wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Aug 5, 2026 – 04:14 PM JST

PDB ID	:	6KYE / pdb_00006kye
Title	:	The crystal structure of recombinant human adult hemoglobin
Authors	:	Kihira, K.; Funaki, R.; Okamoto, W.; Endo, C.; Morita, Y.; Komatsu, T.
Deposited on	:	2019-09-18
Resolution	:	2.28 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at
http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

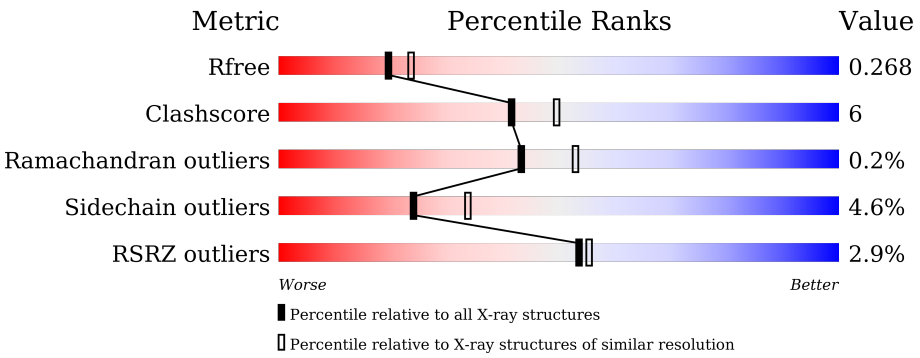
MolProbity	:	4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Mogul	:	1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	2.0
EDS	:	3.0
Buster-report	:	wwPDB partial adaption of 1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics	:	20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
CCP4	:	9.0.015 (Gargrove)
Density-Fitness	:	1.0.12
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.50

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.28 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	180053	9078 (2.30-2.26)
Clashscore	190562	9802 (2.30-2.26)
Ramachandran outliers	187476	9690 (2.30-2.26)
Sidechain outliers	187428	9691 (2.30-2.26)
RSRZ outliers	180081	9085 (2.30-2.26)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	142	2%, 92%, 6% •
1	C	142	%, 88%, 10% ••
1	E	142	%, 88%, 10% ••
1	G	142	5%, 74%, 21% • •
1	I	142	%, 92%, 8% •
1	K	142	4%, 79%, 18% ••

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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
2	B	147	3% 82% 16%
2	D	147	% 92% 7%
2	F	147	3% 91% 7%
2	H	147	6% 80% 17%
2	J	147	2% 84% 14%
2	L	147	4% 90% 9%

2 Entry composition (i)

There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 13764 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

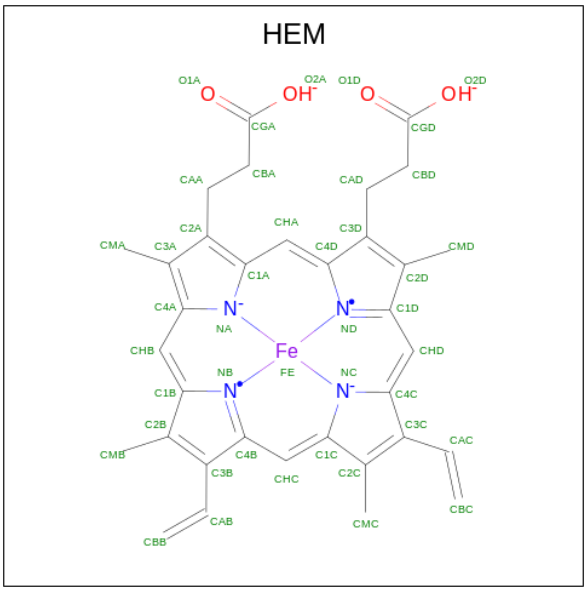
- Molecule 1 is a protein called Hemoglobin subunit alpha.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
1	A	140	1057	679	183	192	3	0	0	0
1	C	140	1057	679	183	192	3	0	0	0
1	E	140	1057	679	183	192	3	0	0	0
1	G	140	1057	679	183	192	3	0	0	0
1	I	141	1069	685	187	194	3	0	0	0
1	K	140	1057	679	183	192	3	0	0	0

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Hemoglobin subunit beta.

