wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report (i)

Sep 2, 2026 – 12:27 PM JST

PDB ID	:	9JSL / pdb_00009jsl
EMDB ID	:	EMD-61776
Title	:	Clostridium perfringens iota toxin pore Ib in prepore V state
Authors	:	Yamada, T.; Sugita, Y.; Yoshida, T.; Noda, T.; Tsuge, H.
Deposited on	:	2024-09-30
Resolution	:	3.59 Å(reported)
Based on initial models	:	., 6klx

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at
http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

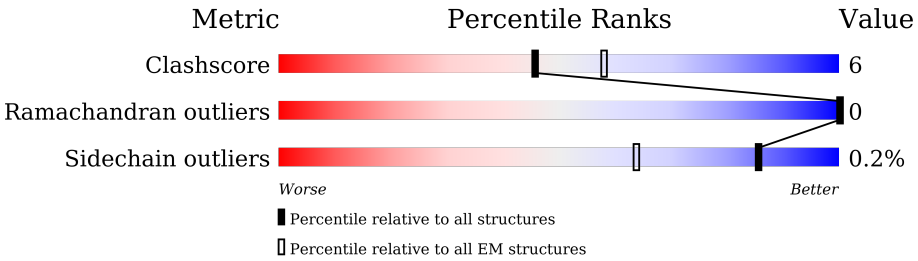
EMDB validation analysis	:	0.0.1.dev133
MolProbity	:	4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Percentile statistics	:	20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
EM percentile statistics	:	202505.v01 (Using data in the EMDB archive up until May 2025)
MapQ	:	1.9.13
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.50

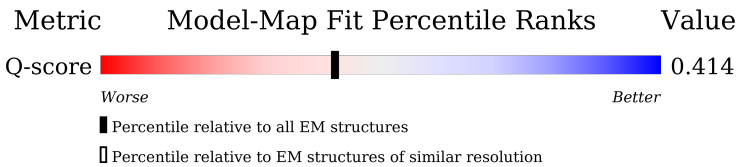
1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.59 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.





Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)	Similar EM resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	229148	23984	-
Ramachandran outliers	224038	23583	-
Sidechain outliers	223484	23102	-
Q-score	-	25397	12565 (3.09 - 4.09)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion < 40%). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	532	16% 71% 13% 16%
1	B	532	18% 74% 11% 15%
1	C	532	16% 72% 12% 16%
1	D	532	11% 73% 11% 16%

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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	E	532	7% 73% 17% 10%
1	F	532	78% 16% 6%
1	G	532	7% 78% 17% 6%

2 Entry composition (i)

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 25314 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Iota toxin component Ib.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
1	A	448	3472	2214	552	701	5	0	0
1	B	450	3486	2222	554	704	6	0	0
1	C	448	3470	2213	551	701	5	0	0
1	D	448	3473	2215	552	700	6	0	0
1	E	481	3704	2350	591	758	5	0	0
1	F	499	3836	2426	615	790	5	0	0
1	G	501	3852	2436	618	793	5	0	0

- Molecule 2 is CALCIUM ION (CCD ID: CA) (formula: Ca) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).

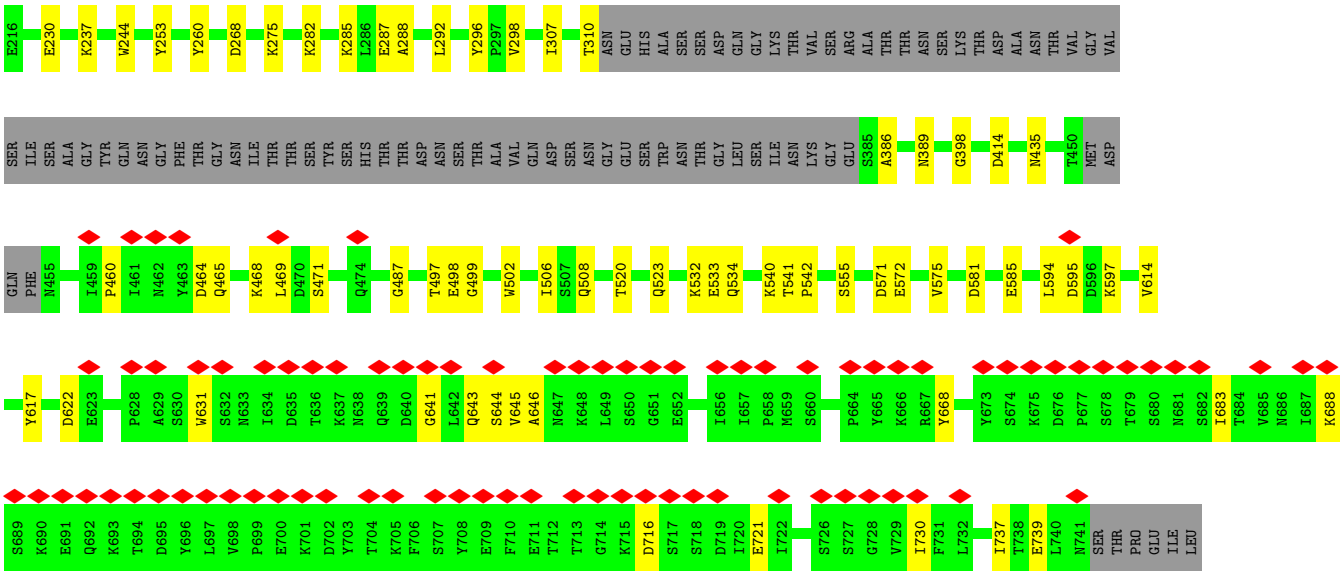
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		AltConf
			Total	Ca	
2	A	3	3	3	0
2	B	3	3	3	0
2	C	3	3	3	0
2	D	3	3	3	0
2	E	3	3	3	0
2	F	3	3	3	0
2	G	3	3	3	0

3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

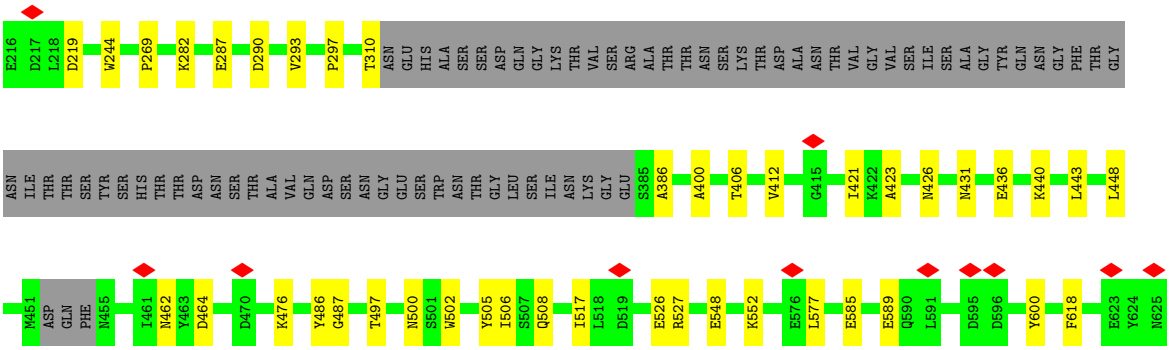
- Molecule 1: Iota toxin component Ib

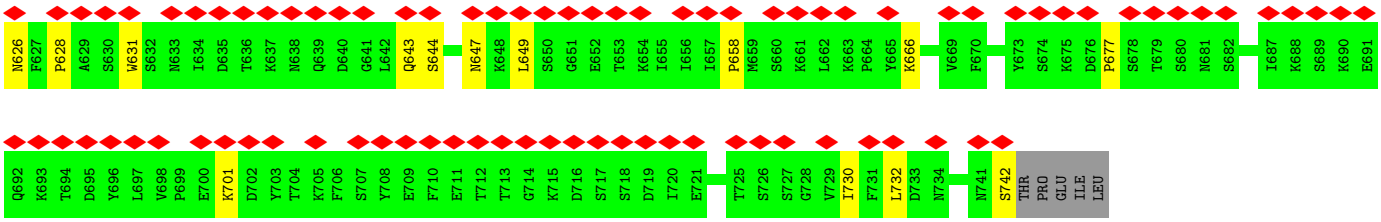
Chain A:



