6.16	111.44	105.07

All (4) chirality outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atom
11	A	303	HEC	NA
11	C	301	HEC	NA
11	I	303	HEC	NA
11	K	301	HEC	NA

5 of 202 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
12	A	304	A1H65	C09-C10-C11-C12
12	A	304	A1H65	C09-C10-C11-C19
12	I	304	A1H65	C09-C10-C11-C12
12	I	304	A1H65	C09-C10-C11-C19
13	A	305	LMG	O9-C10-O7-C8

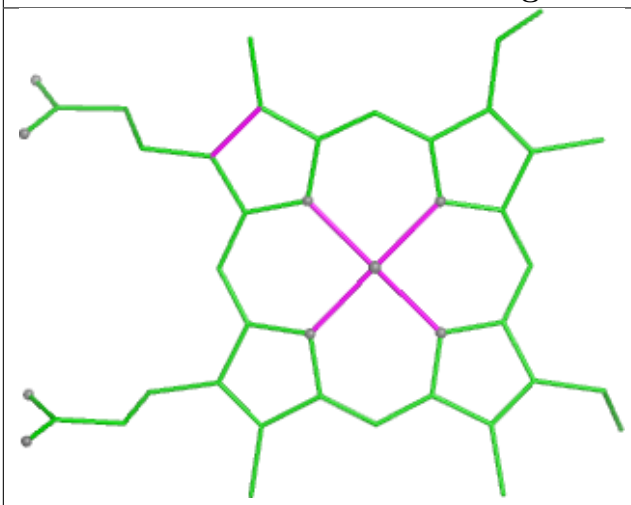
There are no ring outliers.

12 monomers are involved in 26 short contacts:

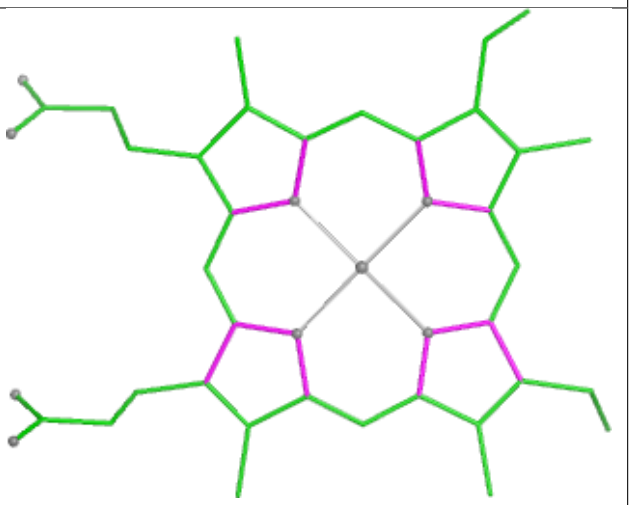
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
11	K	301	HEC	2	0
11	C	301	HEC	2	0
11	I	303	HEC	1	0
10	A	302	HEM	4	0
10	I	302	HEM	4	0
17	D	202	FES	1	0
10	I	301	HEM	4	0
17	L	202	FES	1	0
13	I	305	LMG	1	0
13	A	305	LMG	1	0
10	A	301	HEM	4	0
11	A	303	HEC	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.