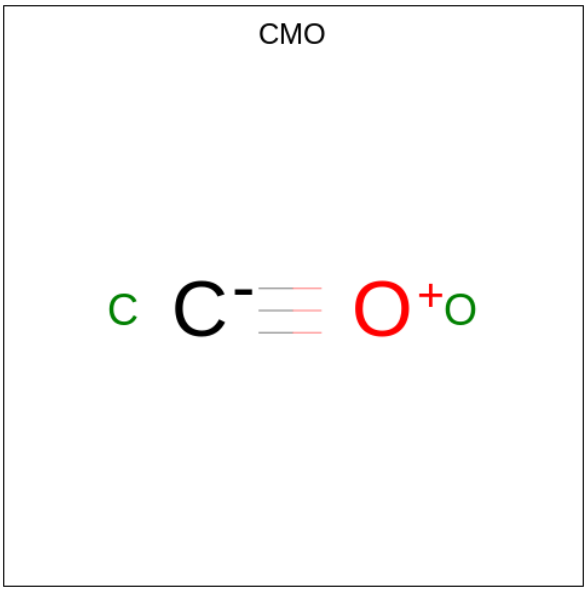
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
2	B	146	1123	724	195	201	3	0	0	0
2	D	146	1123	724	195	201	3	0	0	0
2	F	146	1123	724	195	201	3	0	0	0
2	H	145	1116	719	194	200	3	0	0	0
2	J	146	1123	724	195	201	3	0	0	0
2	L	146	1123	724	195	201	3	0	0	0

- Molecule 3 is PROTOPORPHYRIN IX CONTAINING FE (CCD ID: HEM) (formula: $C_{34}H_{32}FeN_4O_4$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	C	Fe	N	O		
3	A	1	43	34	1	4	4	0	0
3	B	1	43	34	1	4	4	0	0
3	C	1	43	34	1	4	4	0	0
3	D	1	43	34	1	4	4	0	0
3	E	1	43	34	1	4	4	0	0
3	F	1	43	34	1	4	4	0	0
3	G	1	43	34	1	4	4	0	0
3	H	1	43	34	1	4	4	0	0
3	I	1	43	34	1	4	4	0	0
3	J	1	43	34	1	4	4	0	0
3	K	1	43	34	1	4	4	0	0
3	L	1	43	34	1	4	4	0	0

- Molecule 4 is CARBON MONOXIDE (CCD ID: CMO) (formula: CO).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	C	O		
4	A	1	2	1	1	0	0
4	B	1	2	1	1	0	0
4	C	1	2	1	1	0	0
4	D	1	2	1	1	0	0
4	E	1	2	1	1	0	0
4	F	1	2	1	1	0	0
4	G	1	2	1	1	0	0
4	H	1	2	1	1	0	0
4	I	1	2	1	1	0	0
4	J	1	2	1	1	0	0
4	K	1	2	1	1	0	0
4	L	1	2	1	1	0	0

- Molecule 5 is water.

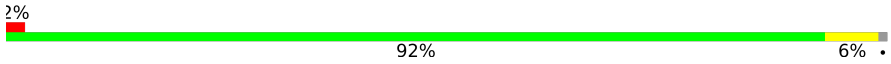
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	O		
5	A	15	15	15	0	0
			Total	O		
5	B	8	8	8	0	0
			Total	O		
5	C	16	16	16	0	0
			Total	O		
5	D	21	21	21	0	0
			Total	O		
5	E	12	12	12	0	0
			Total	O		
5	F	14	14	14	0	0
			Total	O		
5	G	14	14	14	0	0
			Total	O		
5	H	7	7	7	0	0
			Total	O		
5	I	9	9	9	0	0
			Total	O		
5	J	9	9	9	0	0
			Total	O		
5	K	4	4	4	0	0
			Total	O		
5	L	10	10	10	0	0

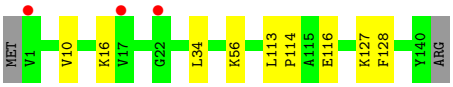
3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Hemoglobin subunit alpha