- Molecule 1: Iota toxin component Ib

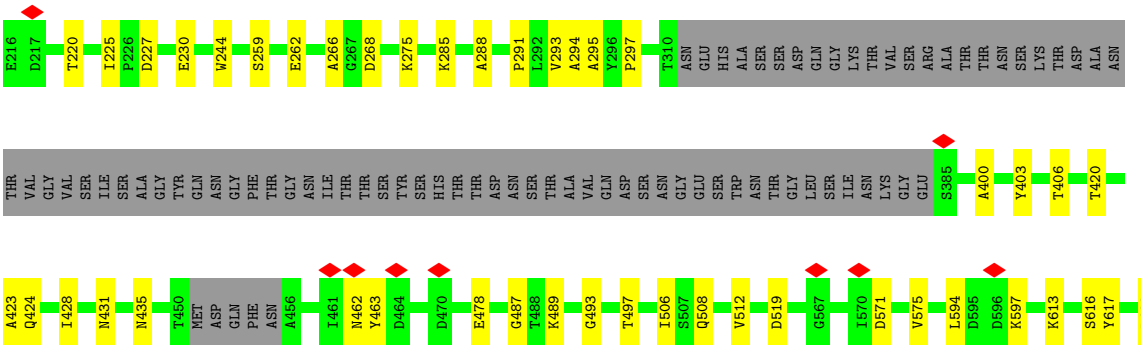
Chain B:

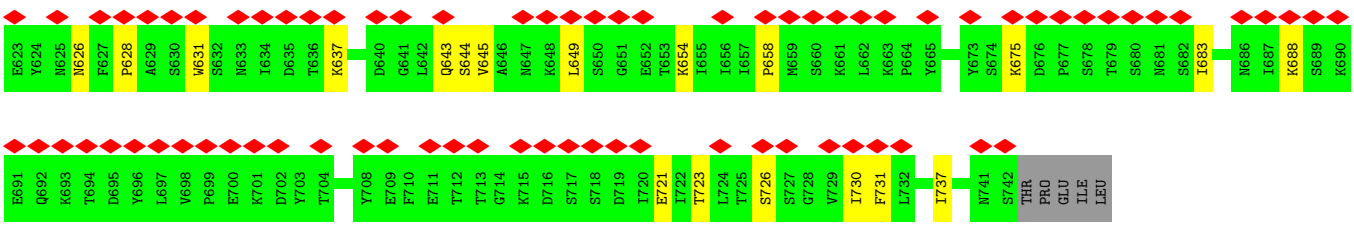




• Molecule 1: Iota toxin component Ib

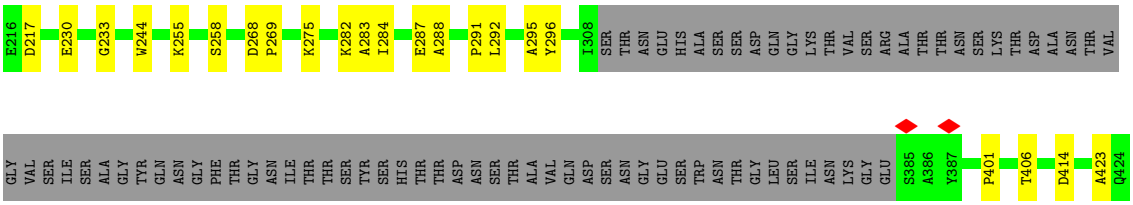
Chain C:

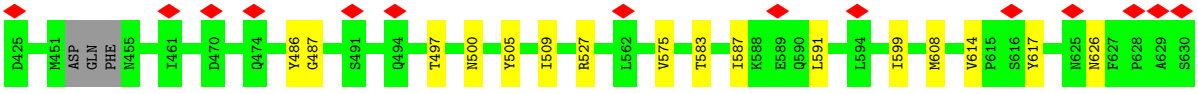


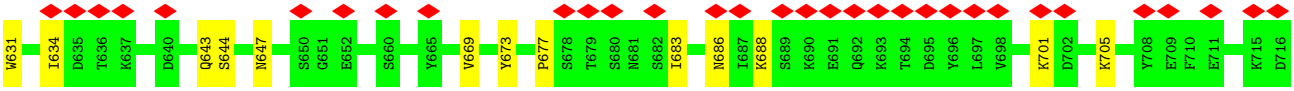


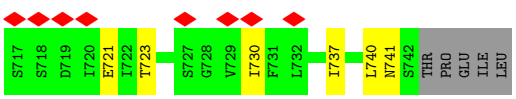
• Molecule 1: Iota toxin component Ib

Chain D:



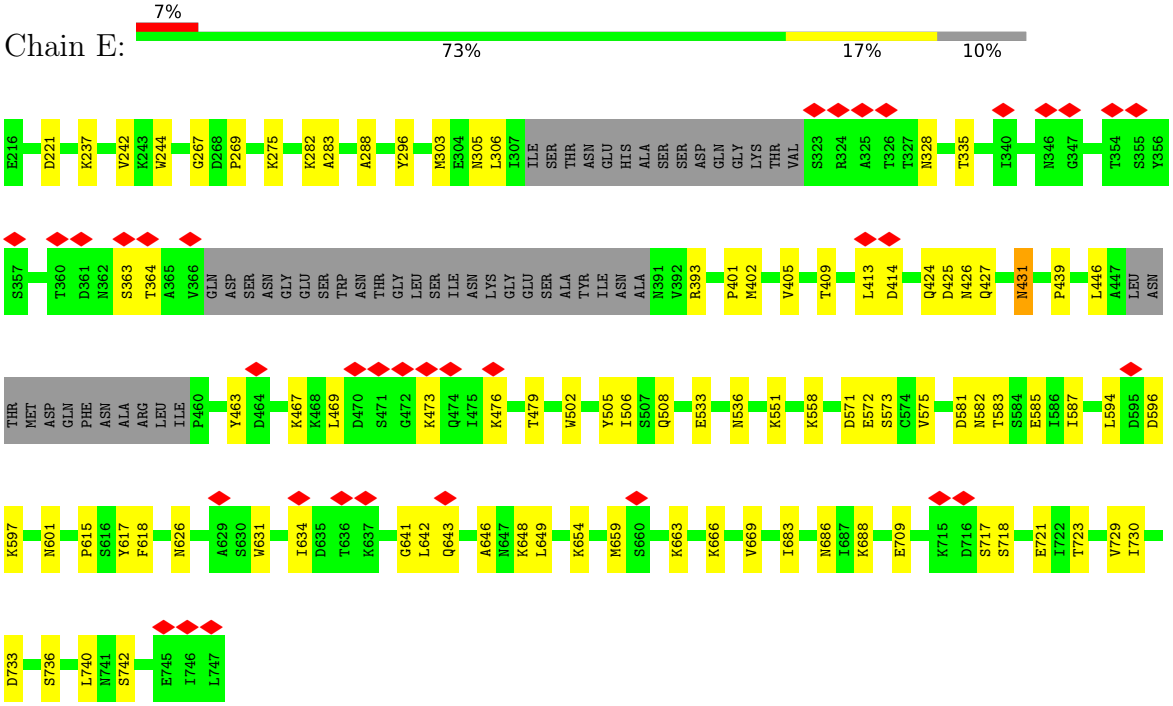






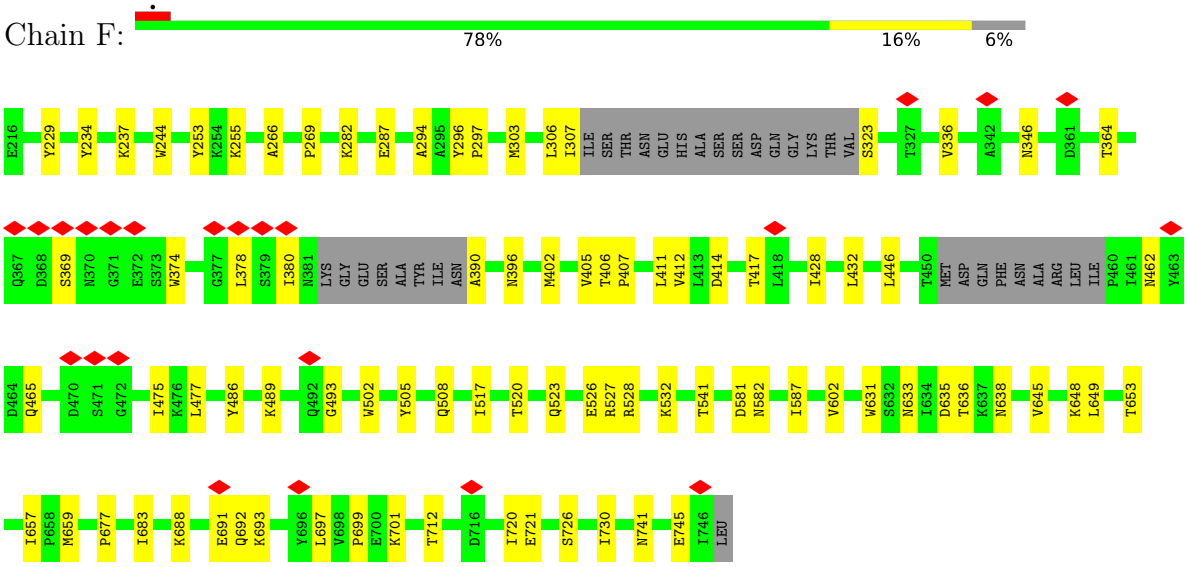
- Molecule 1: Iota toxin component Ib

Chain E:



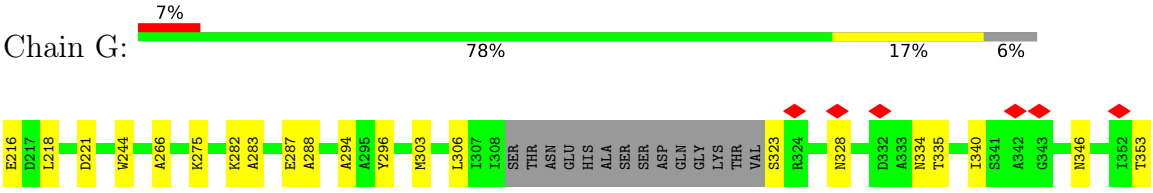
- Molecule 1: Iota toxin component Ib

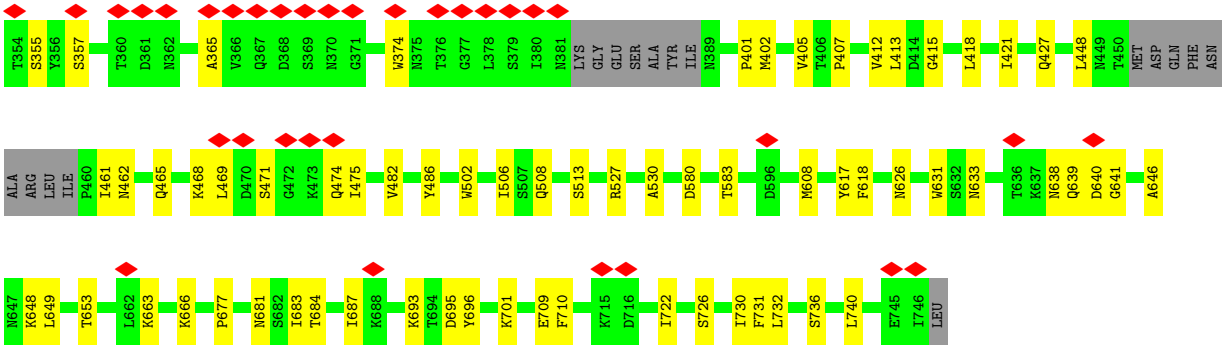
Chain F:



- Molecule 1: Iota toxin component Ib

Chain G:




T354 S355 Y356 S357 T360 D361 N362 A365 V366 Q367 D368 S369 N370 G371 W374 N375 T376 G377 L378 S379 I380 N381 LYS GLY GLU SER ALA TYR ILE N389 P401 M402 V405 T406 P407 V412 L413 D414 G415 L418 I421 Q427 L448 N449 T450 MET ASP GLN PHE ASN
ALA ARG LEU ILE P460 T461 N462 Q465 K468 L469 D470 S471 G472 K473 Q474 T475 V482 Y486 W502 I506 S507 Q508 S513 R527 A530 D580 T583 D596 M608 Y617 F618 N626 W631 S632 N633 T636 K637 N638 Q639 D640 G641 A646
N647 K648 L649 T653 L662 K663 K666 P677 N681 S682 I683 T684 I687 K688 K693 T694 D695 Y696 K701 E709 F710 K715 D716 I722 S726 I730 F731 L732 S736 L740 E745 T746 LEU

4 Experimental information (i)

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, C1	Depositor
Number of particles used	11285	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION	Depositor
Microscope	TFS KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/Å^2$)	50.0	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	600	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	1600	Depositor
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	GATAN K3 (6k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	0.977	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.430	Depositor
Average map value	0.012	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.084	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.24	Depositor
Map size (Å)	190.08, 190.08, 190.08	wwPDB
Map dimensions	216, 216, 216	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	0.88, 0.88, 0.88	Depositor

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: CA

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\#\|Z\|>5$	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\|>5$
1	A	0.12	0/3530	0.28	0/4763
1	B	0.12	0/3544	0.28	0/4781
1	C	0.12	0/3528	0.28	0/4760
1	D	0.11	0/3531	0.26	0/4763
1	E	0.15	0/3766	0.32	0/5085
1	F	0.12	0/3899	0.29	0/5267
1	G	0.12	0/3915	0.27	0/5289
All	All	0.12	0/25713	0.29	0/34708

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	3472	0	3395	43	0
1	B	3486	0	3408	35	0
1	C	3470	0	3393	41	0
1	D	3473	0	3397	35	0
1	E	3704	0	3603	58	0
1	F	3836	0	3713	50	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	G	3852	0	3731	55	0
2	A	3	0	0	0	0
2	B	3	0	0	0	0
2	C	3	0	0	0	0
2	D	3	0	0	0	0
2	E	3	0	0	0	0
2	F	3	0	0	0	0
2	G	3	0	0	0	0
All	All	25314	0	24640	308	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 6.

The worst 5 of 308 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:G:303:MET:H	1:G:328:ASN:HD21	1.31	0.78
1:G:402:MET:HE1	1:G:482:VAL:HG12	1.68	0.73
1:E:654:LYS:HG3	1:E:723:THR:HG22	1.69	0.72
1:B:421:ILE:HG21	1:B:448:LEU:HD21	1.69	0.72
1:E:502:TRP:CZ2	1:E:502:TRP:CZ3	2.77	0.72

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	442/532 (83%)	424 (96%)	18 (4%)	0	100	100
1	B	444/532 (84%)	431 (97%)	13 (3%)	0	100	100
1	C	442/532 (83%)	422 (96%)	20 (4%)	0	100	100

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	D	442/532 (83%)	429 (97%)	13 (3%)	0	100	100
1	E	473/532 (89%)	456 (96%)	17 (4%)	0	100	100
1	F	491/532 (92%)	469 (96%)	22 (4%)	0	100	100
1	G	493/532 (93%)	476 (97%)	17 (3%)	0	100	100
All	All	3227/3724 (87%)	3107 (96%)	120 (4%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	398/469 (85%)	397 (100%)	1 (0%)	86	83
1	B	400/469 (85%)	400 (100%)	0	100	100
1	C	398/469 (85%)	398 (100%)	0	100	100
1	D	398/469 (85%)	397 (100%)	1 (0%)	86	83
1	E	426/469 (91%)	422 (99%)	4 (1%)	70	76
1	F	441/469 (94%)	441 (100%)	0	100	100
1	G	443/469 (94%)	443 (100%)	0	100	100
All	All	2904/3283 (88%)	2898 (100%)	6 (0%)	85	85

5 of 6 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	E	305	ASN
1	E	306	LEU
1	E	431	ASN
1	D	296	TYR
1	A	296	TYR

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 44 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	E	734	ASN
1	G	264	ASN
1	E	741	ASN
1	F	370	ASN
1	G	358	HIS

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 21 ligands modelled in this entry, 21 are monoatomic - leaving 0 for Mogul analysis.

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

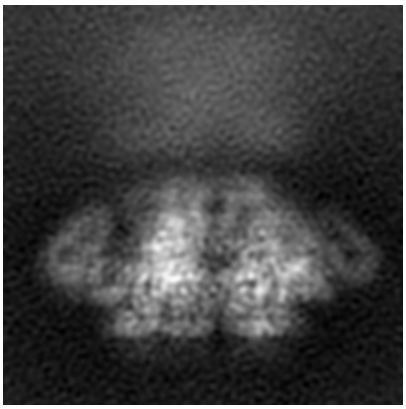
6 Map visualisation (i)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-61776. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

Images derived from a raw map, generated by summing the deposited half-maps, are presented below the corresponding image components of the primary map to allow further visual inspection and comparison with those of the primary map.