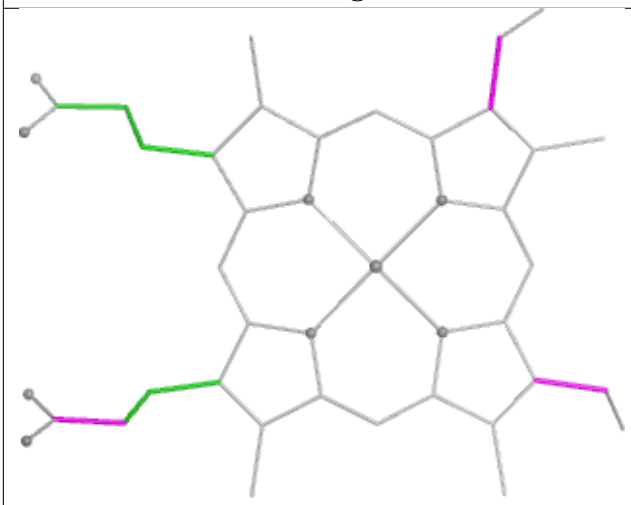
Ligand HEC K 301



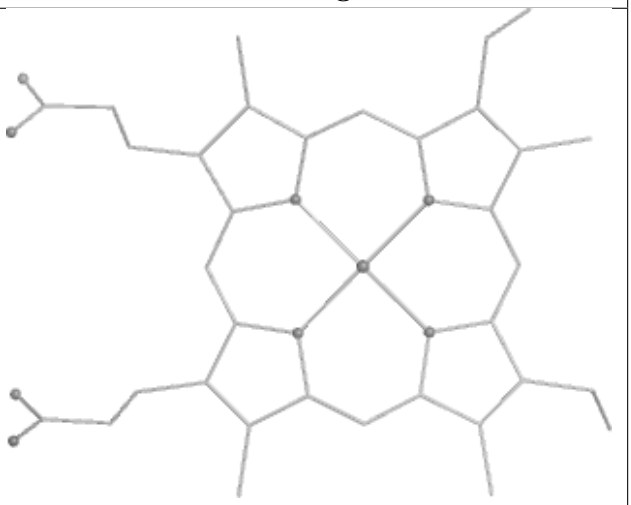
Bond lengths



Bond angles

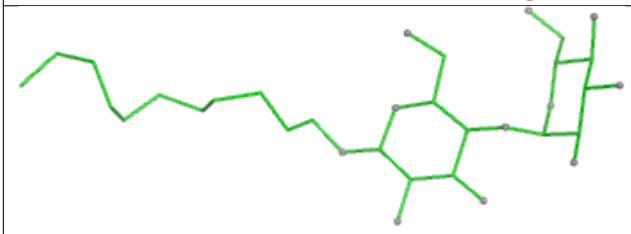


Torsions

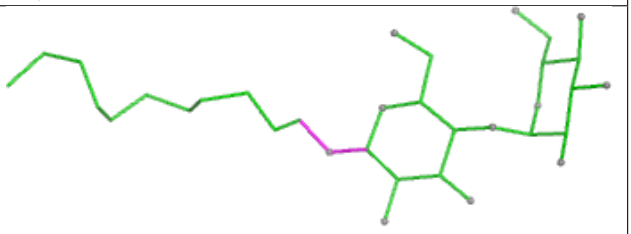


Rings

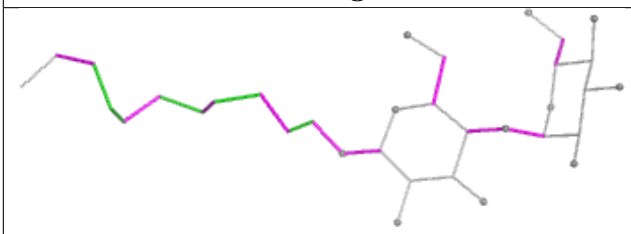
Ligand UMQ J 202



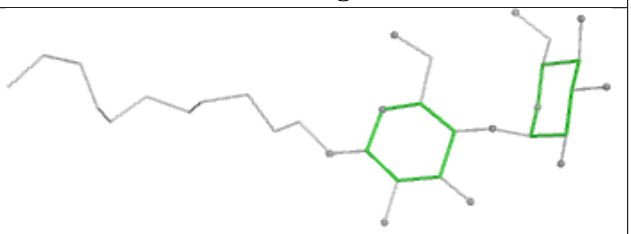
Bond lengths



Bond angles

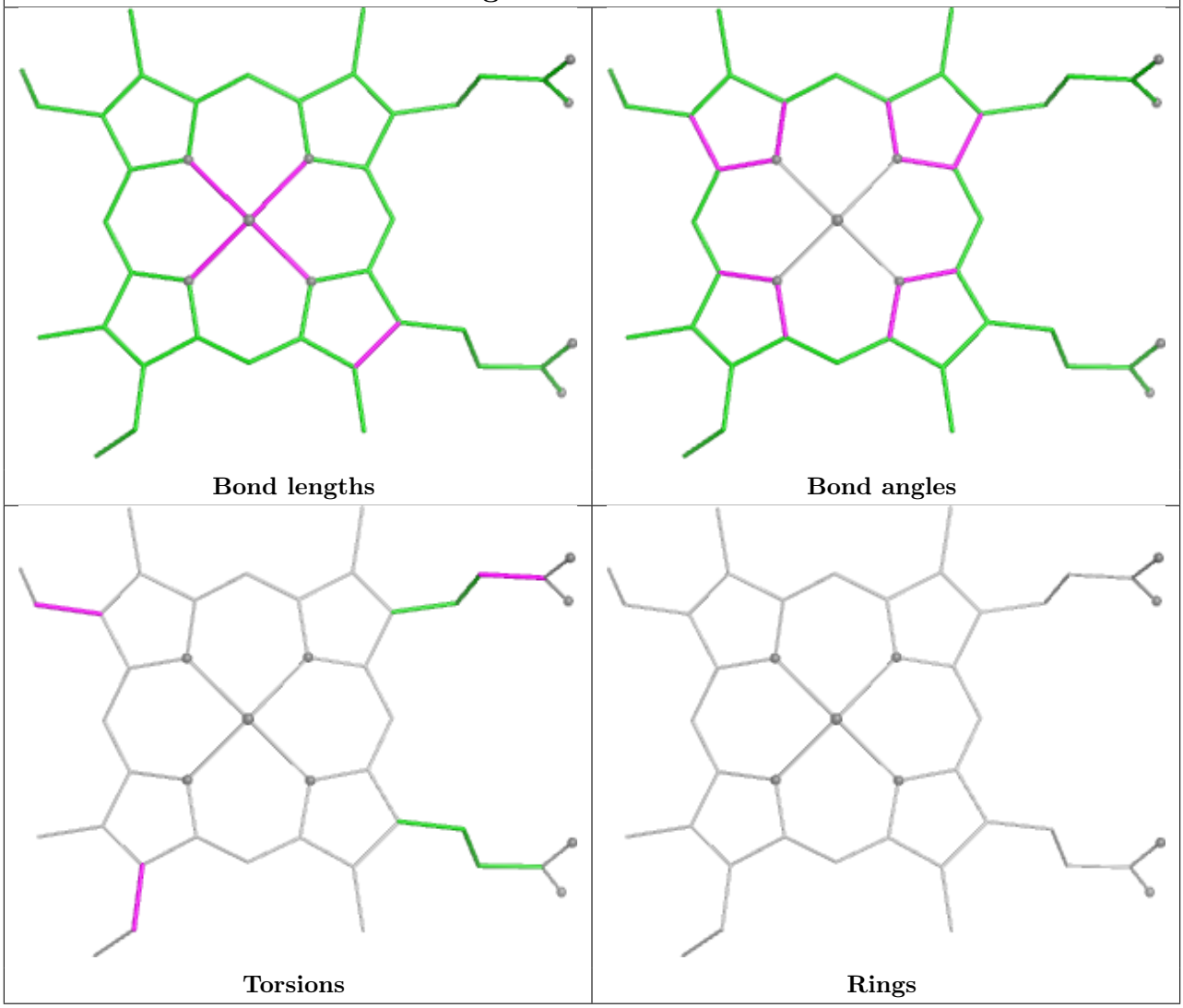


Torsions

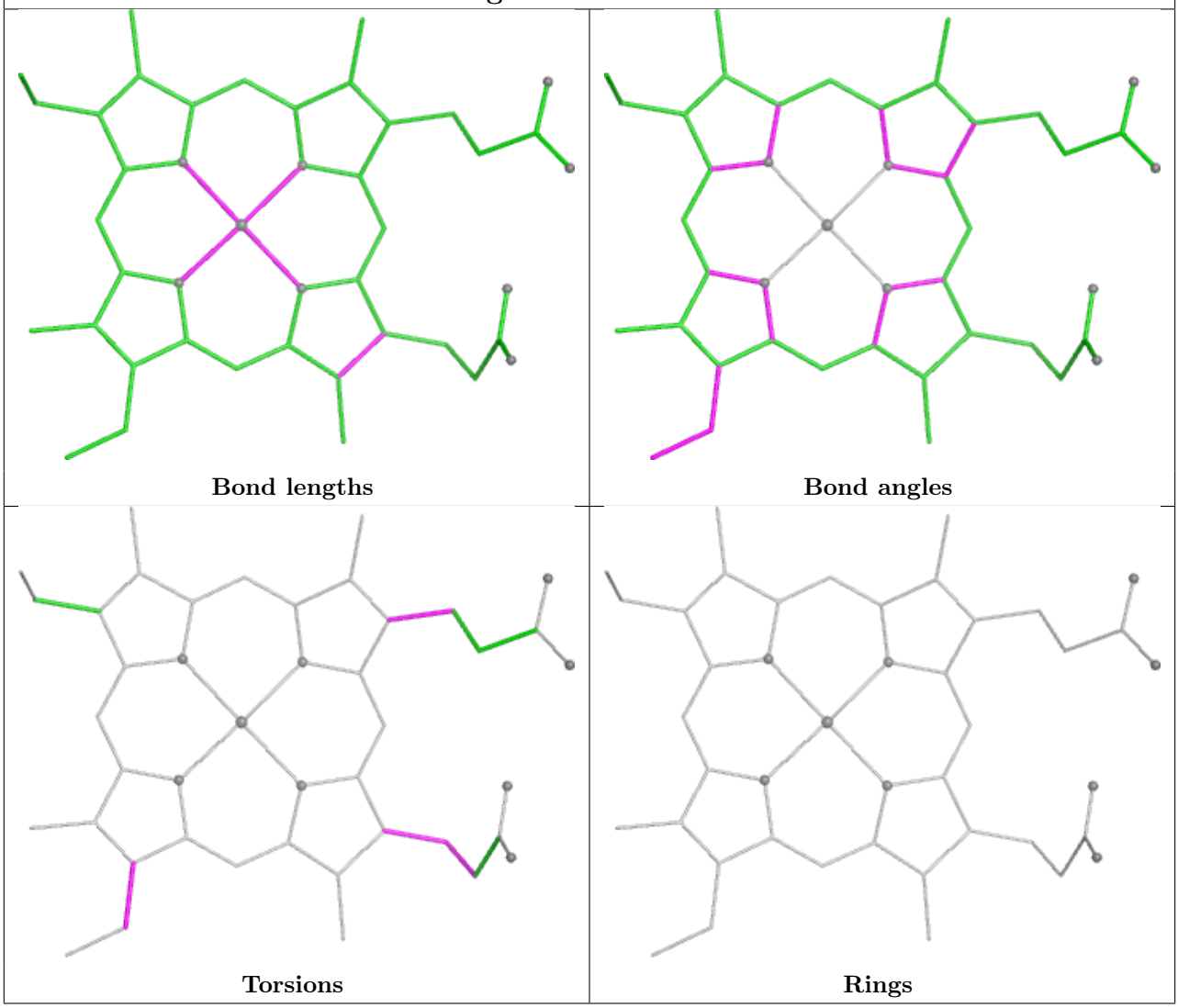


Rings

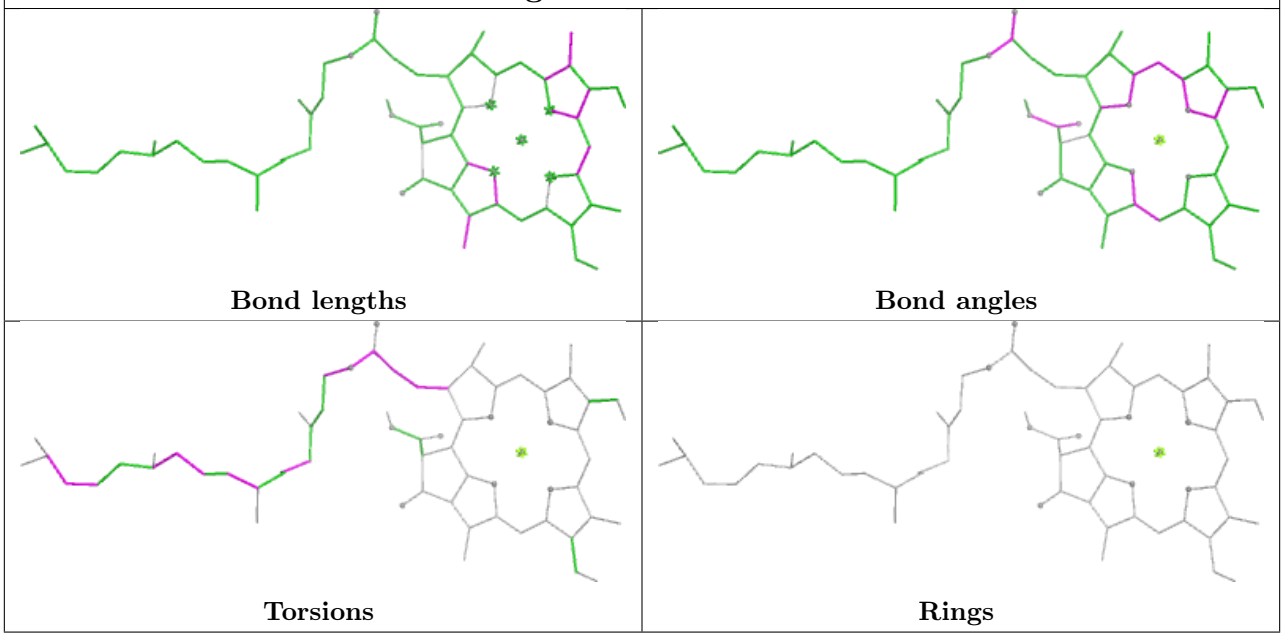
Ligand HEC C 301



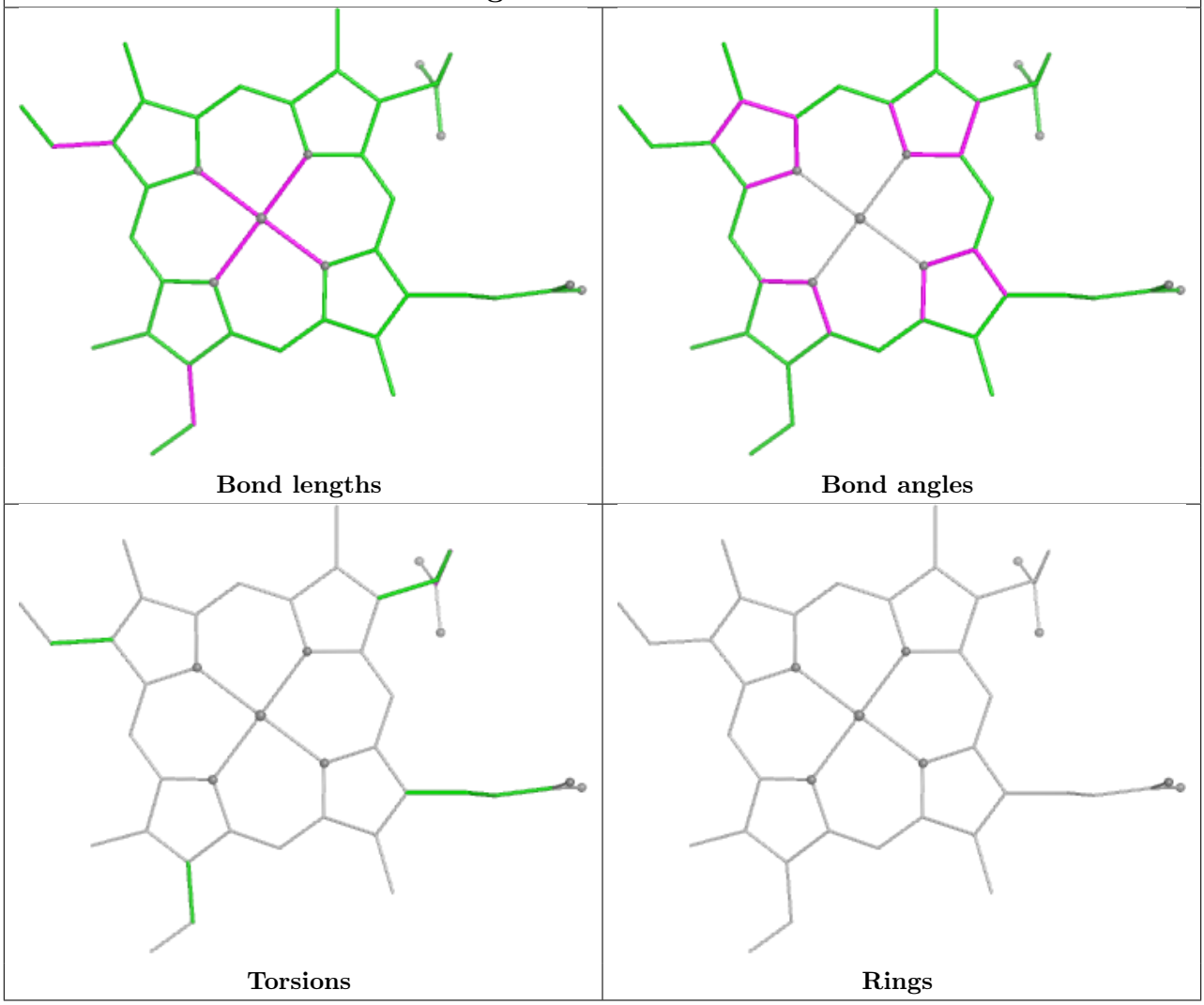
Ligand HEC I 303



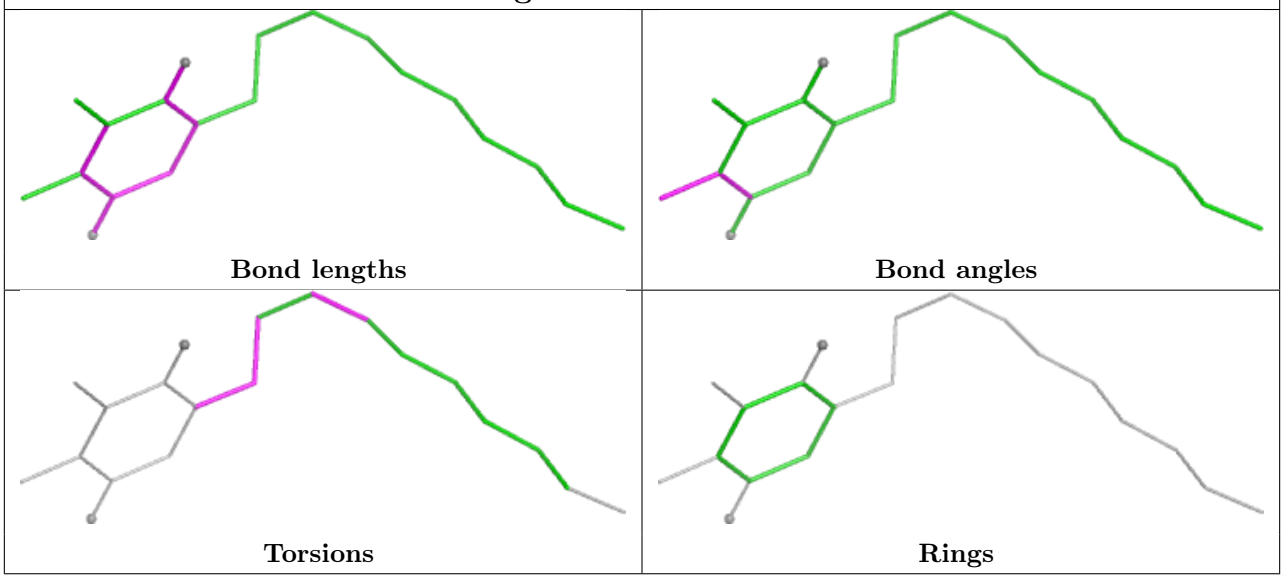
Ligand CLA B 201

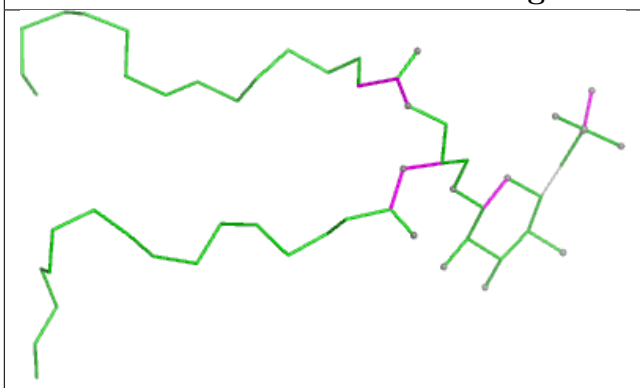
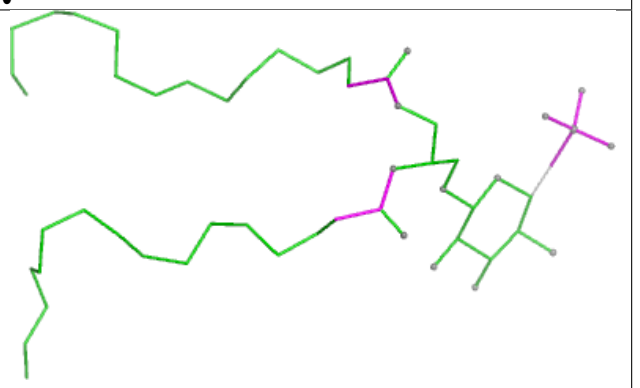
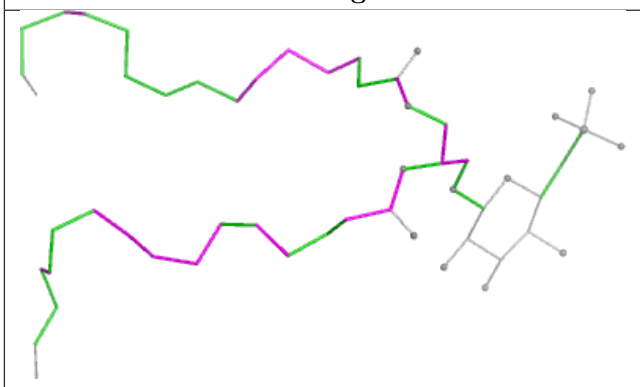
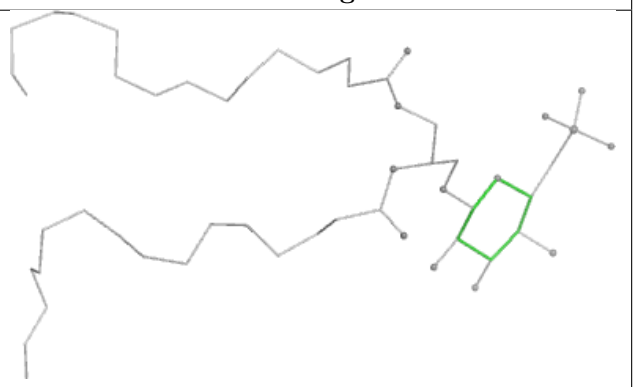