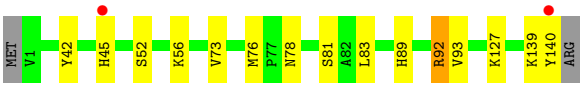
Chain A:





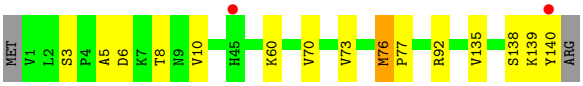
• Molecule 1: Hemoglobin subunit alpha

Chain C:



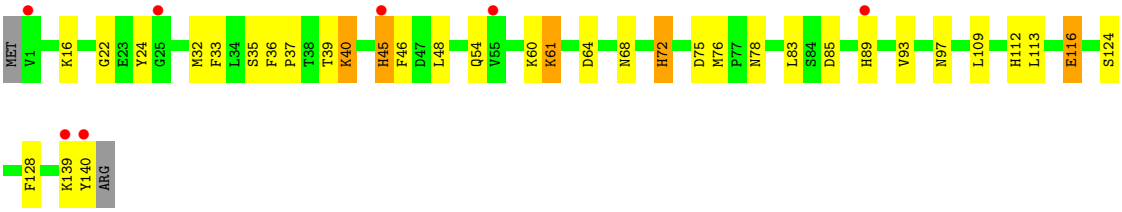
• Molecule 1: Hemoglobin subunit alpha

Chain E:



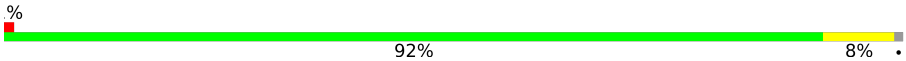
• Molecule 1: Hemoglobin subunit alpha

Chain G:



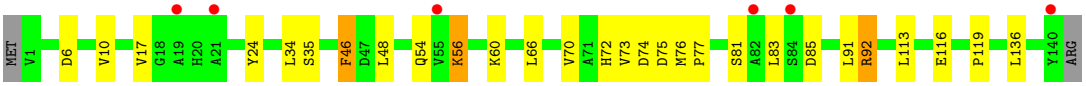
• Molecule 1: Hemoglobin subunit alpha

Chain I:



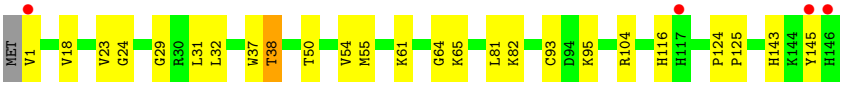
• Molecule 1: Hemoglobin subunit alpha

Chain K:



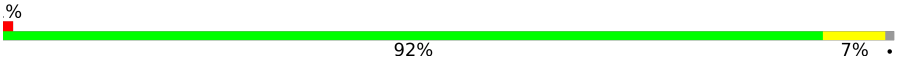
• Molecule 2: Hemoglobin subunit beta

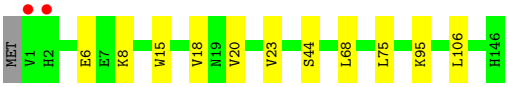
Chain B:



• Molecule 2: Hemoglobin subunit beta

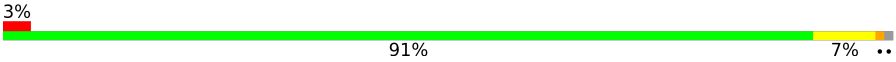
Chain D:

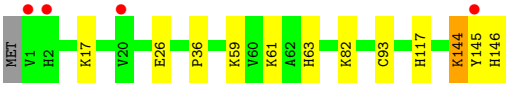




• Molecule 2: Hemoglobin subunit beta

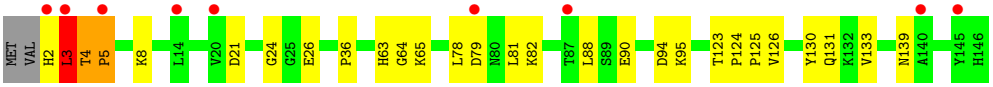
Chain F:





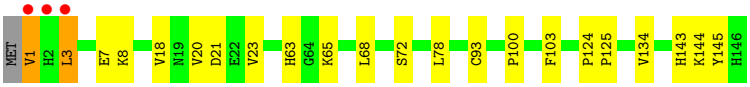
• Molecule 2: Hemoglobin subunit beta

Chain H:



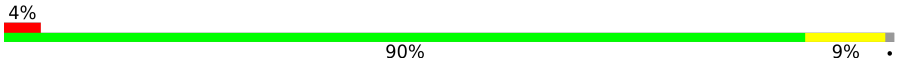
• Molecule 2: Hemoglobin subunit beta

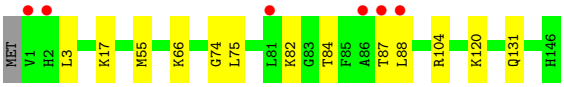
Chain J:



• Molecule 2: Hemoglobin subunit beta

Chain L:


4%
90%
9%


MET
V1
H2
L3
K17
M55
K66
G74
L75
L81
K82
G83
T84
F85
A86
T87
L88
R104
K120
Q131
H146

4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α, β, γ	123.03Å 55.95Å 133.16Å 90.00° 98.27° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	48.42 – 2.28 48.42 – 2.28	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	97.4 (48.42-2.28) 97.4 (48.42-2.28)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	0.14	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) >$ [1]	1.31 (at 2.29Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.8.0253	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.226 , 0.268 0.229 , 0.268	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	4049 reflections (4.78%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å^2)	37.7	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.787	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol}(e/Å^3), B_{sol}(Å^2)	0.31 , 25.6	EDS
L-test for twinning[2]	$< \|L\| > = 0.50$, $< L^2 > = 0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o,F_c correlation	0.95	EDS
Total number of atoms	13764	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å^2)	54.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 4.72% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

[1]Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

[2]Theoretical values of $< |L| >$, $< L^2 >$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: CMO, HEM

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\#\|Z\|>5$	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\|>5$
1	A	1.01	0/1085	1.56	0/1477
1	C	1.02	0/1085	1.57	0/1477
1	E	1.03	0/1085	1.59	0/1477
1	G	1.02	0/1085	1.61	0/1477
1	I	1.03	0/1097	1.61	2/1491 (0.1%)
1	K	1.05	0/1085	1.65	0/1477
2	B	1.01	0/1153	1.56	0/1566
2	D	0.98	0/1153	1.51	0/1566
2	F	0.98	0/1153	1.51	2/1566 (0.1%)
2	H	1.00	0/1146	1.56	0/1556
2	J	1.03	0/1153	1.61	0/1566
2	L	1.03	0/1153	1.58	0/1566
All	All	1.01	0/13433	1.58	4/18262 (0.0%)

There are no bond length outliers.

All (4) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
2	F	63	HIS	CA-C-N	5.29	125.95	120.03
2	F	63	HIS	C-N-CA	5.29	125.95	120.03
1	I	132	VAL	CA-C-N	5.01	127.00	120.28
1	I	132	VAL	C-N-CA	5.01	127.00	120.28

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1057	0	1060	8	0
1	C	1057	0	1060	9	0
1	E	1057	0	1060	7	0
1	G	1057	0	1060	25	0
1	I	1069	0	1073	4	0
1	K	1057	0	1060	16	0
2	B	1123	0	1118	19	0
2	D	1123	0	1118	9	0
2	F	1123	0	1118	10	0
2	H	1116	0	1106	17	0
2	J	1123	0	1118	18	0
2	L	1123	0	1118	4	0
3	A	43	0	30	3	0
3	B	43	0	30	3	0
3	C	43	0	30	4	0
3	D	43	0	30	4	0
3	E	43	0	30	4	0
3	F	43	0	30	4	0
3	G	43	0	30	6	0
3	H	43	0	30	4	0
3	I	43	0	30	4	0
3	J	43	0	30	4	0
3	K	43	0	30	5	0
3	L	43	0	30	3	0
4	A	2	0	0	0	0
4	B	2	0	0	0	0
4	C	2	0	0	0	0
4	D	2	0	0	0	0
4	E	2	0	0	0	0
4	F	2	0	0	0	0
4	G	2	0	0	0	0
4	H	2	0	0	0	0
4	I	2	0	0	1	0
4	J	2	0	0	1	0
4	K	2	0	0	0	0
4	L	2	0	0	0	0
5	A	15	0	0	0	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
5	B	8	0	0	1	0
5	C	16	0	0	0	0
5	D	21	0	0	0	0
5	E	12	0	0	0	0
5	F	14	0	0	1	0
5	G	14	0	0	1	0
5	H	7	0	0	0	0
5	I	9	0	0	0	0
5	J	9	0	0	0	0
5	K	4	0	0	0	0
5	L	10	0	0	0	0
All	All	13764	0	13429	174	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 6.