6.1 Orthogonal projections (i)

6.1.1 Primary map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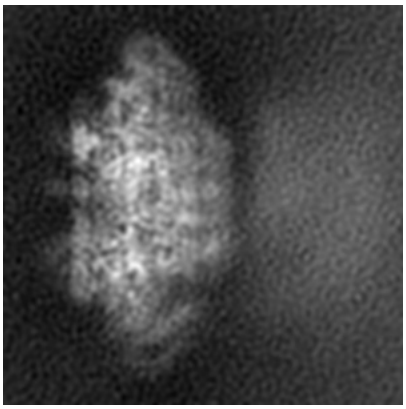
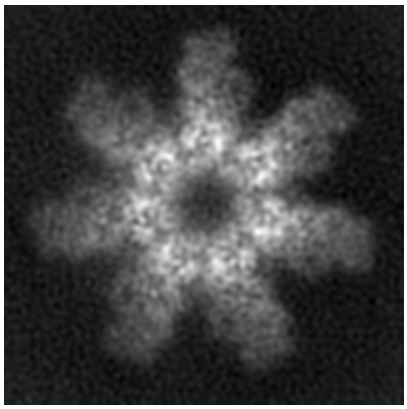
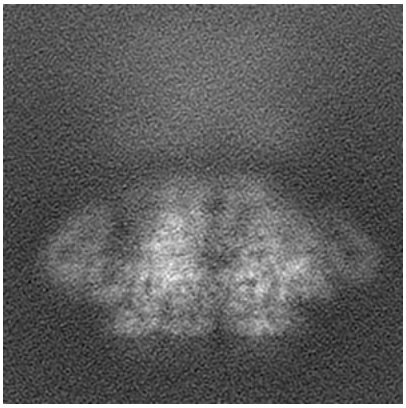

Y


Z

6.1.2 Raw map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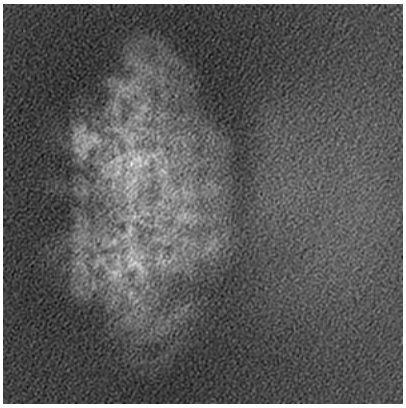
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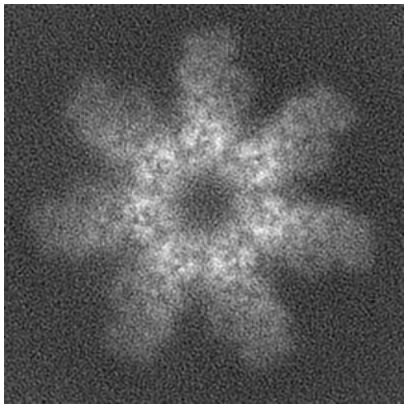
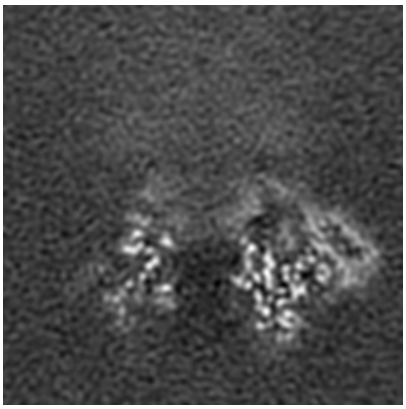
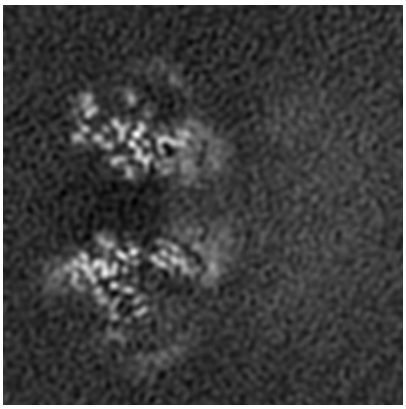

Z

The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices (i)

6.2.1 Primary map


X Index: 108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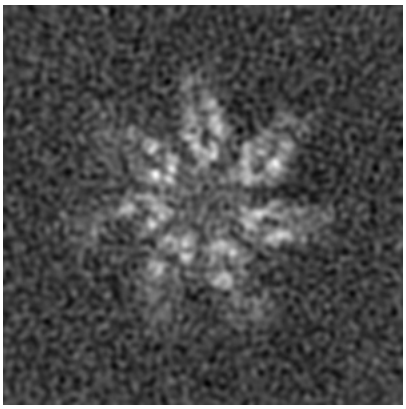
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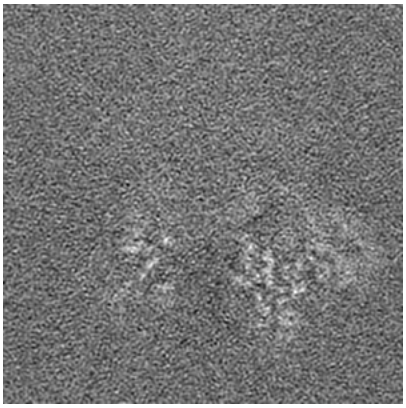
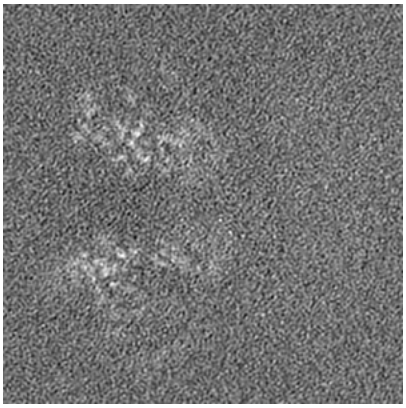
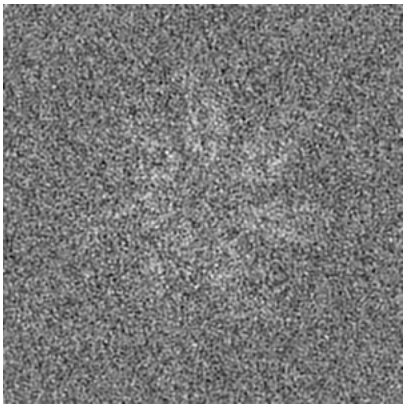
6.2.2 Raw map


X Index: 108

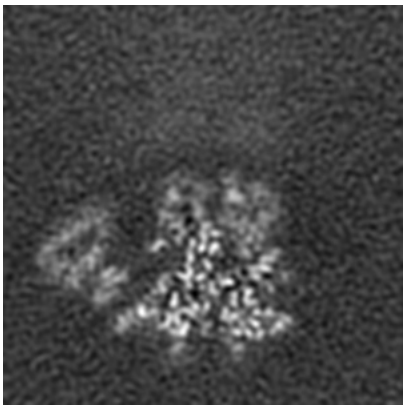

Y Index: 108

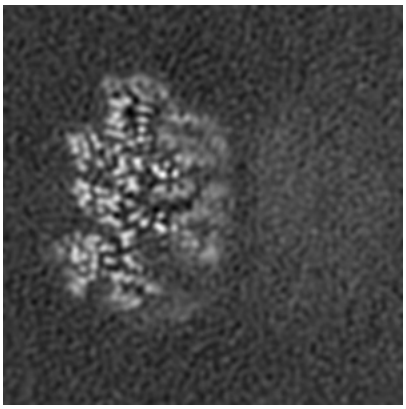

Z Index: 108

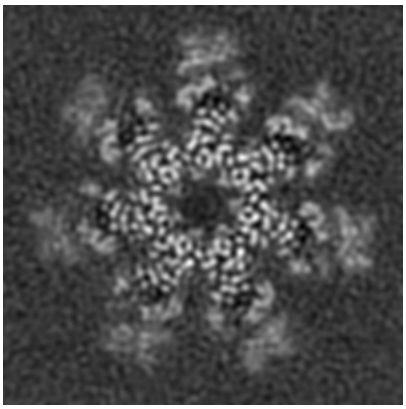
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices (i)