Ligand HEM A 302

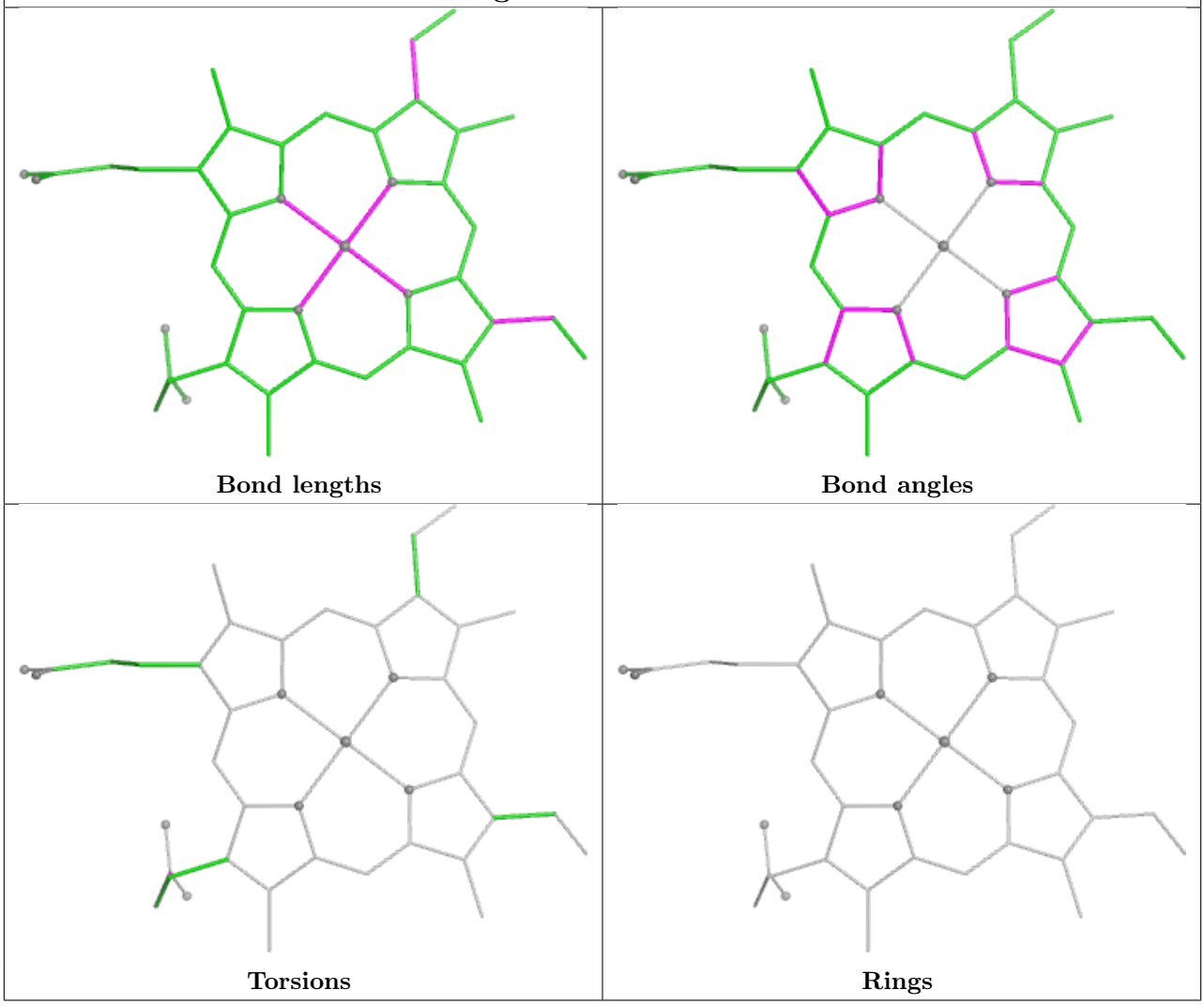


Ligand A1H65 I 304

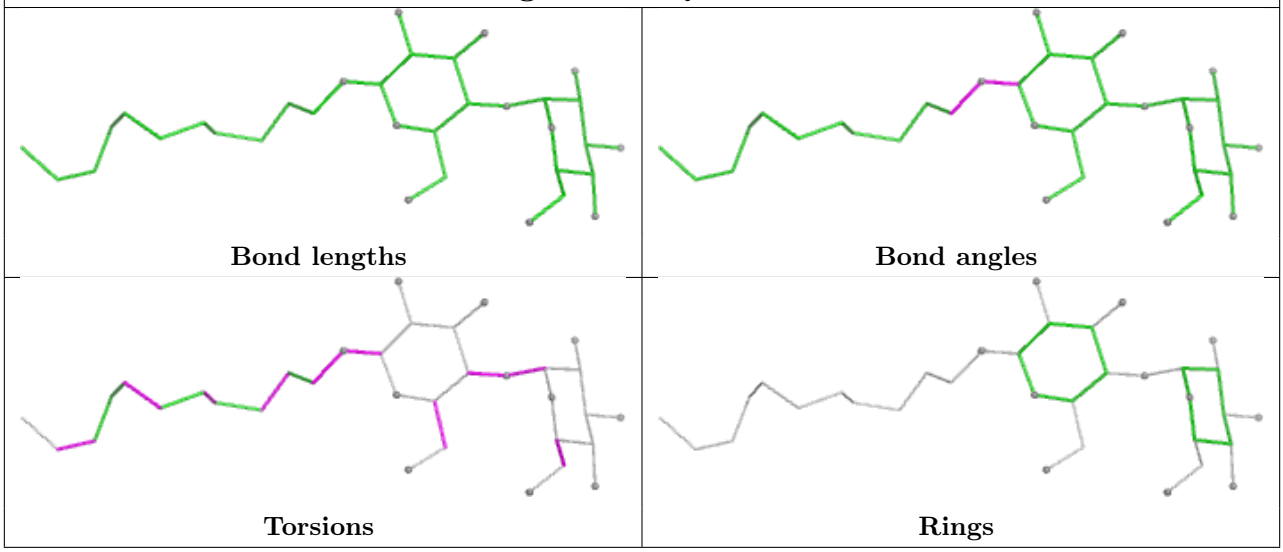


Ligand SQD L 201	
 Bond lengths	 Bond angles
 Torsions	 Rings

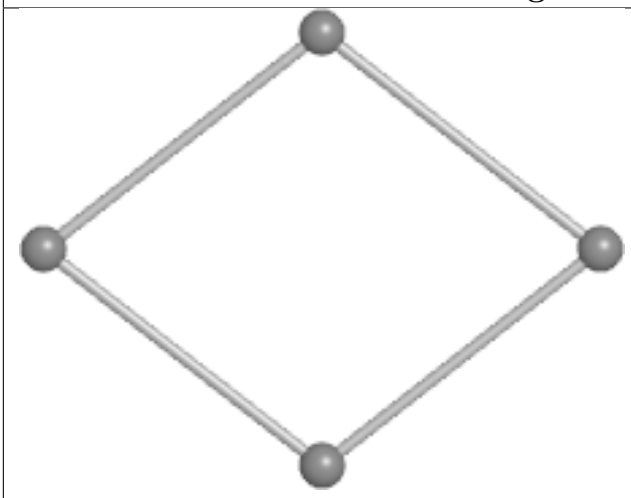
Ligand HEM I 302



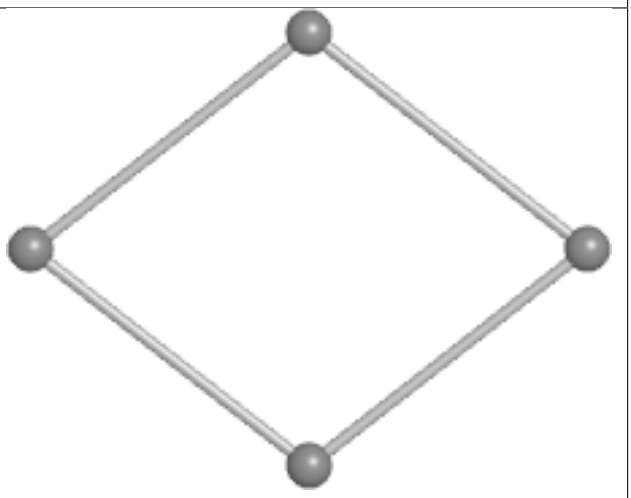
Ligand UMQ B 202



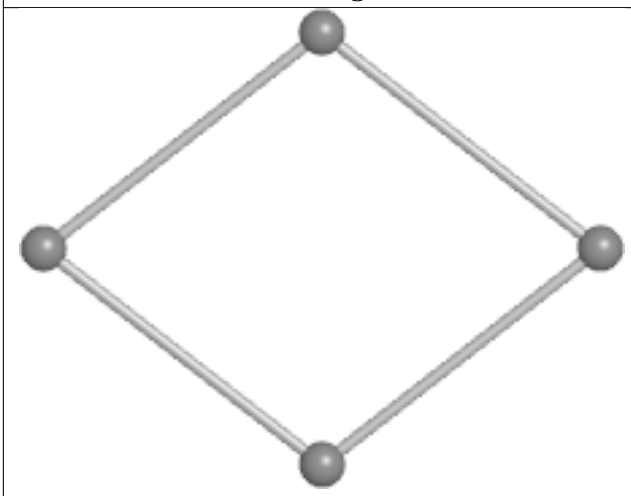
Ligand FES D 202



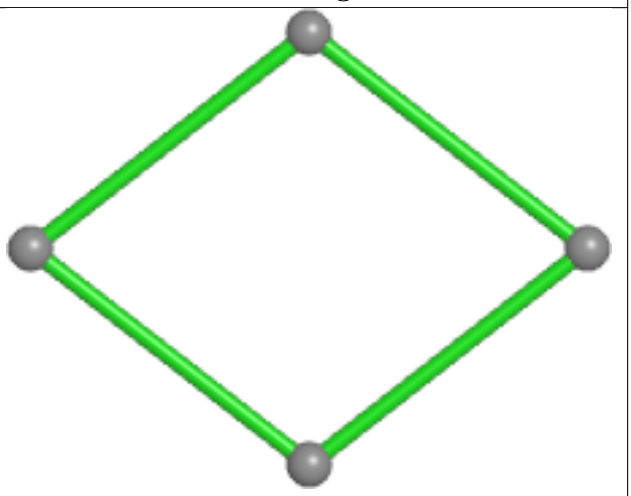
Bond lengths



Bond angles

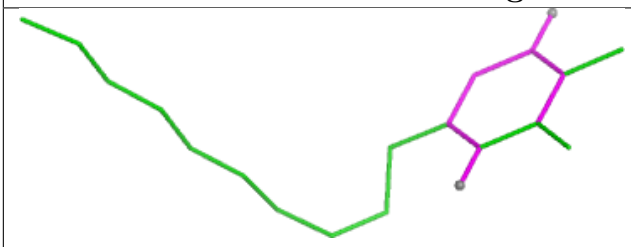


Torsions

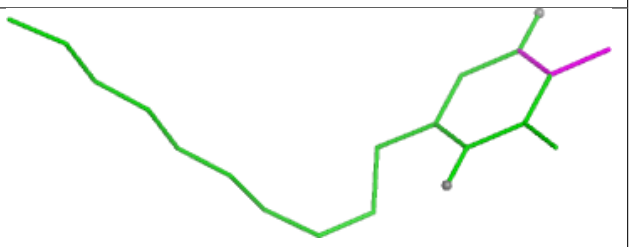


Rings

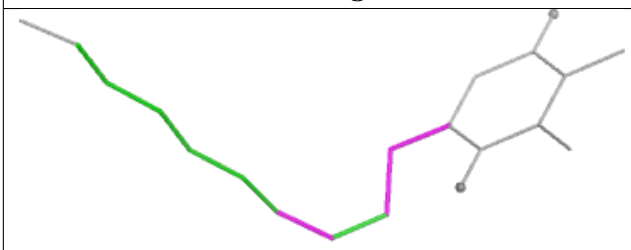
Ligand A1H65 A 304



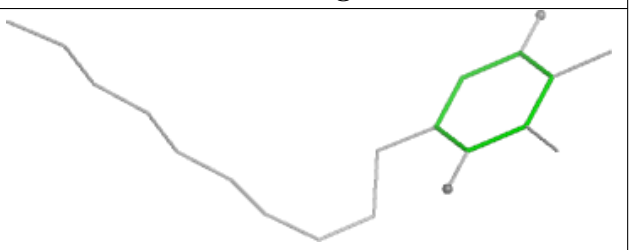
Bond lengths



Bond angles

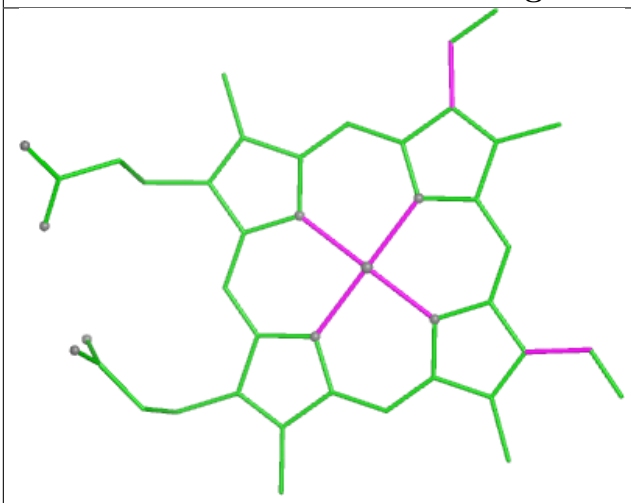


Torsions

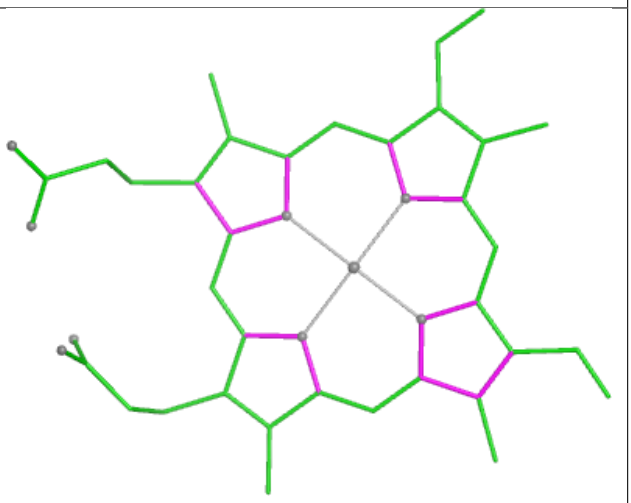


Rings

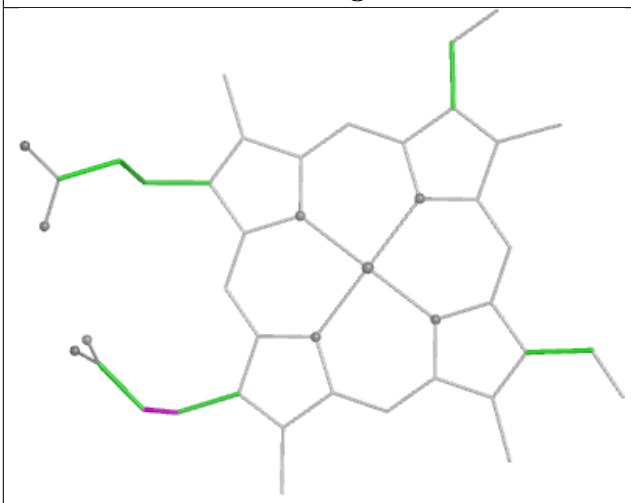
Ligand HEM I 301



Bond lengths



Bond angles



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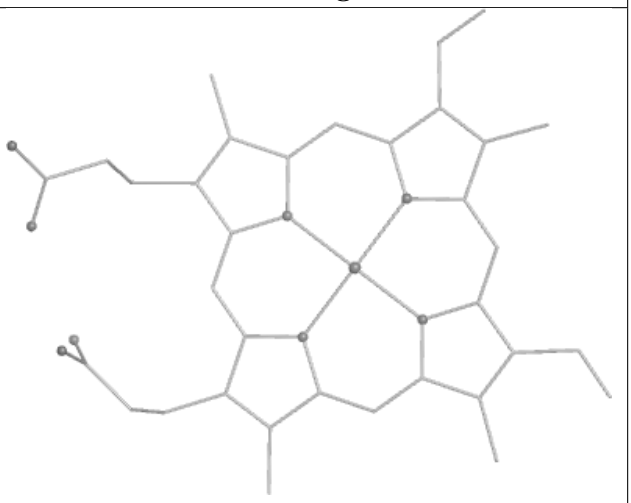
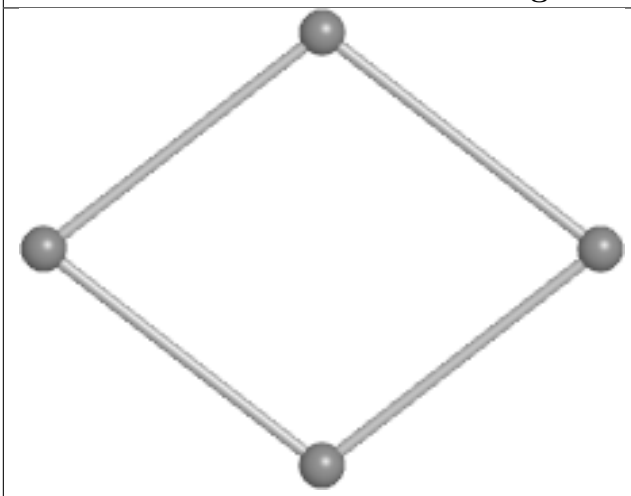
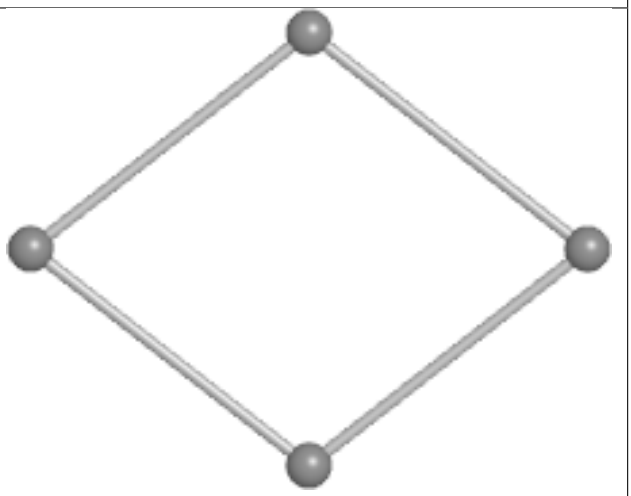