The worst 5 of 174 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:B:37:TRP:HA	1:C:92:ARG:HG3	1.62	0.81
1:K:66:LEU:O	1:K:70:VAL:HG23	1.83	0.79
2:B:32:LEU:HD23	2:B:38:THR:HG23	1.65	0.76
3:J:201:HEM:HMC2	3:J:201:HEM:HBC2	1.68	0.75
2:B:1:VAL:HG12	5:B:305:HOH:O	1.86	0.74

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	138/142 (97%)	133 (96%)	5 (4%)	0	100 100

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	C	138/142 (97%)	131 (95%)	7 (5%)	0	100	100
1	E	138/142 (97%)	129 (94%)	9 (6%)	0	100	100
1	G	138/142 (97%)	128 (93%)	9 (6%)	1 (1%)	18	21
1	I	139/142 (98%)	134 (96%)	5 (4%)	0	100	100
1	K	138/142 (97%)	129 (94%)	9 (6%)	0	100	100
2	B	144/147 (98%)	136 (94%)	8 (6%)	0	100	100
2	D	144/147 (98%)	139 (96%)	5 (4%)	0	100	100
2	F	144/147 (98%)	142 (99%)	2 (1%)	0	100	100
2	H	143/147 (97%)	135 (94%)	5 (4%)	3 (2%)	5	4
2	J	144/147 (98%)	140 (97%)	4 (3%)	0	100	100
2	L	144/147 (98%)	137 (95%)	7 (5%)	0	100	100
All	All	1692/1734 (98%)	1613 (95%)	75 (4%)	4 (0%)	43	53

All (4) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	H	3	LEU
2	H	5	PRO
1	G	72	HIS
2	H	4	THR

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	112/114 (98%)	110 (98%)	2 (2%)	51	68
1	C	112/114 (98%)	107 (96%)	5 (4%)	24	35
1	E	112/114 (98%)	108 (96%)	4 (4%)	31	44
1	G	112/114 (98%)	105 (94%)	7 (6%)	16	21
1	I	113/114 (99%)	109 (96%)	4 (4%)	32	45

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	K	112/114 (98%)	103 (92%)	9 (8%)	11	13
2	B	118/119 (99%)	113 (96%)	5 (4%)	26	37
2	D	118/119 (99%)	115 (98%)	3 (2%)	42	58
2	F	118/119 (99%)	113 (96%)	5 (4%)	26	37
2	H	117/119 (98%)	111 (95%)	6 (5%)	21	29
2	J	118/119 (99%)	112 (95%)	6 (5%)	21	29
2	L	118/119 (99%)	111 (94%)	7 (6%)	18	23
All	All	1380/1398 (99%)	1317 (95%)	63 (5%)	24	34

5 of 63 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	G	116	GLU
1	K	92	ARG
2	H	82	LYS
1	K	85	ASP
2	L	75	LEU

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 16 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	L	63	HIS
2	L	2	HIS
2	F	139	ASN
1	I	68	ASN
2	D	143	HIS