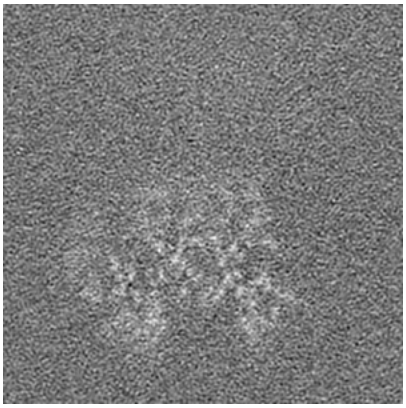
6.3.1 Primary map

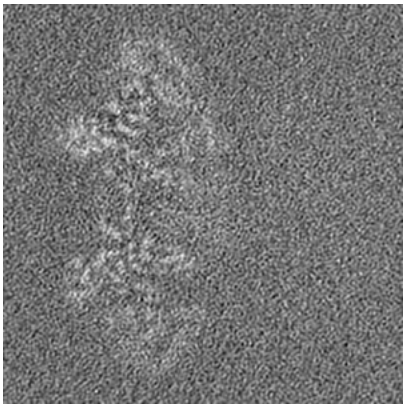

X Index: 142

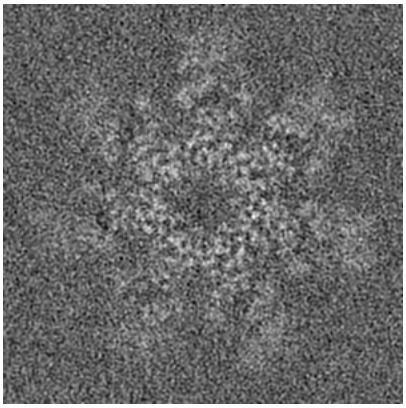

Y Index: 138


Z Index: 69

6.3.2 Raw map


X Index: 87

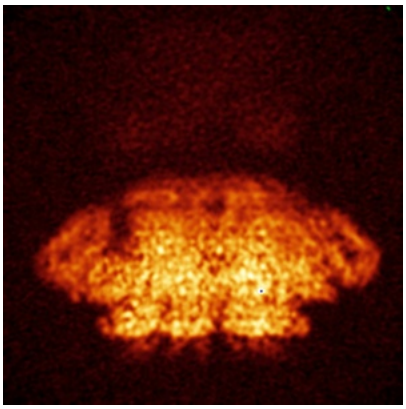

Y Index: 92

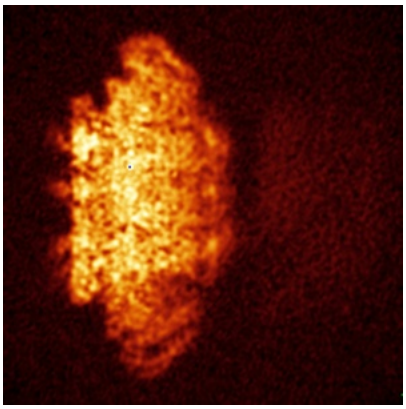

Z Index: 69

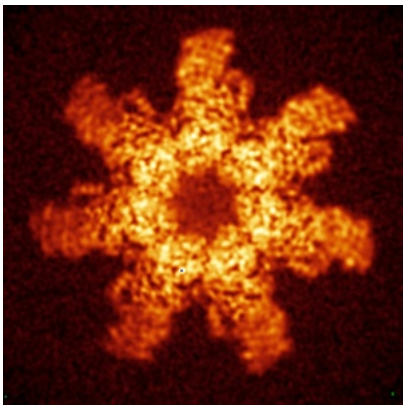
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) (i)

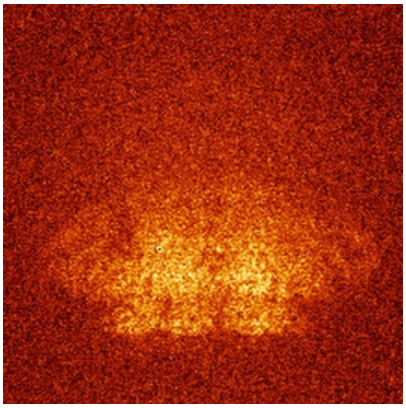
6.4.1 Primary map

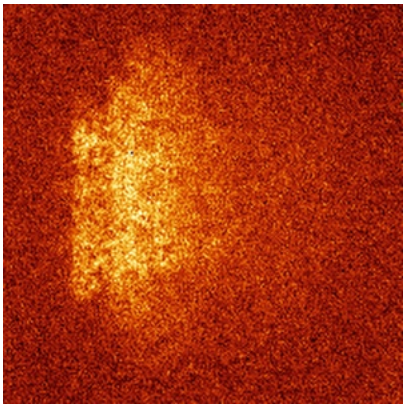

X

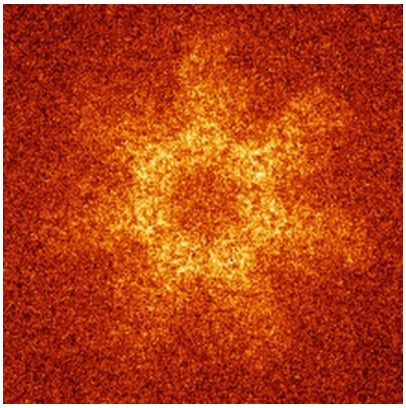

Y


Z

6.4.2 Raw map


X

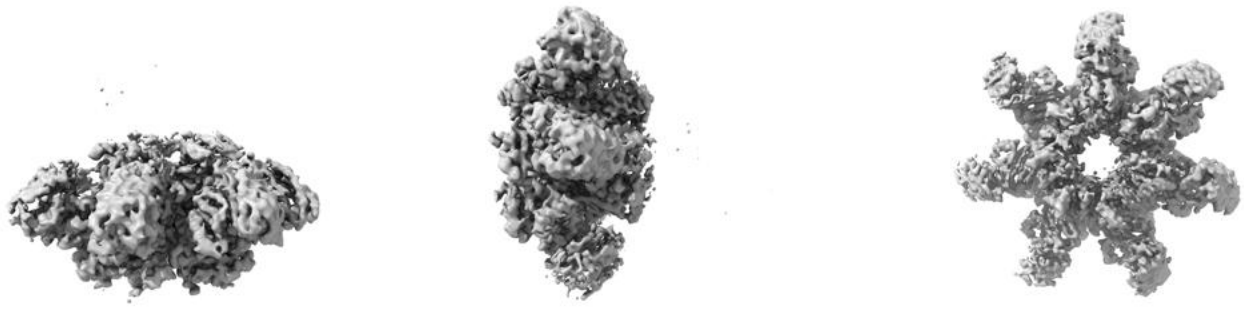

Y


Z

The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

6.5 Orthogonal surface views (i)

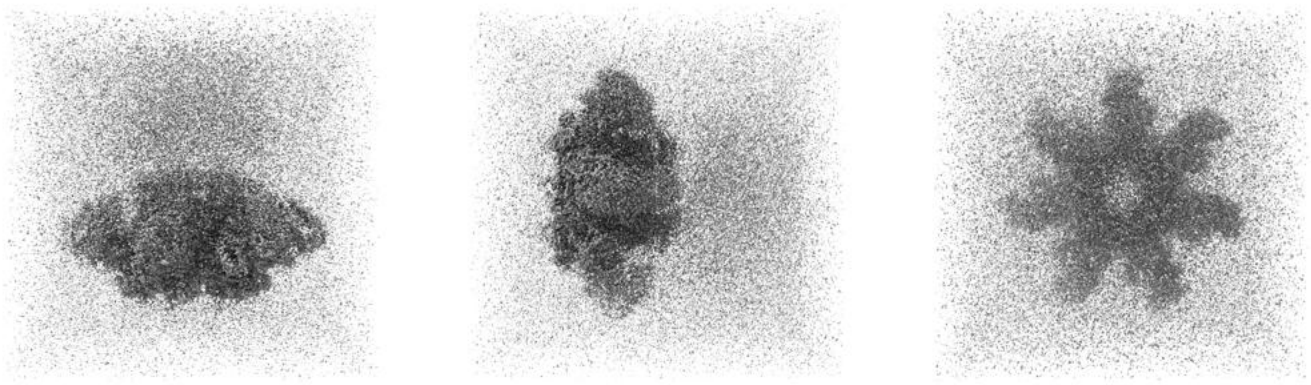
6.5.1 Primary map



X Y Z

The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.24. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

6.5.2 Raw map



X Y Z

These images show the 3D surface of the raw map. The raw map's contour level was selected so that its surface encloses the same volume as the primary map does at its recommended contour level.