Rings

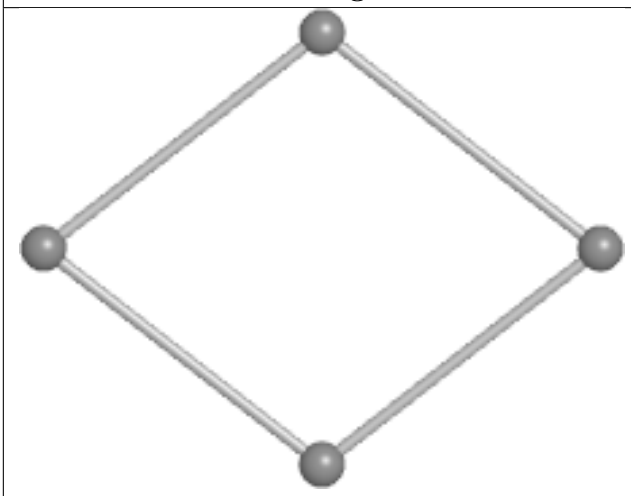
Ligand FES L 202



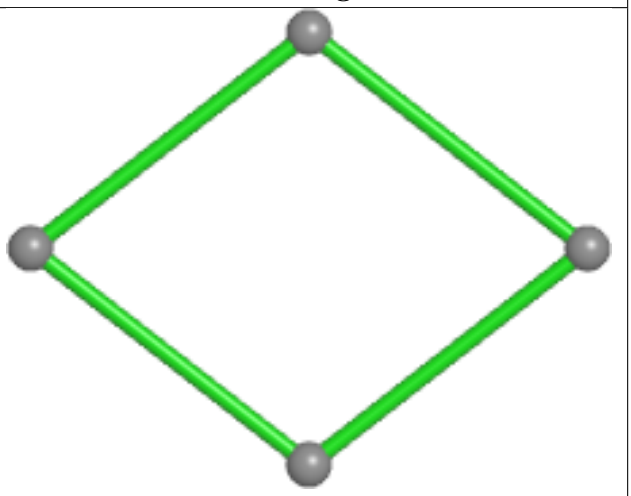
Bond lengths



Bond angles

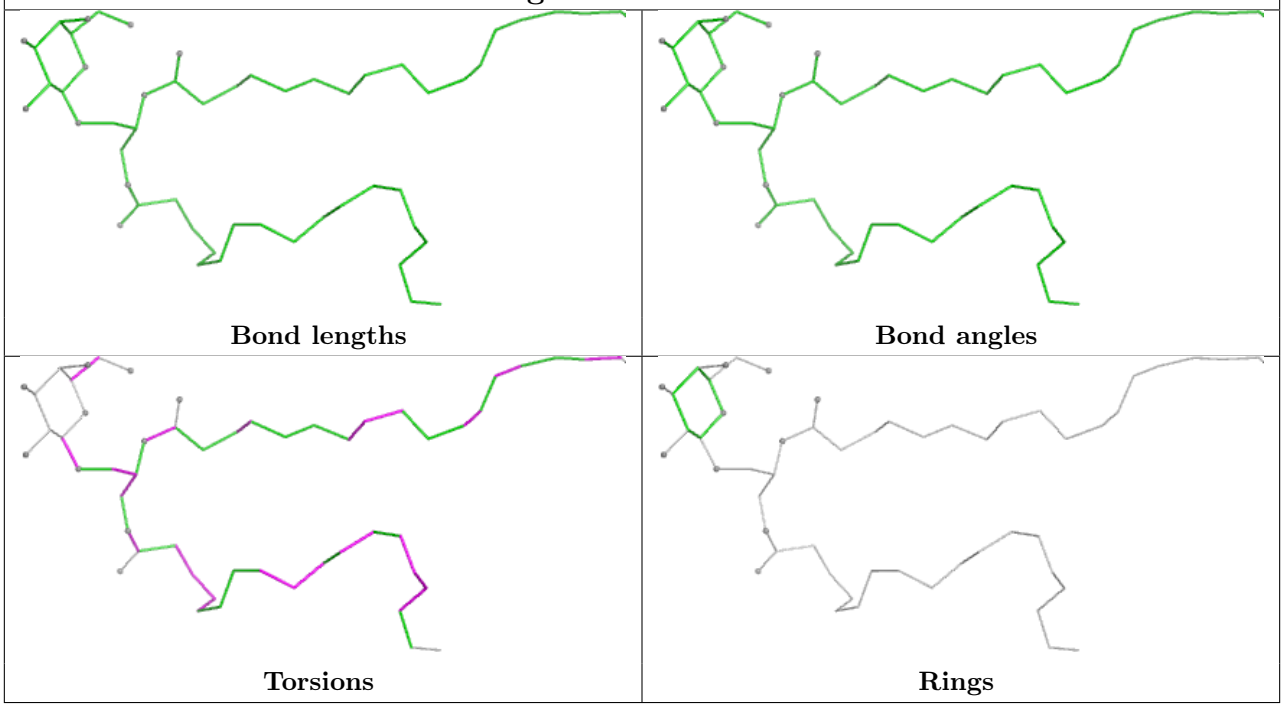


Torsions

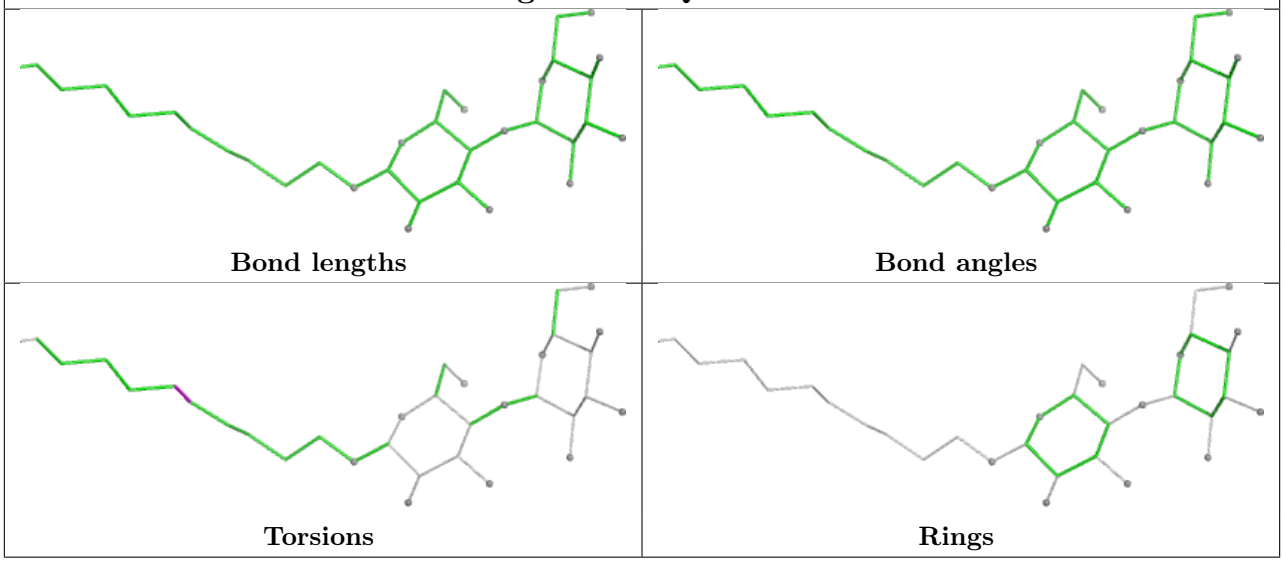


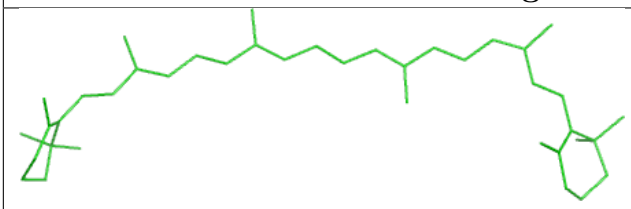
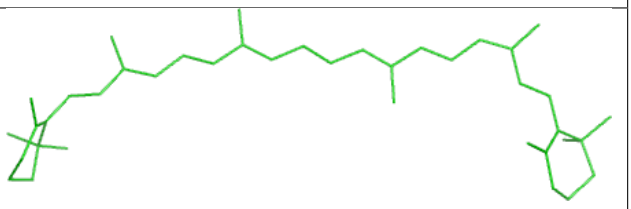
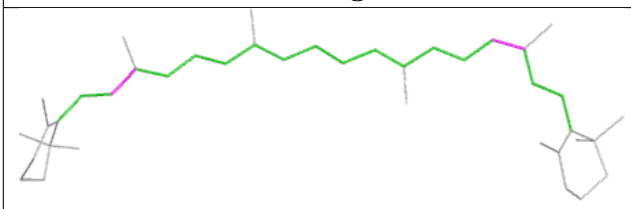
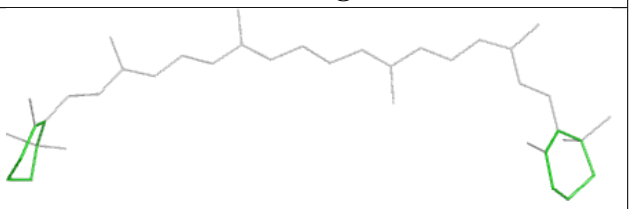
Rings

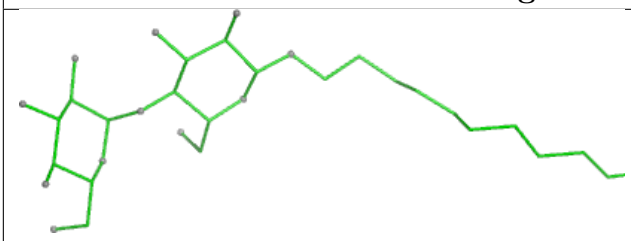
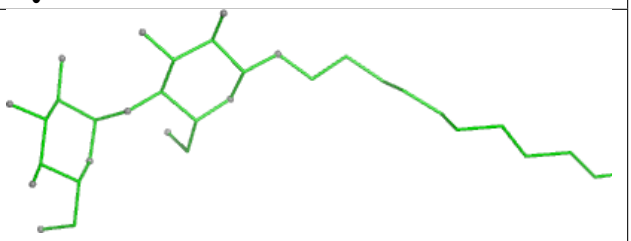
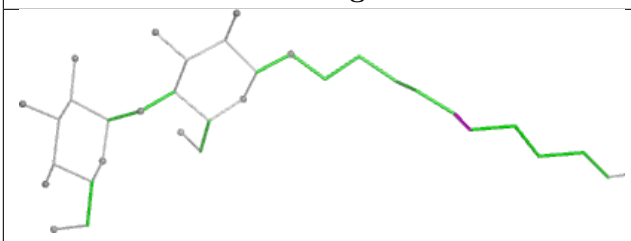
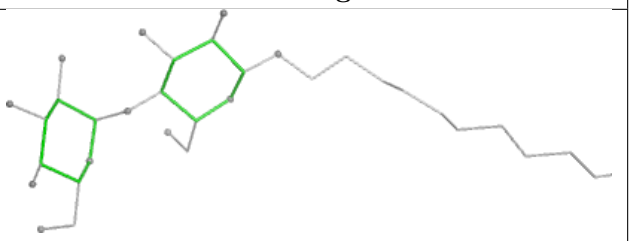
Ligand LMG I 305