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

24 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$
4	CMO	A	202	-	0,1,1	-	-	-		
3	HEM	K	201	1	50,50,50	1.54	5 (10%)	66,82,82	1.53	12 (18%)
3	HEM	A	201	1	50,50,50	1.55	6 (12%)	66,82,82	1.51	12 (18%)
4	CMO	H	202	-	0,1,1	-	-	-		
4	CMO	F	202	-	0,1,1	-	-	-		
3	HEM	J	201	2,4	50,50,50	1.56	6 (12%)	66,82,82	1.51	11 (16%)
3	HEM	C	201	1,4	50,50,50	1.59	7 (14%)	66,82,82	1.47	11 (16%)
3	HEM	G	201	1	50,50,50	1.57	7 (14%)	66,82,82	1.56	13 (19%)
3	HEM	D	201	2	50,50,50	1.53	5 (10%)	66,82,82	1.60	14 (21%)
4	CMO	E	202	-	0,1,1	-	-	-		
4	CMO	L	202	-	0,1,1	-	-	-		
3	HEM	H	201	2	50,50,50	1.57	9 (18%)	66,82,82	1.62	13 (19%)
3	HEM	F	201	2	50,50,50	1.56	7 (14%)	66,82,82	1.59	13 (19%)
4	CMO	B	202	-	0,1,1	-	-	-		
4	CMO	G	202	-	0,1,1	-	-	-		
4	CMO	K	202	-	0,1,1	-	-	-		
4	CMO	I	202	-	0,1,1	-	-	-		
4	CMO	D	202	-	0,1,1	-	-	-		
3	HEM	E	201	1	50,50,50	1.55	6 (12%)	66,82,82	1.57	14 (21%)
3	HEM	L	201	2	50,50,50	1.52	6 (12%)	66,82,82	1.59	12 (18%)
3	HEM	I	201	1	50,50,50	1.51	5 (10%)	66,82,82	1.52	10 (15%)
4	CMO	C	202	3	0,1,1	-	-	-		
3	HEM	B	201	2	50,50,50	1.52	5 (10%)	66,82,82	1.59	11 (16%)
4	CMO	J	202	3	0,1,1	-	-	-		

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	HEM	F	201	2	-	4/14/54/54	-
3	HEM	E	201	1	-	4/14/54/54	-
3	HEM	G	201	1	-	2/14/54/54	-
3	HEM	K	201	1	-	3/14/54/54	-
3	HEM	I	201	1	-	4/14/54/54	-
3	HEM	L	201	2	-	5/14/54/54	-
3	HEM	A	201	1	-	2/14/54/54	-
3	HEM	J	201	2,4	-	6/14/54/54	-
3	HEM	D	201	2	-	2/14/54/54	-
3	HEM	B	201	2	-	4/14/54/54	-
3	HEM	C	201	1,4	-	2/14/54/54	-
3	HEM	H	201	2	-	4/14/54/54	-

The worst 5 of 74 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
3	C	201	HEM	FE-NB	5.51	2.11	1.94
3	B	201	HEM	FE-NB	5.42	2.11	1.94
3	K	201	HEM	FE-NB	5.37	2.11	1.94
3	E	201	HEM	FE-NB	5.29	2.11	1.94
3	G	201	HEM	FE-NB	5.21	2.11	1.94

The worst 5 of 146 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
3	H	201	HEM	CHC-C4B-NB	5.18	130.05	124.42
3	B	201	HEM	CHC-C4B-NB	5.17	130.04	124.42
3	L	201	HEM	CHC-C4B-NB	5.07	129.93	124.42
3	G	201	HEM	CHC-C4B-NB	4.76	129.59	124.42
3	K	201	HEM	CHC-C4B-NB	4.70	129.52	124.42

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 42 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	J	201	HEM	C2D-C3D-CAD-CBD
3	J	201	HEM	C4D-C3D-CAD-CBD
3	K	201	HEM	C2A-CAA-CBA-CGA
3	L	201	HEM	C2A-CAA-CBA-CGA
3	D	201	HEM	CAD-CBD-CGD-O1D

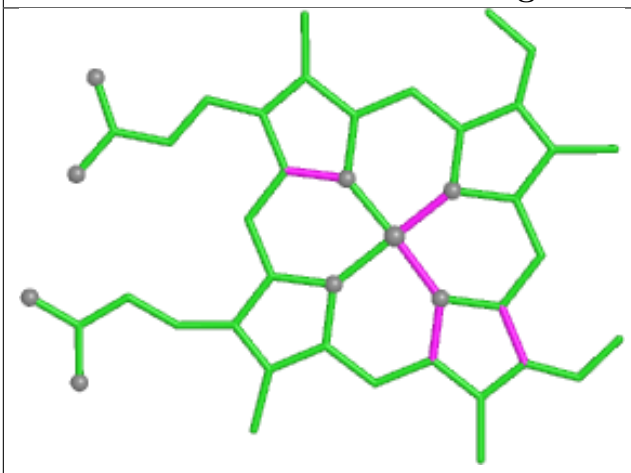
There are no ring outliers.