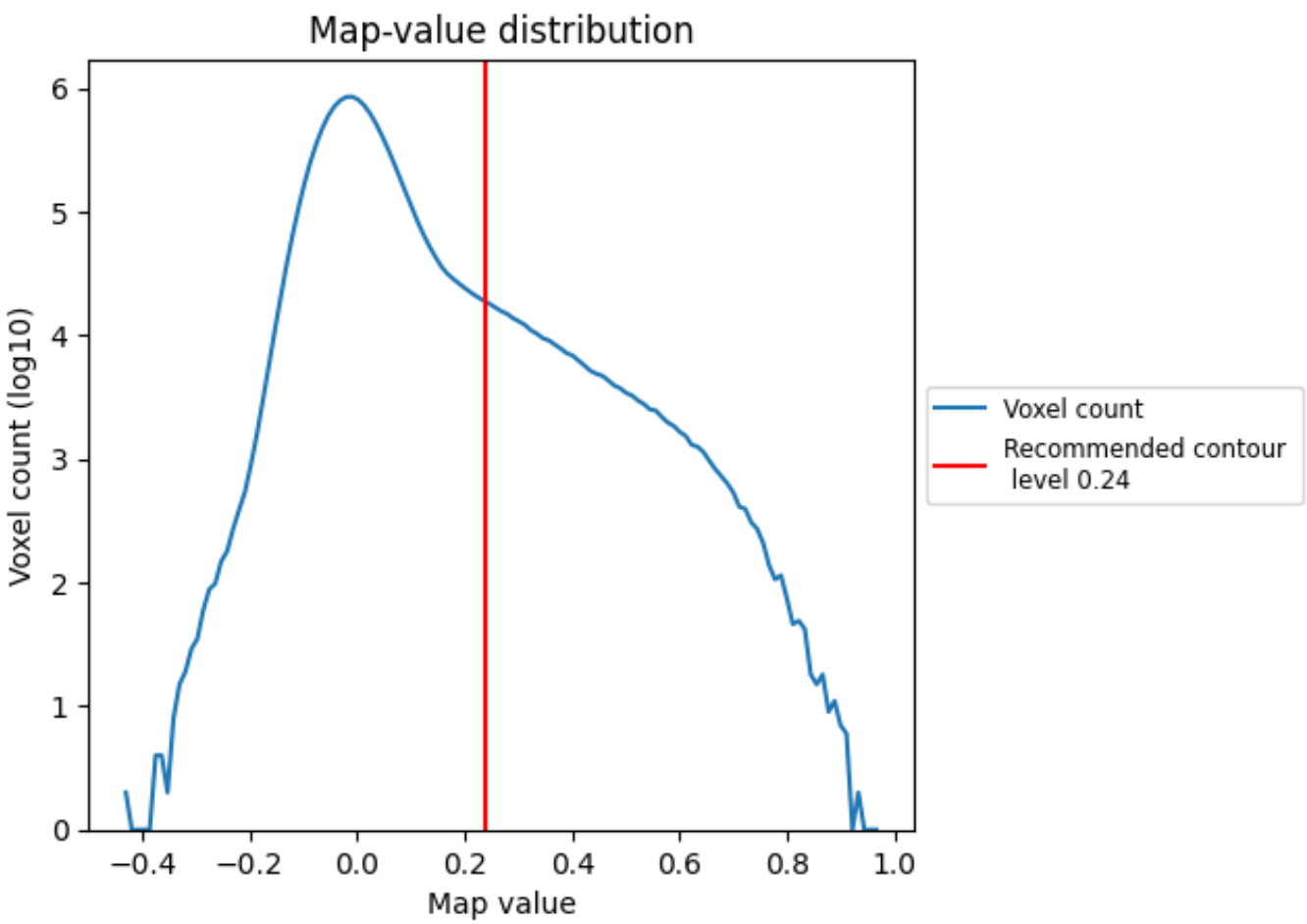
6.6 Mask visualisation (i)

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.

7 Map analysis (i)

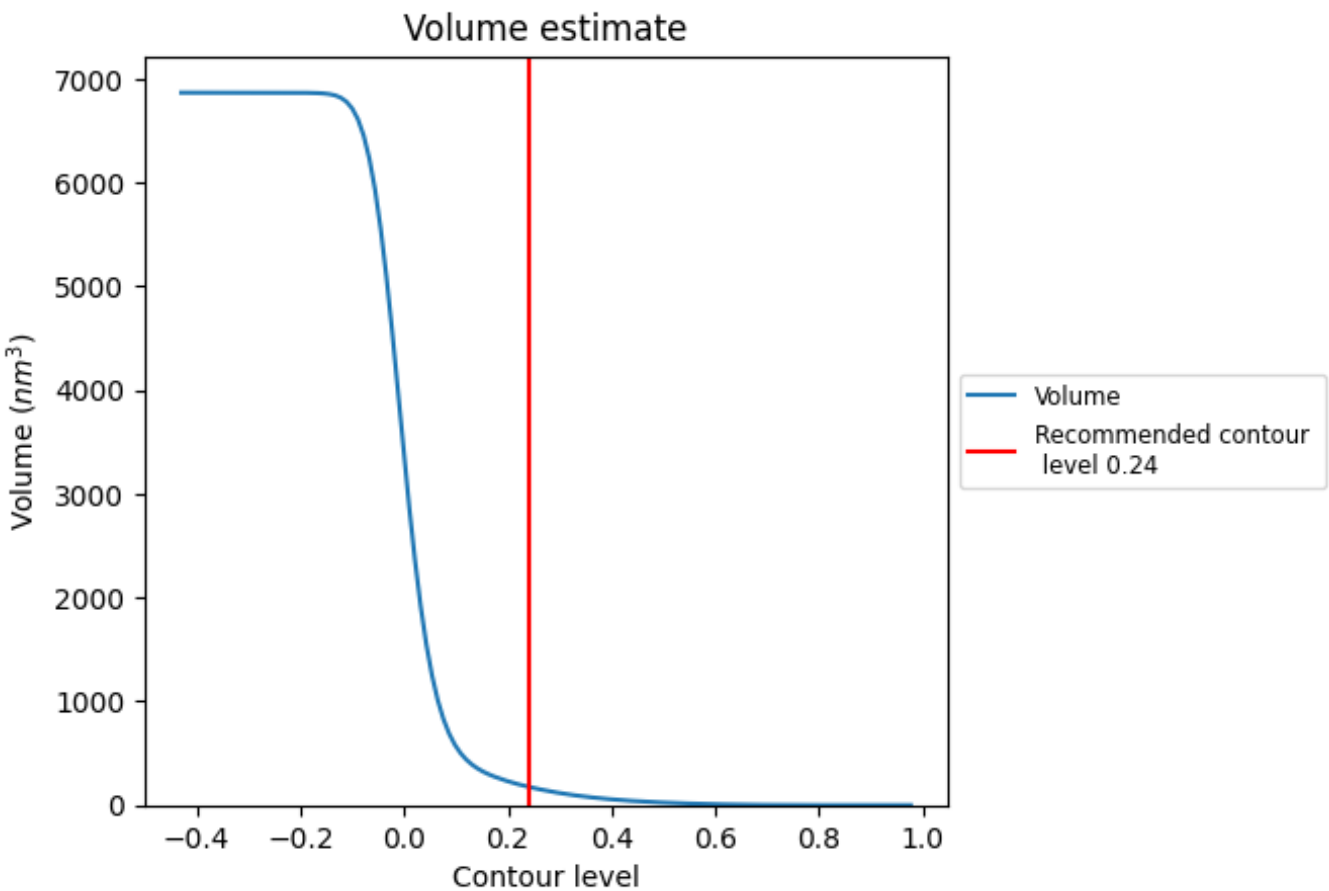
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution (i)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