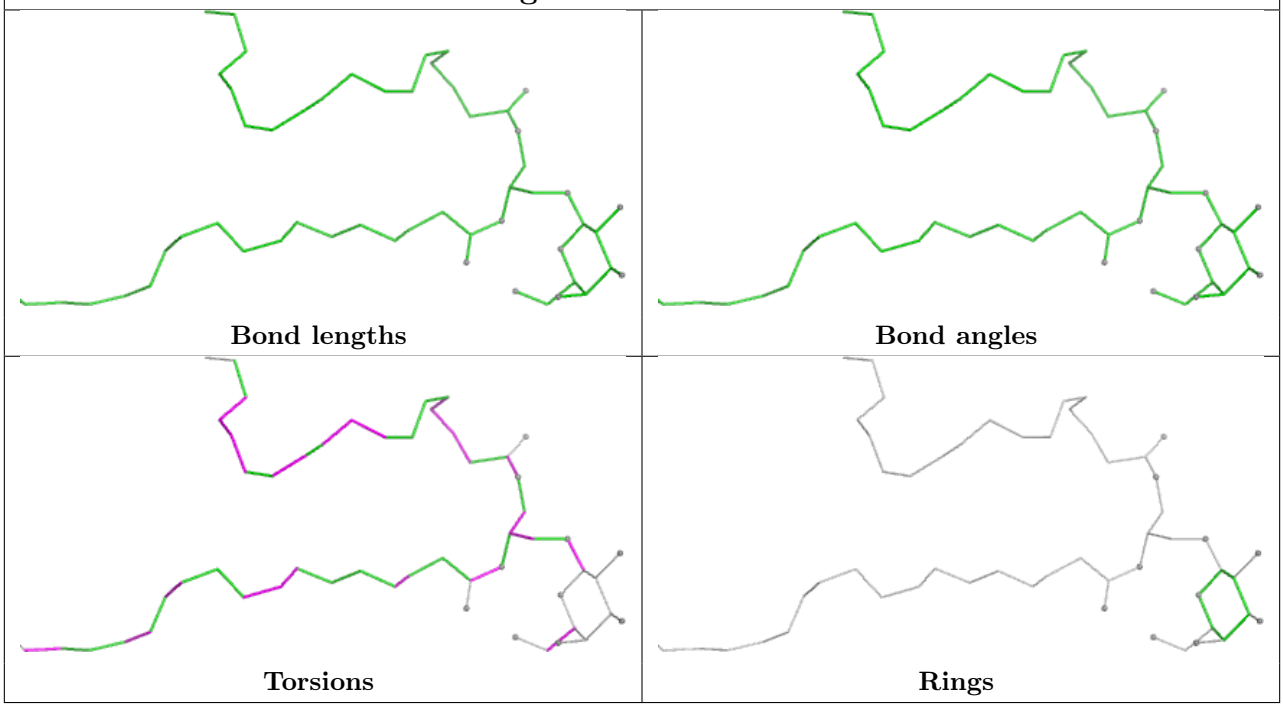
Ligand UMQ H 101



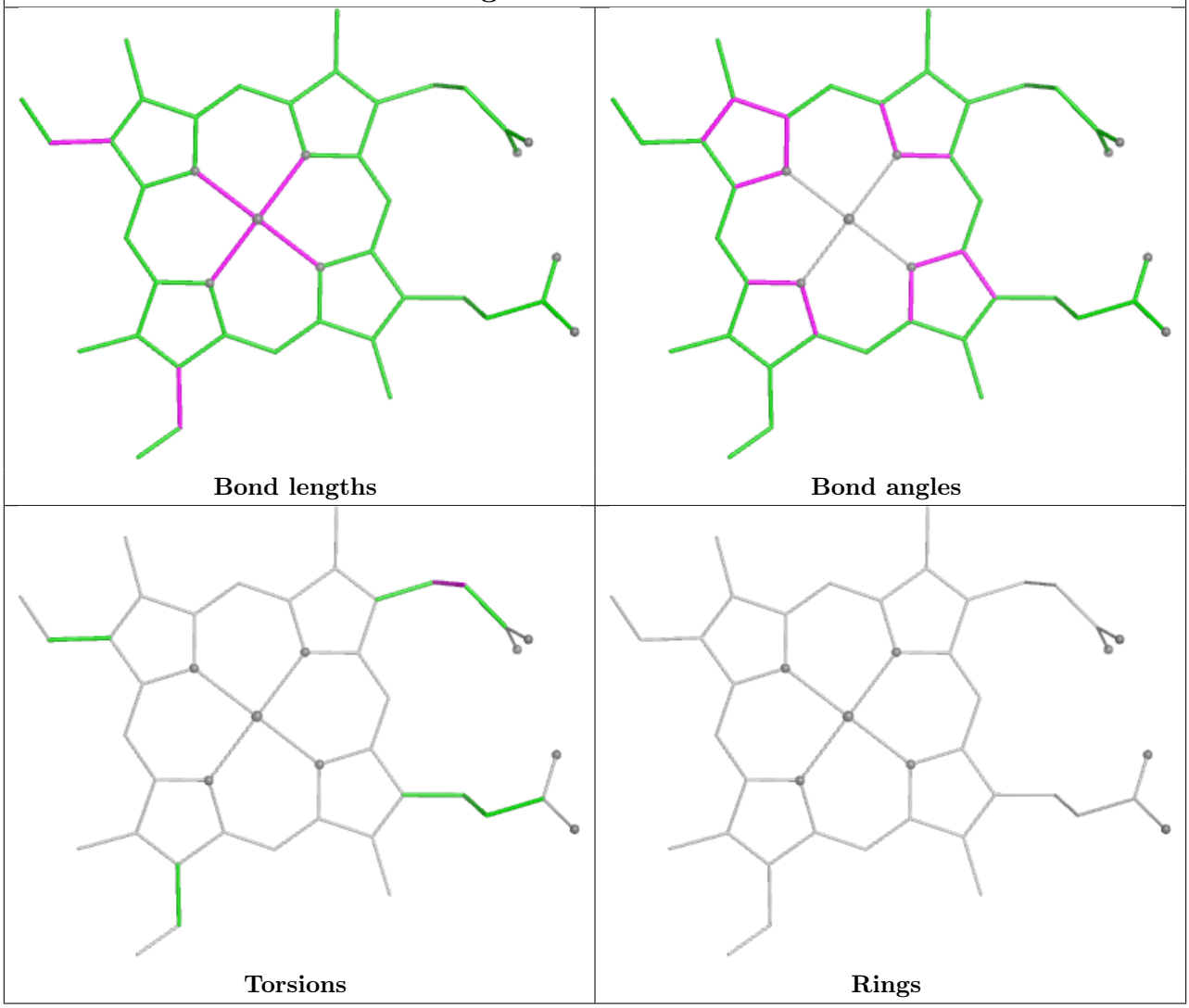
Ligand BCR R 201	
 Bond lengths	 Bond angles
 Torsions	 Rings

Ligand UMQ P 101	
 Bond lengths	 Bond angles
 Torsions	 Rings

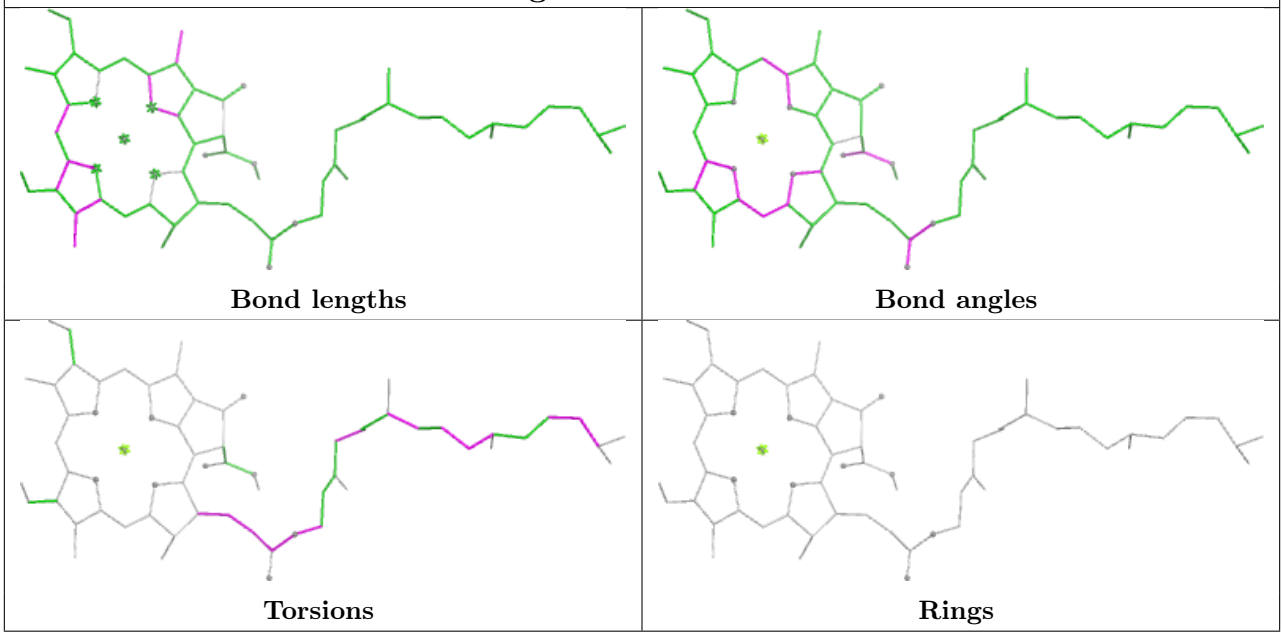
Ligand LMG A 305



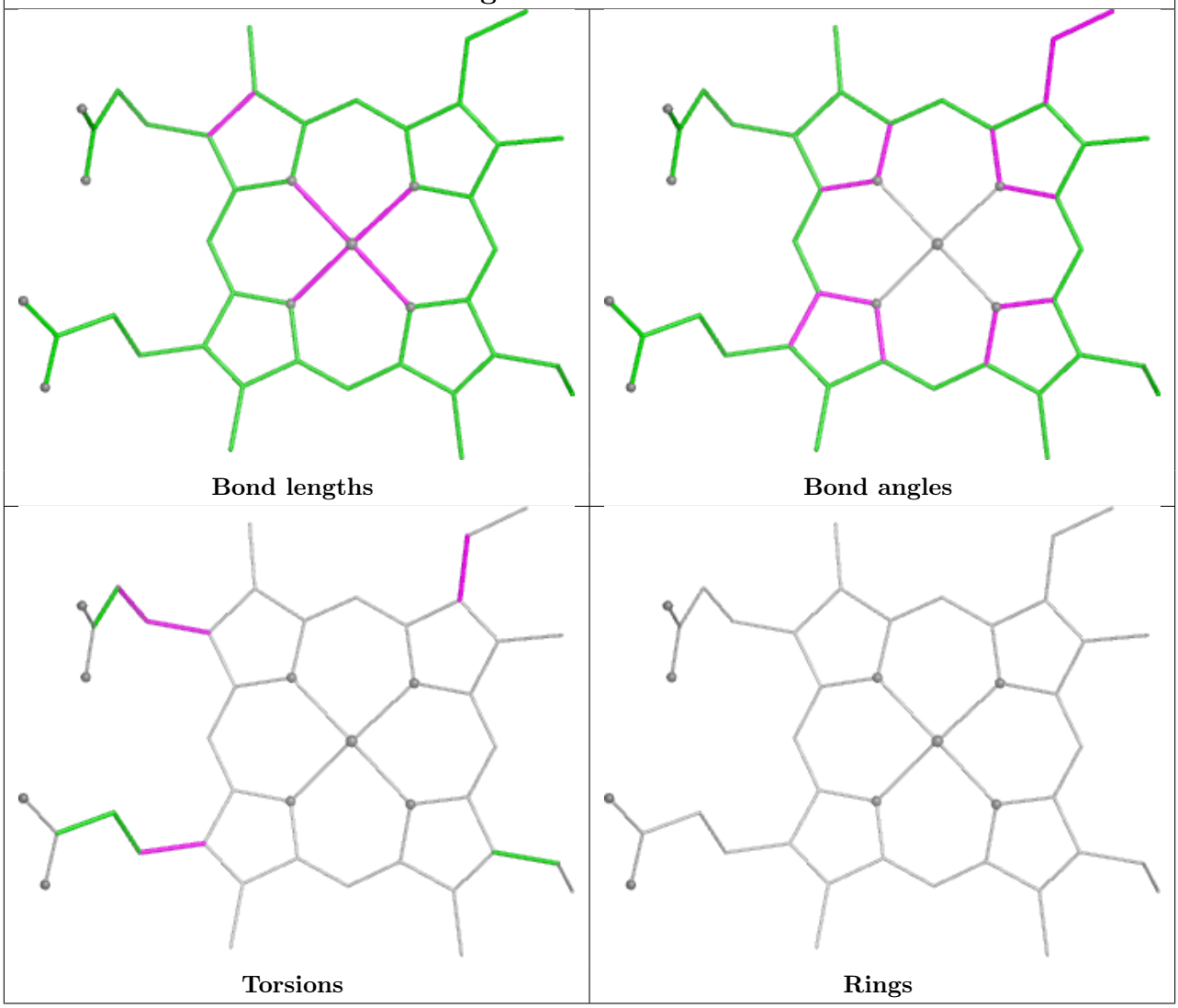
Ligand HEM A 301



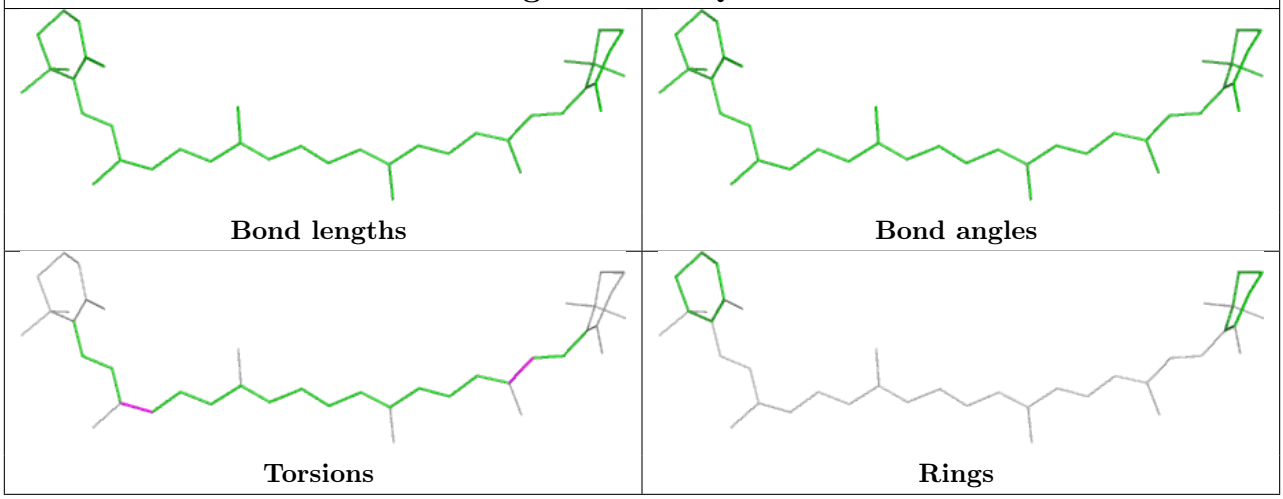
Ligand CLA J 201

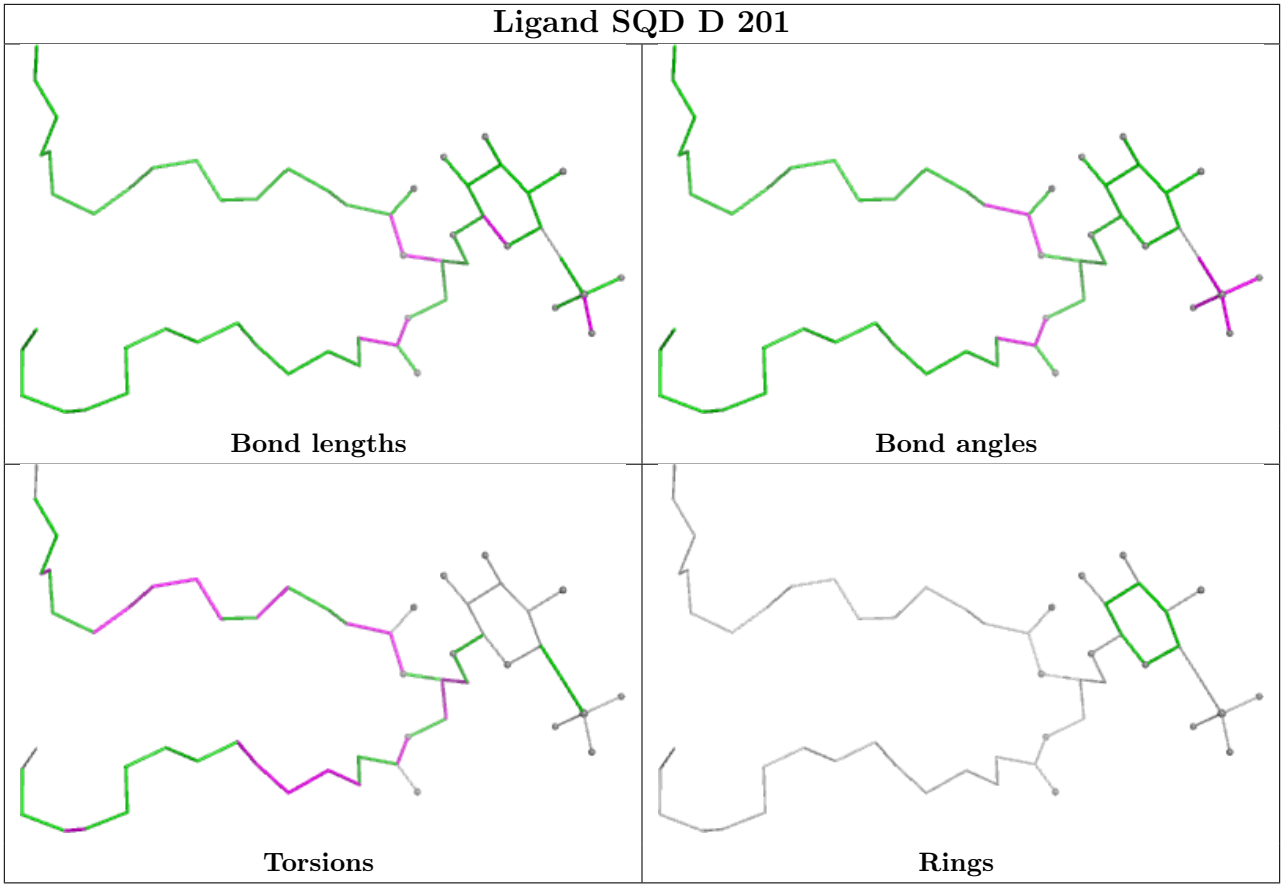


Ligand HEC A 303



Ligand BCR Q 201





5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

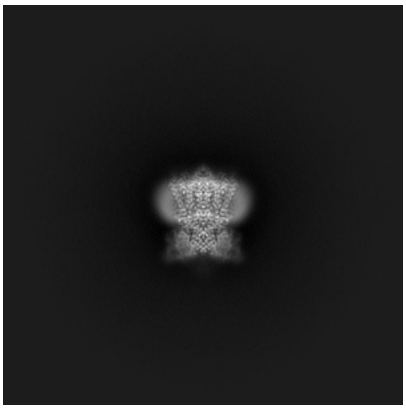
6 Map visualisation (i)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-19939. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

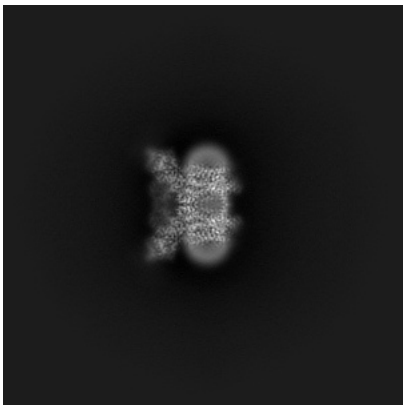
Images derived from a raw map, generated by summing the deposited half-maps, are presented below the corresponding image components of the primary map to allow further visual inspection and comparison with those of the primary map.