14 monomers are involved in 50 short contacts:

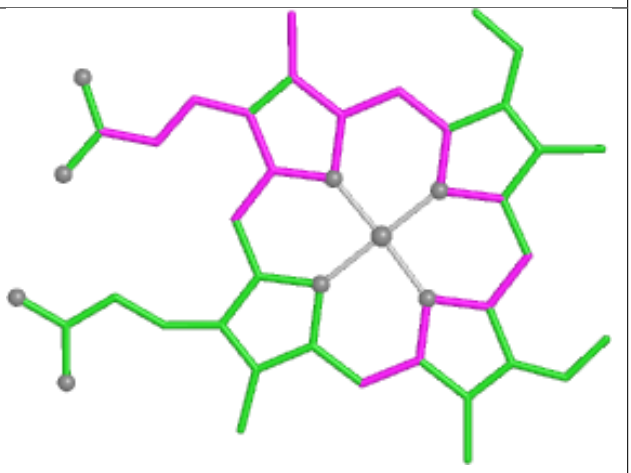
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	K	201	HEM	5	0
3	A	201	HEM	3	0
3	J	201	HEM	4	0
3	C	201	HEM	4	0
3	G	201	HEM	6	0
3	D	201	HEM	4	0
3	H	201	HEM	4	0
3	F	201	HEM	4	0
4	I	202	CMO	1	0
3	E	201	HEM	4	0
3	L	201	HEM	3	0
3	I	201	HEM	4	0
3	B	201	HEM	3	0
4	J	202	CMO	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.