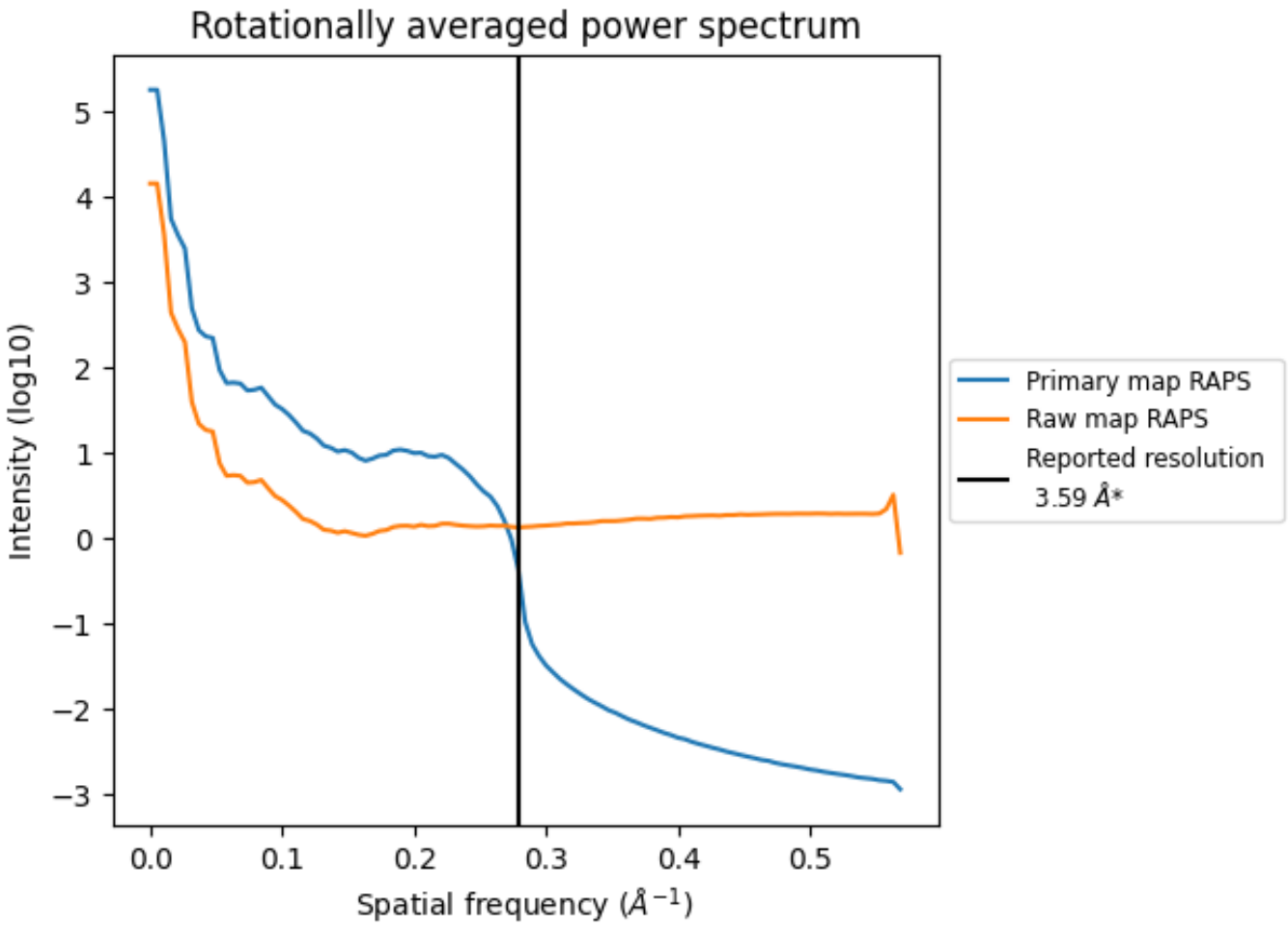
7.2 Volume estimate (i)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 176 nm^3; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 159 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum (i)

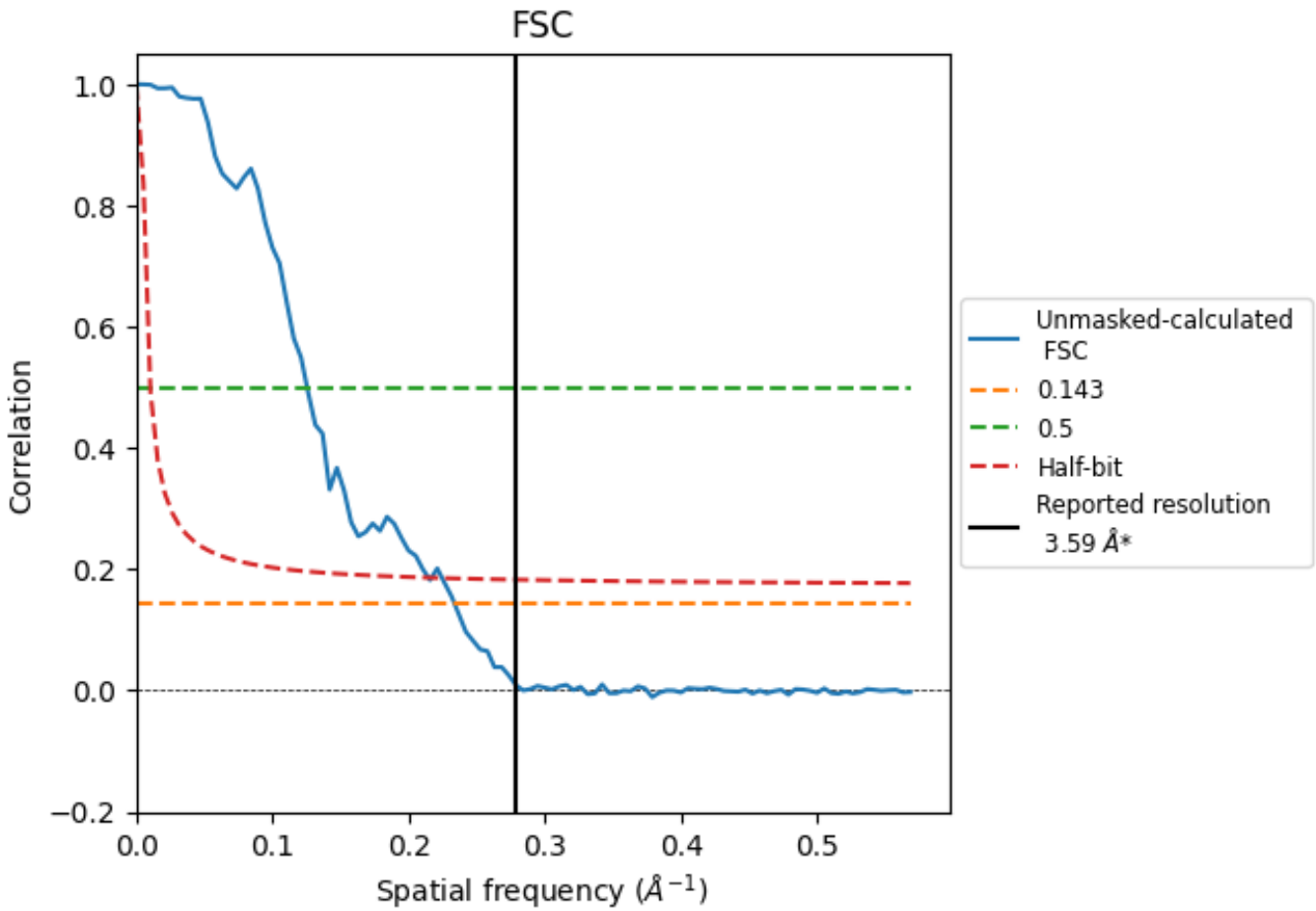


*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.279 Å^{-1}

8 Fourier-Shell correlation (i)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

8.1 FSC (i)



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.279 Å^{-1}

8.2 Resolution estimates (i)

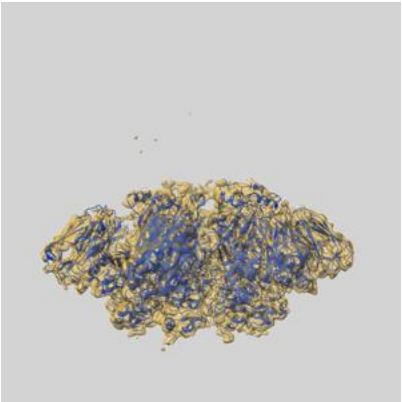
Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)		
	0.143	0.5	Half-bit
Reported by author	3.59	-	-
Author-provided FSC curve	-	-	-
Unmasked-calculated*	4.28	7.97	4.66

*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps. The value from deposited half-maps intersecting FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF 4.28 differs from the reported value 3.59 by more than 10 %

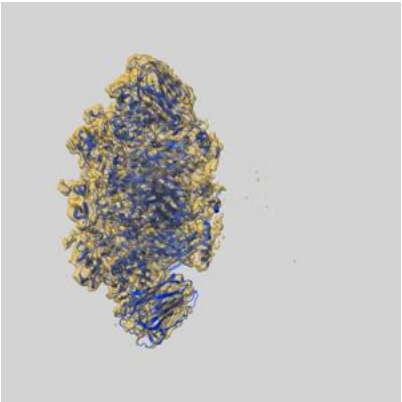
9 Map-model fit (i)

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-61776 and PDB model 9JSL. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 5.