6.1 Orthogonal projections (i)

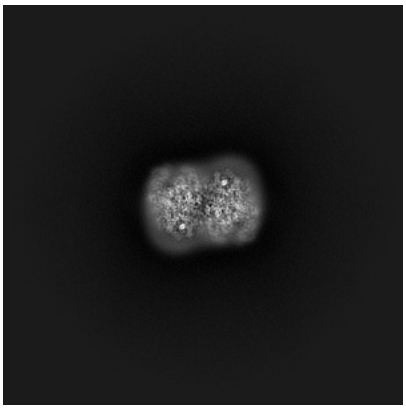
6.1.1 Primary map



X

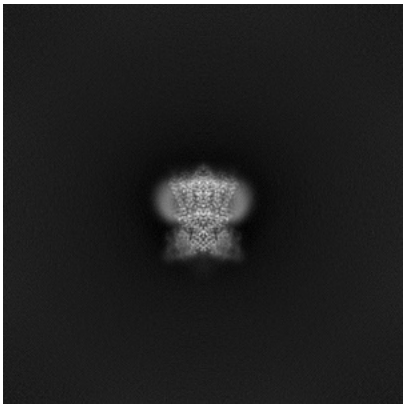


Y

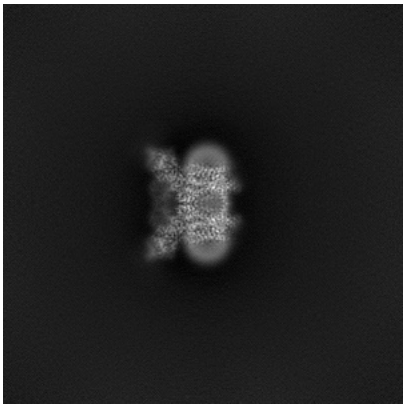


Z

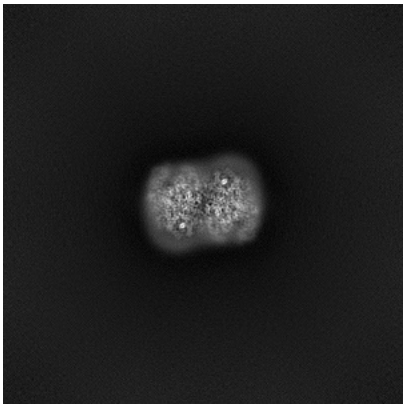
6.1.2 Raw map



X



Y

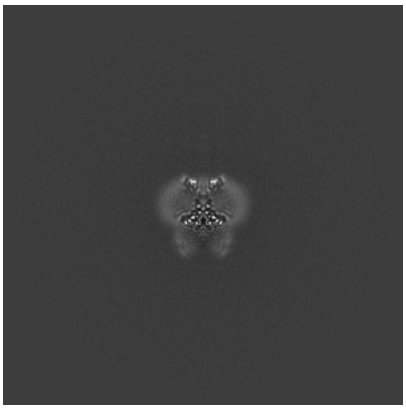


Z

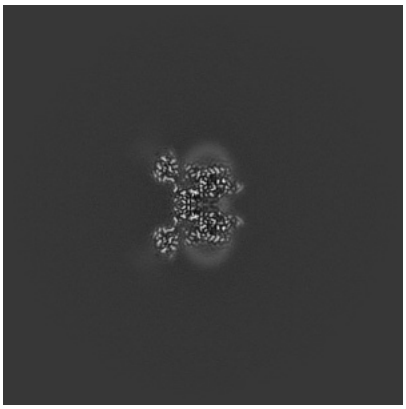
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices (i)

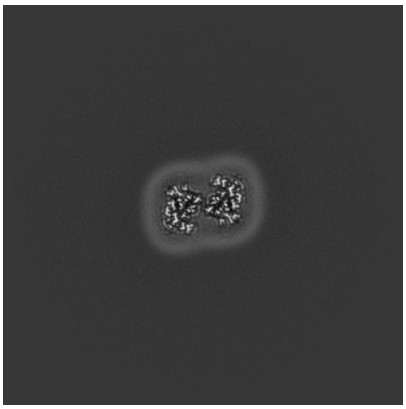
6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 256

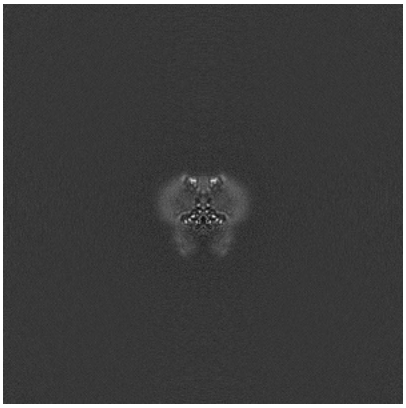


Y Index: 256

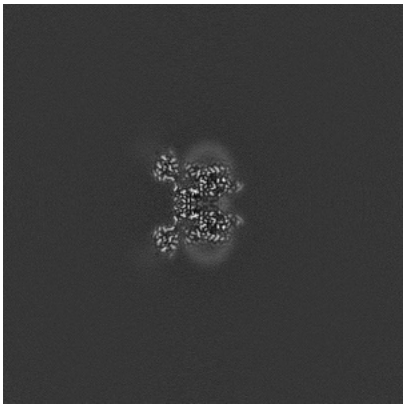


Z Index: 256

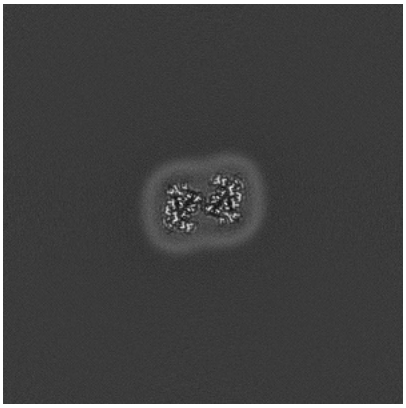
6.2.2 Raw map



X Index: 256



Y Index: 256

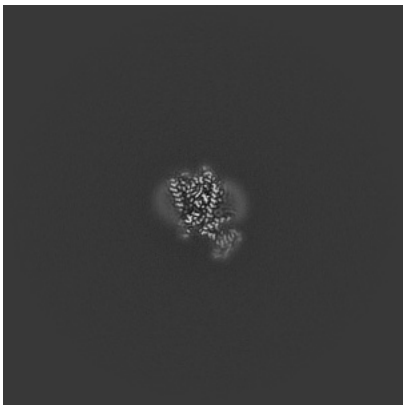


Z Index: 256

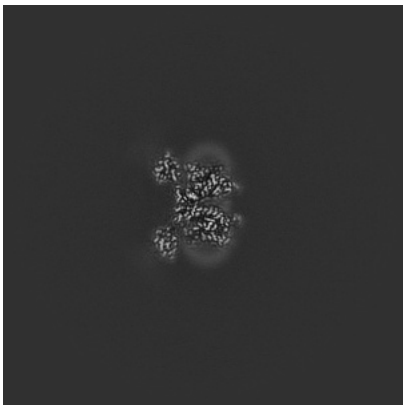
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices (i)

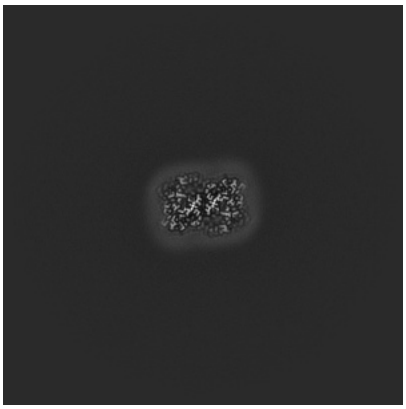
6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 237

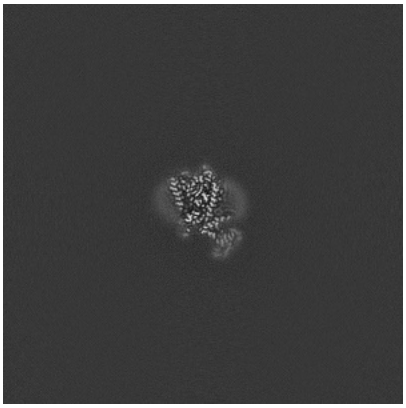


Y Index: 259

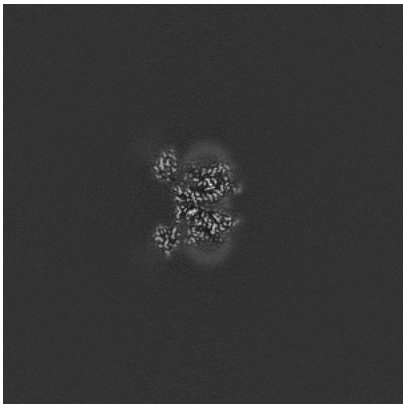


Z Index: 243

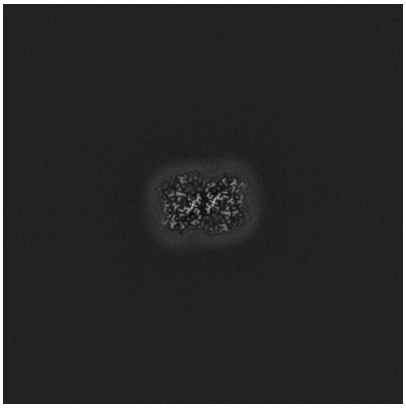
6.3.2 Raw map



X Index: 237



Y Index: 253

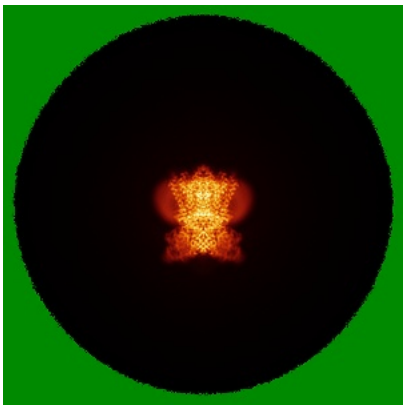


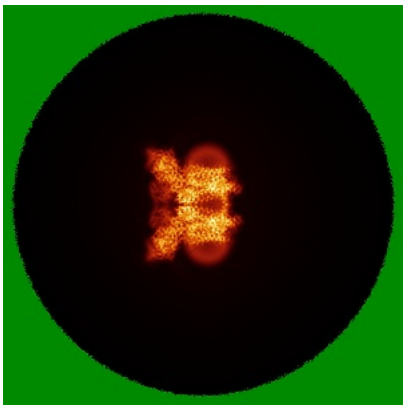
Z Index: 243

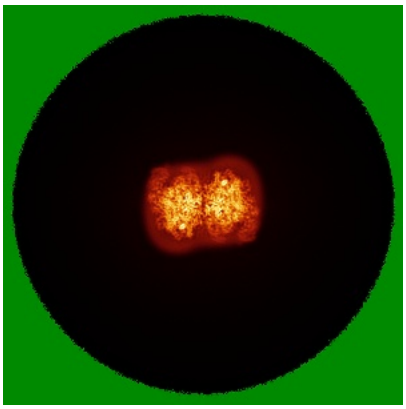
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) (i)

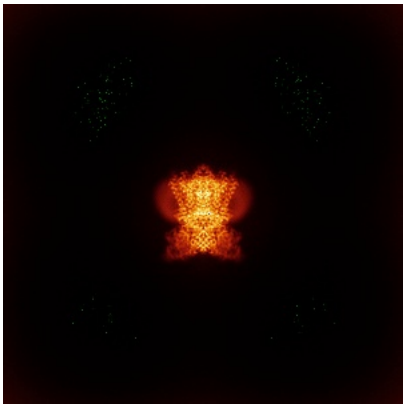
6.4.1 Primary map

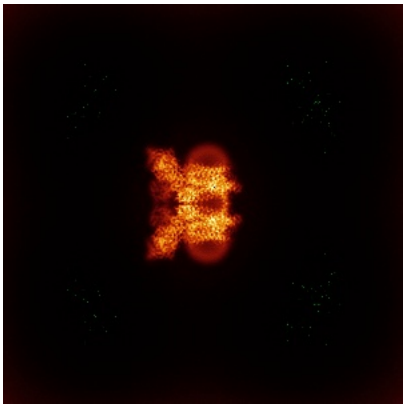

X

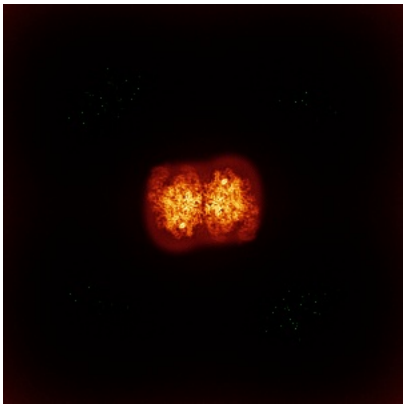

Y


Z

6.4.2 Raw map


X

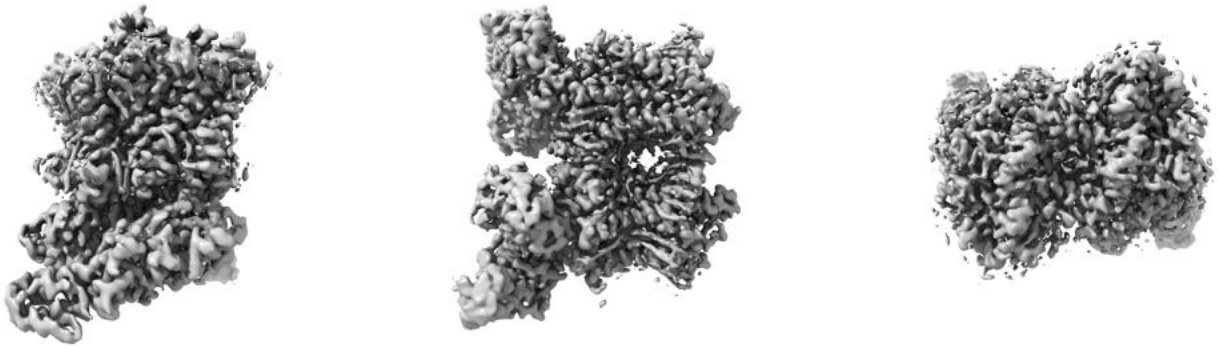

Y


Z

The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

6.5 Orthogonal surface views (i)

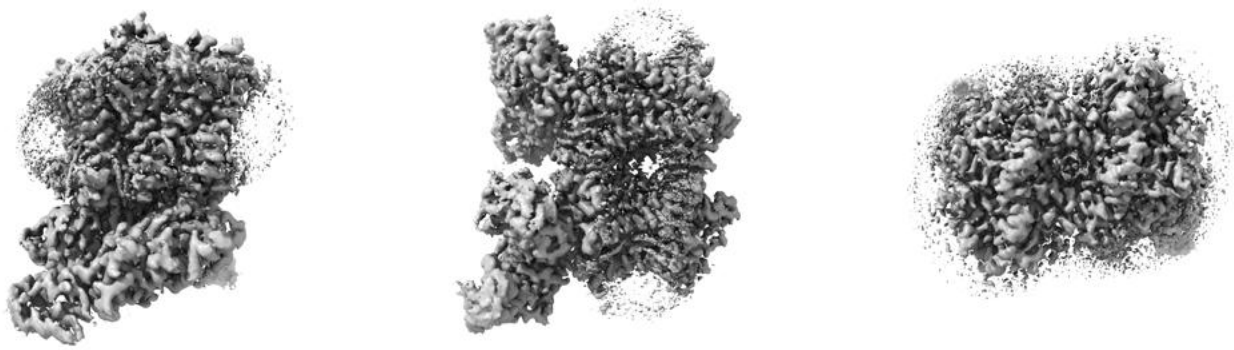
6.5.1 Primary map



X Y Z

The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.04. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

6.5.2 Raw map



X Y Z

These images show the 3D surface of the raw map. The raw map's contour level was selected so that its surface encloses the same volume as the primary map does at its recommended contour level.

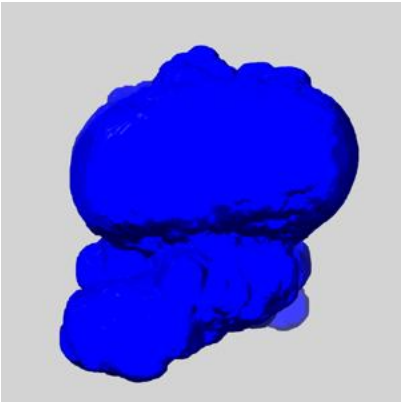
6.6 Mask visualisation (i)

This section shows the 3D surface view of the primary map at 50% transparency overlaid with the specified mask at 0% transparency

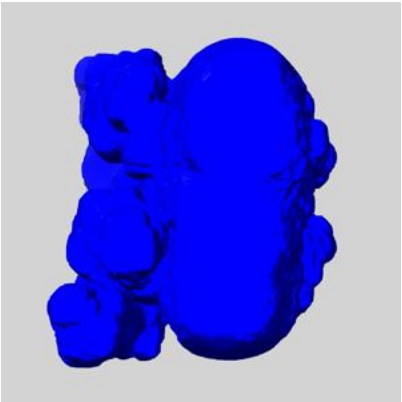
A mask typically either:

- Encompasses the whole structure
- Separates out a domain, a functional unit, a monomer or an area of interest from a larger structure

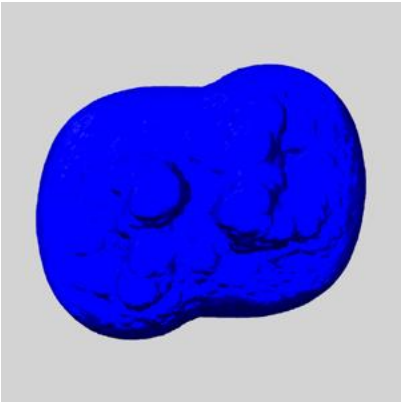
6.6.1 emd_19939_msk_2.map (i)



X

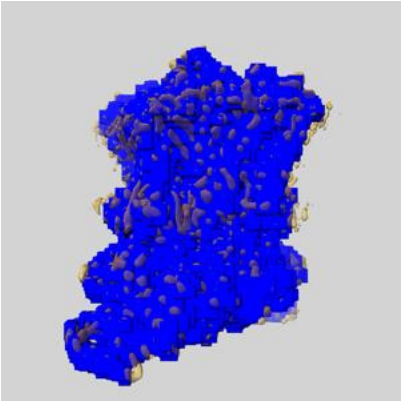


Y

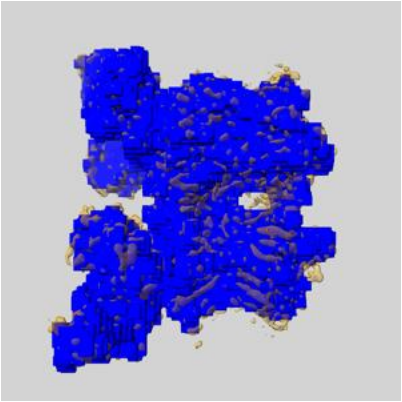


Z

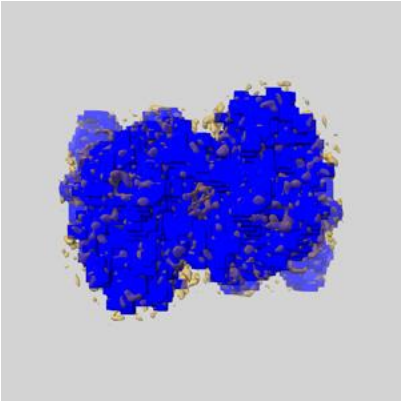
6.6.2 emd_19939_msk_1.map (i)



X



Y

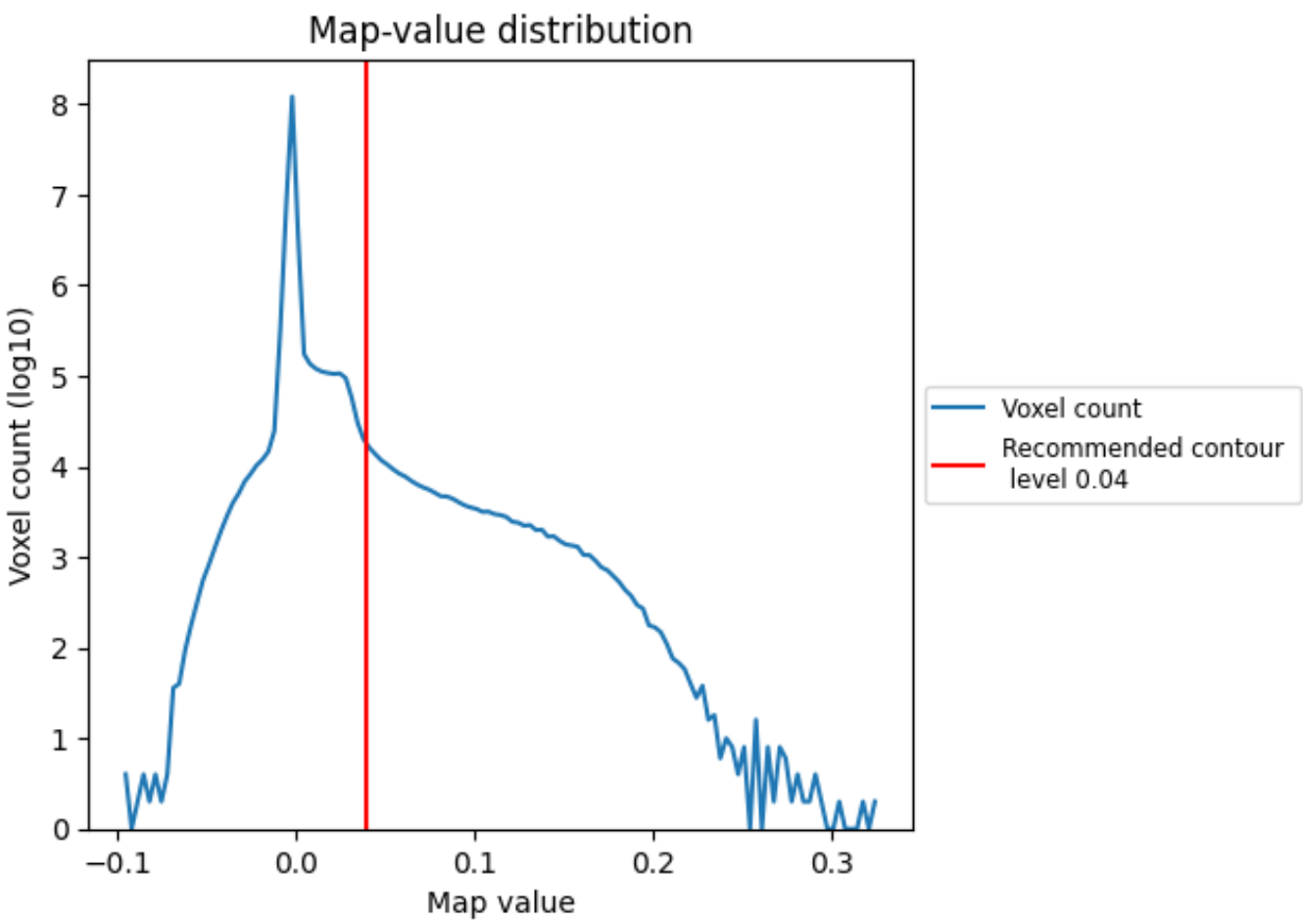


Z

7 Map analysis (i)

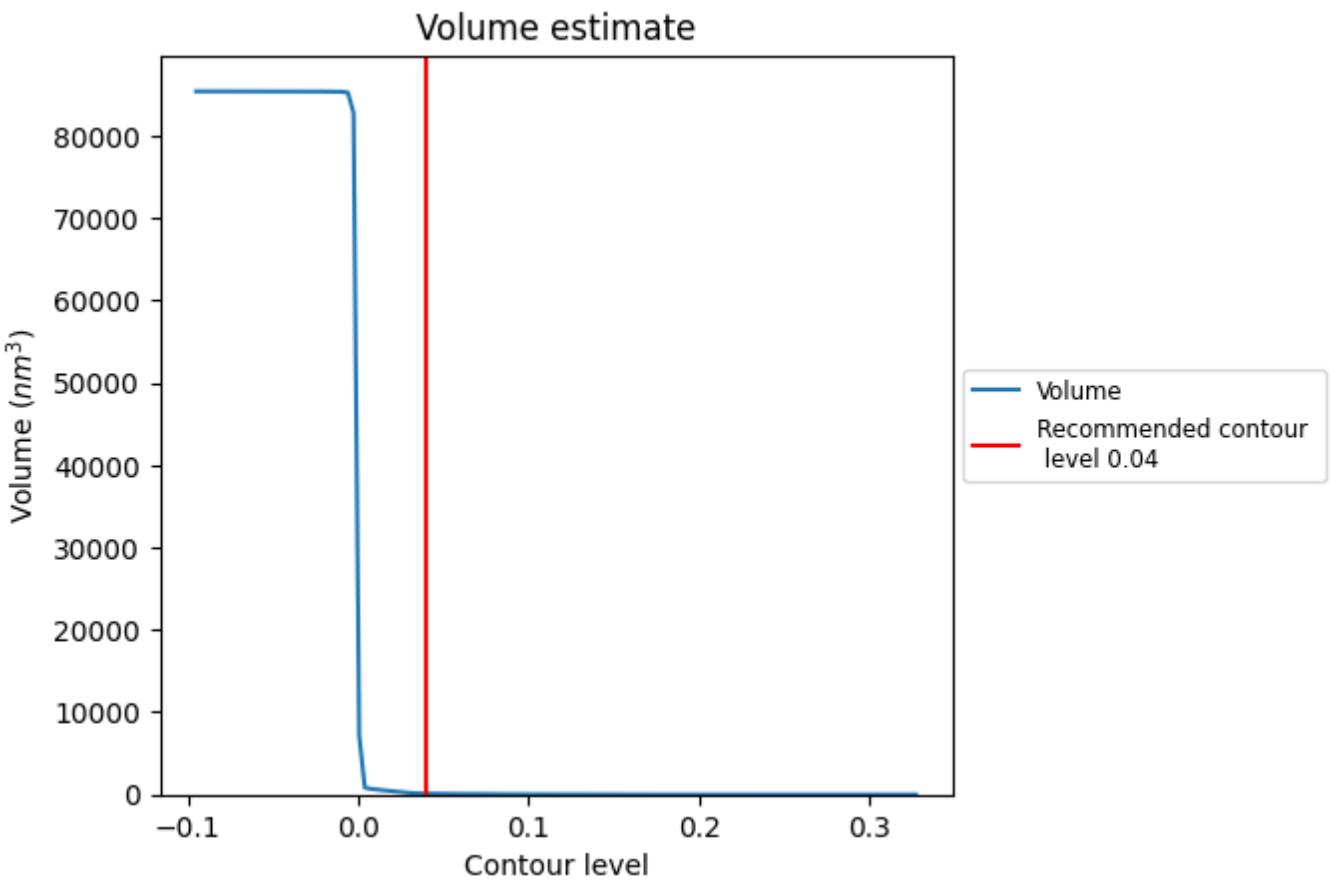
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution (i)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

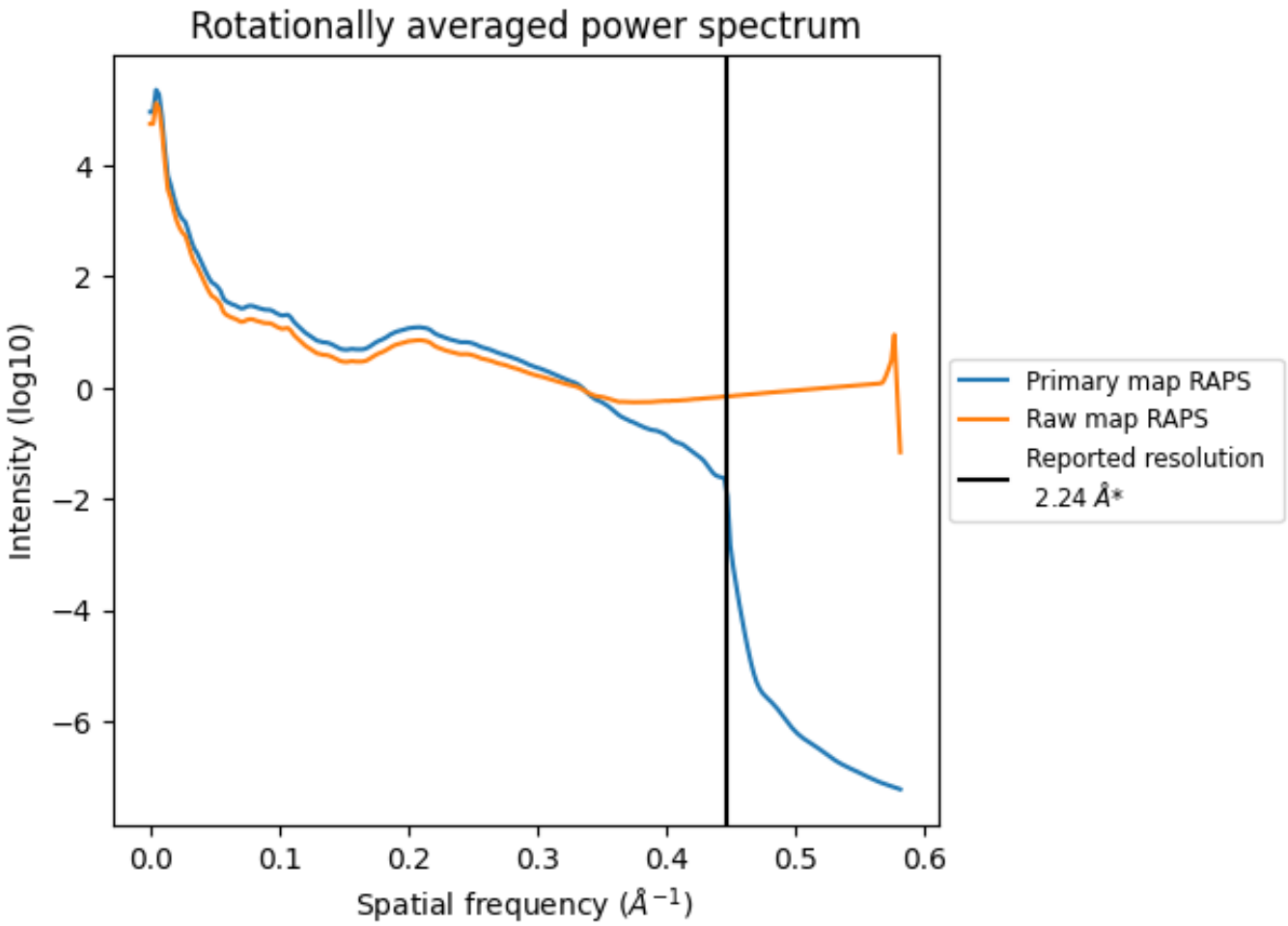
7.2 Volume estimate (i)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 120 nm^3; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 108 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum (i)