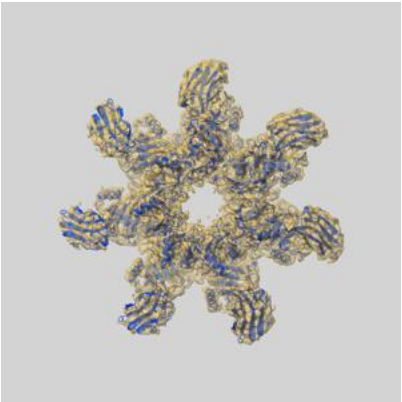
9.1 Map-model overlay (i)



X



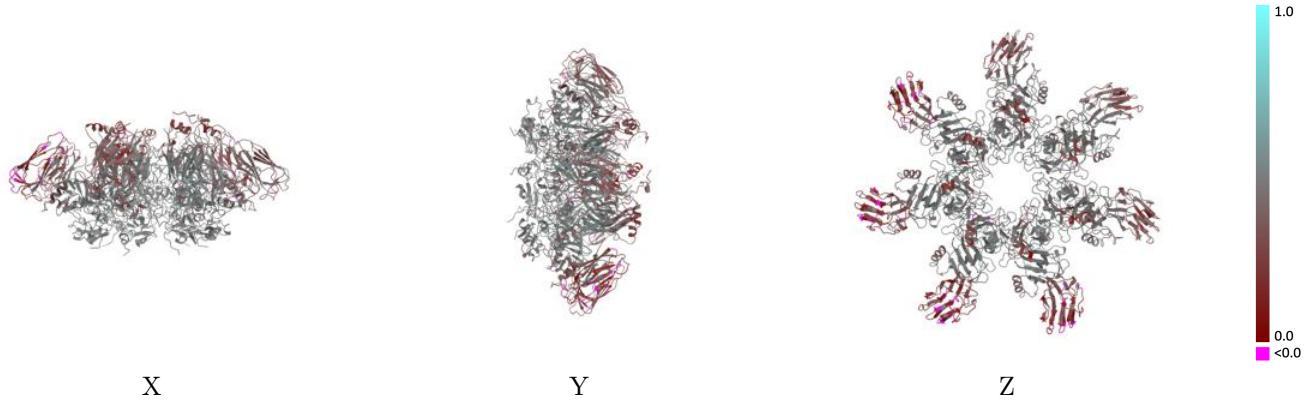
Y



Z

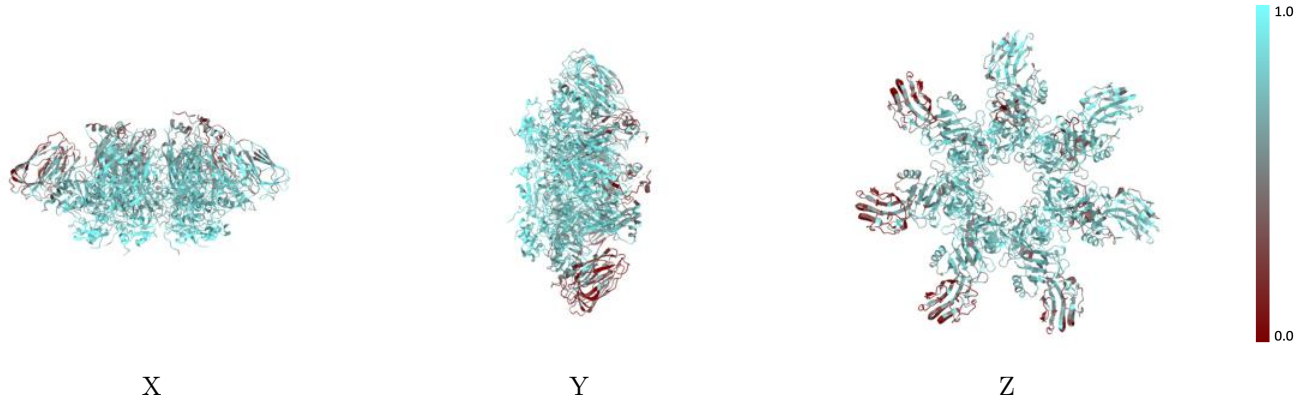
The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.24 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model (i)



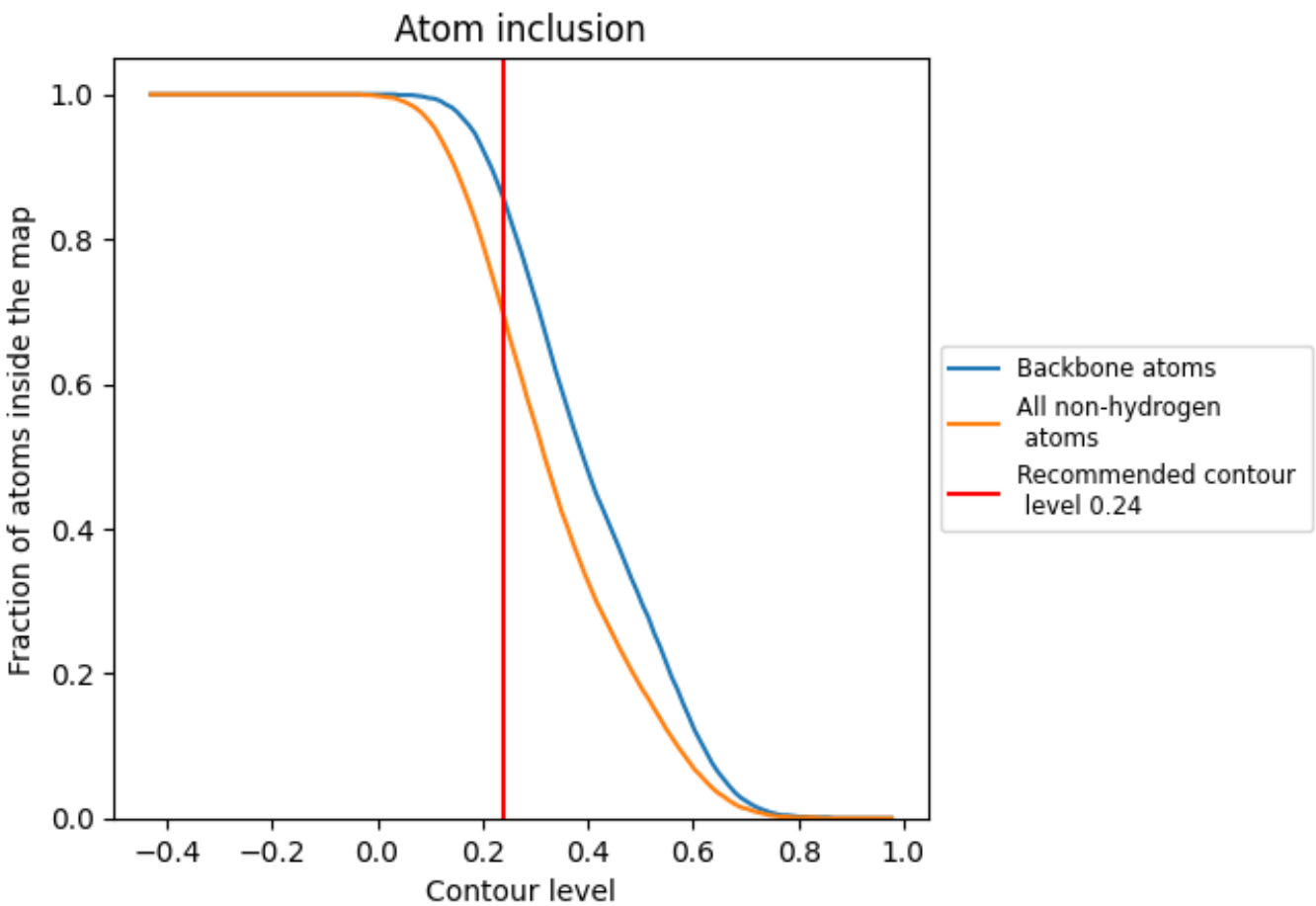
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model (i)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.24).

9.4 Atom inclusion (i)



At the recommended contour level, 86% of all backbone atoms, 70% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary (i)

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.24) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	0.6950	0.4140
A	0.6620	0.4020
B	0.6300	0.4030
C	0.6420	0.3940
D	0.6880	0.3980
E	0.7330	0.4230
F	0.7520	0.4410
G	0.7460	0.4340