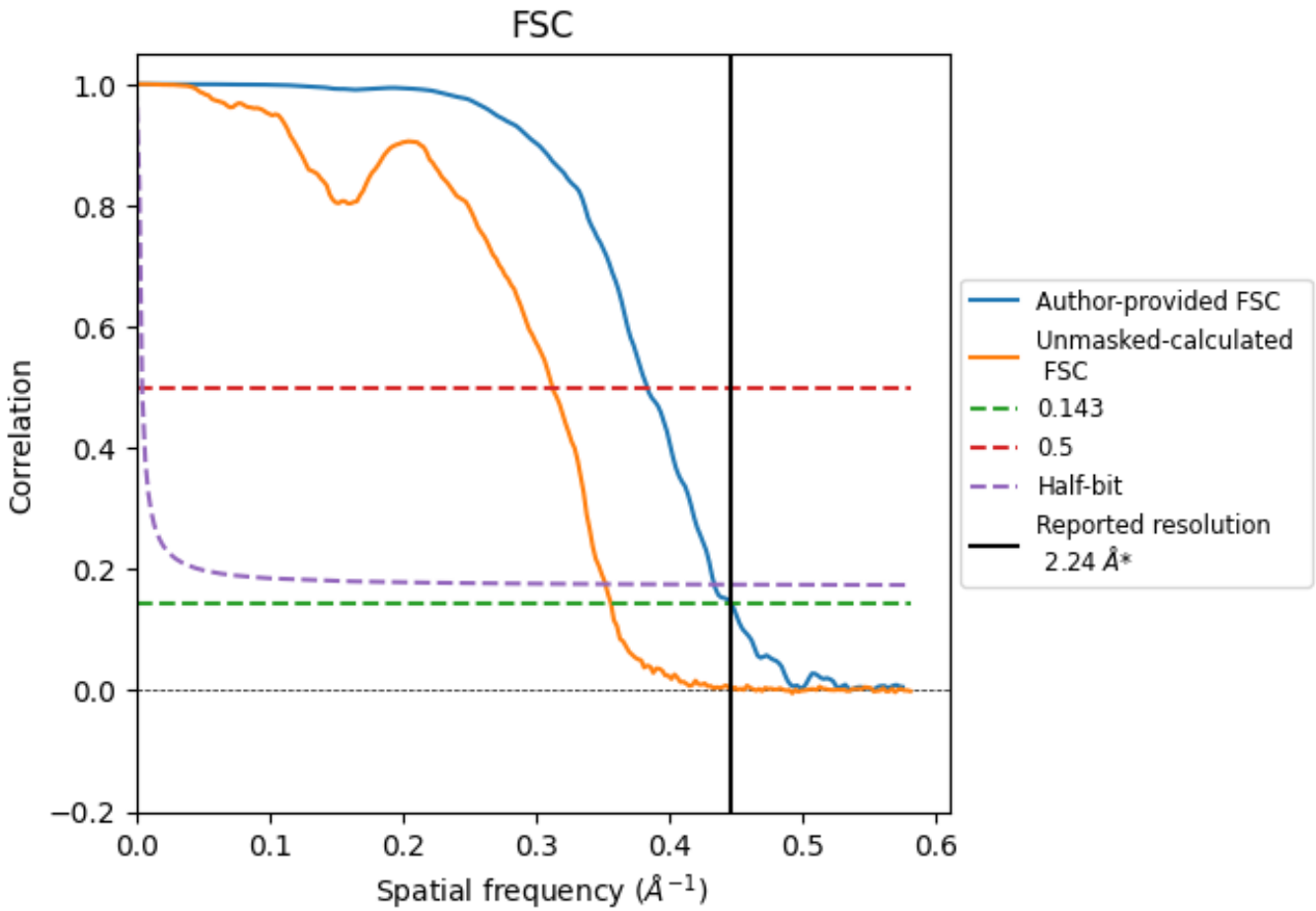


*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.446 Å^{-1}

8 Fourier-Shell correlation (i)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

8.1 FSC (i)



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.446 Å^{-1}

8.2 Resolution estimates (i)

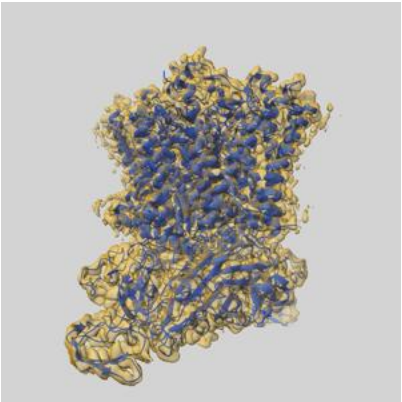
Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)		
	0.143	0.5	Half-bit
Reported by author	2.24	-	-
Author-provided FSC curve	2.24	2.61	2.30
Unmasked-calculated*	2.80	3.20	2.84

*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps. The value from deposited half-maps intersecting FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF 2.80 differs from the reported value 2.24 by more than 10 %

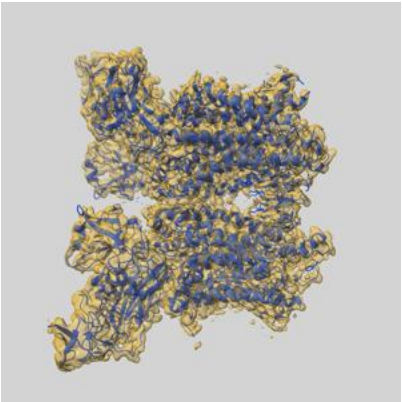
9 Map-model fit (i)

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-19939 and PDB model 9ES8. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 13.

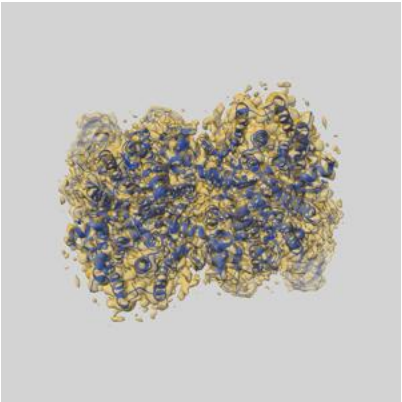
9.1 Map-model overlay (i)



X



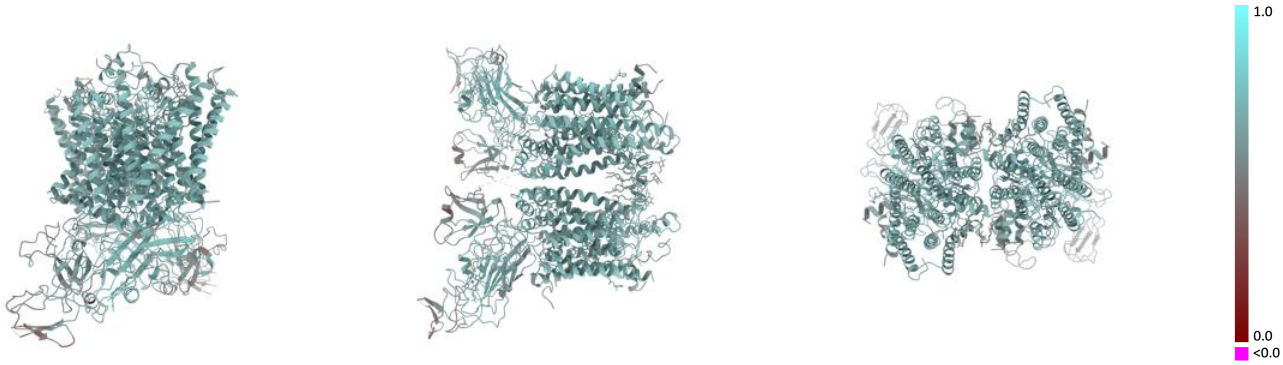
Y



Z

The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.04 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

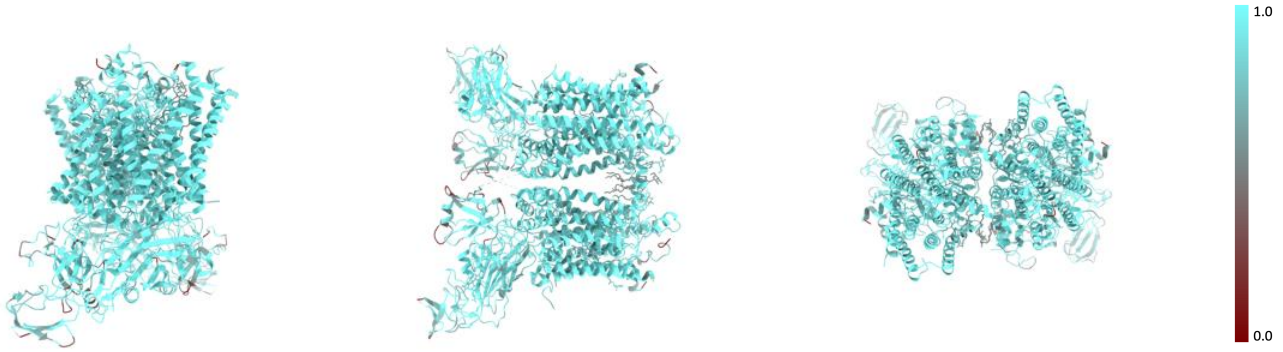
9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model (i)



X Y Z

The images above show the model with each residue coloured according its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

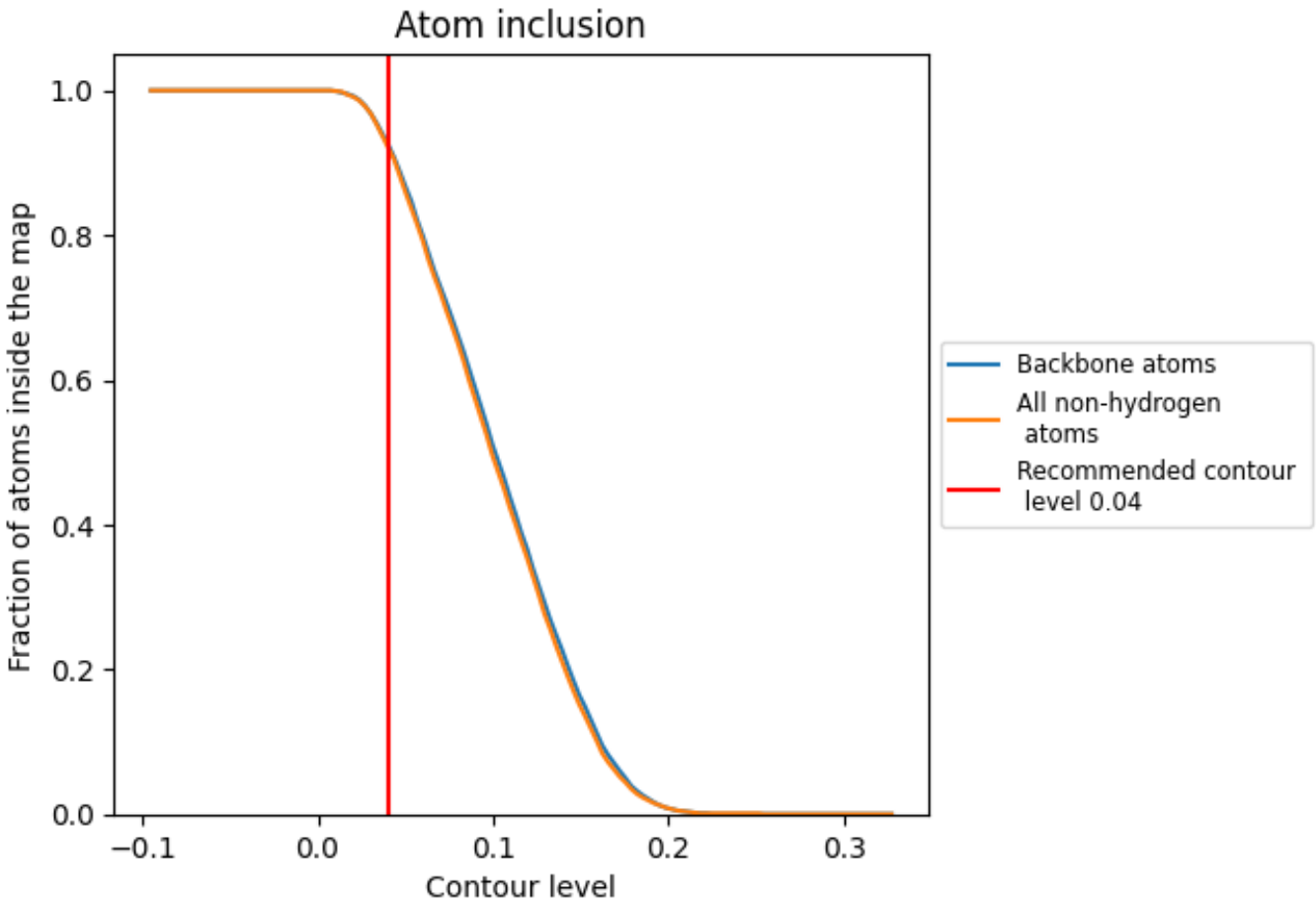
9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model (i)



X Y Z

The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.04).

9.4 Atom inclusion (i)



At the recommended contour level, 93% of all backbone atoms, 92% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary (i)

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.04) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	0.9220	0.6260
A	0.9740	0.6690
B	0.9550	0.6440
C	0.9200	0.6110
D	0.8380	0.5680
E	0.9710	0.6380
F	0.9550	0.6350
G	0.9730	0.6550
H	0.9760	0.6610
I	0.9740	0.6700
J	0.9550	0.6430
K	0.9200	0.6120
L	0.8380	0.5650
M	0.9710	0.6390
N	0.9550	0.6340
O	0.9730	0.6560
P	0.9760	0.6640
Q	0.7100	0.5600
R	0.7100	0.5610