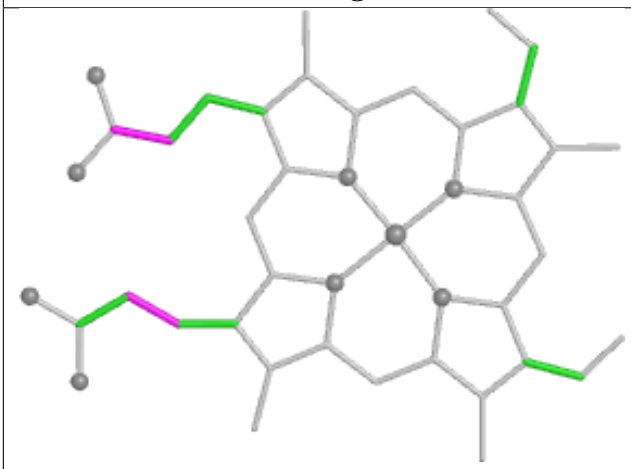
Ligand HEM K 201



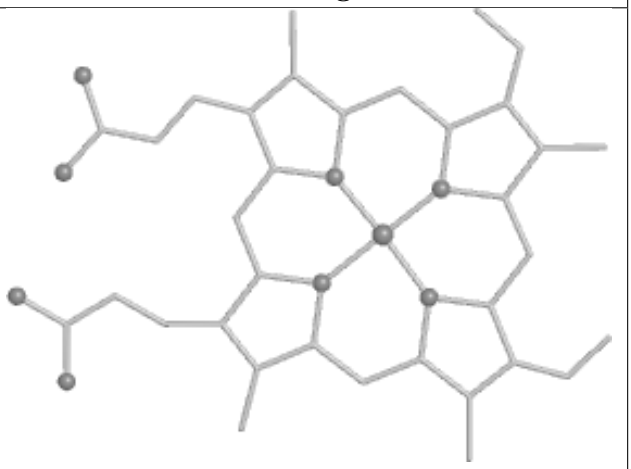
Bond lengths



Bond angles

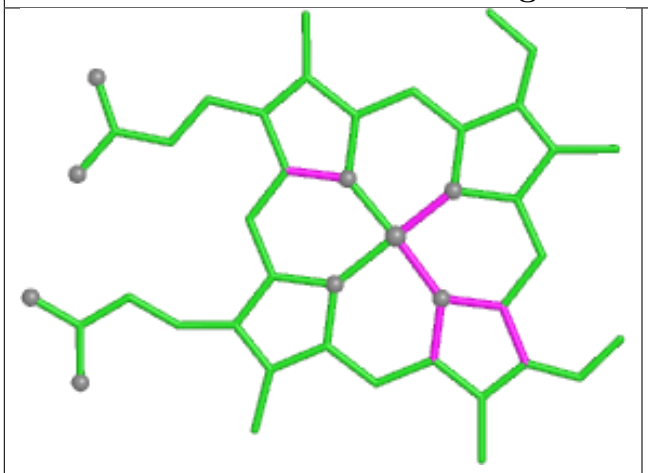


Torsions



Rings

Ligand HEM A 201



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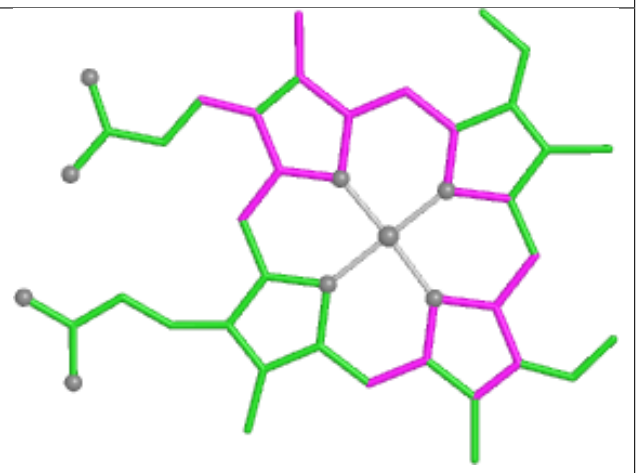

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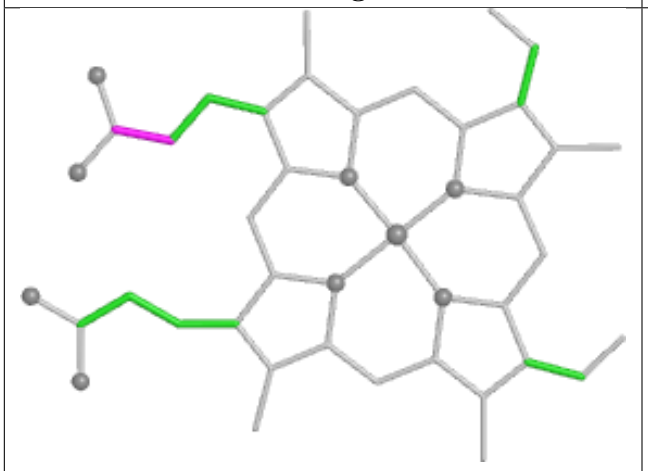

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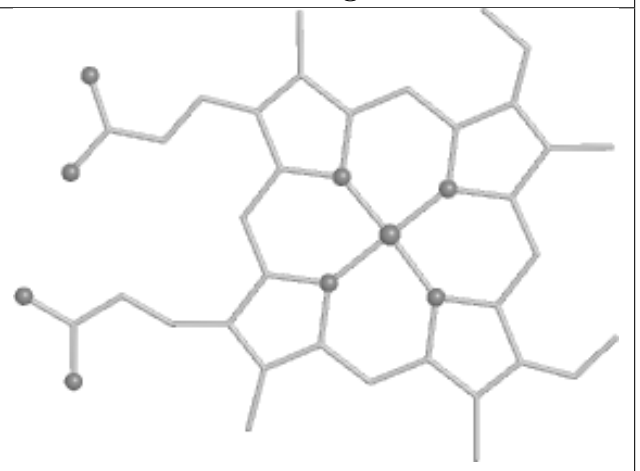

Rings

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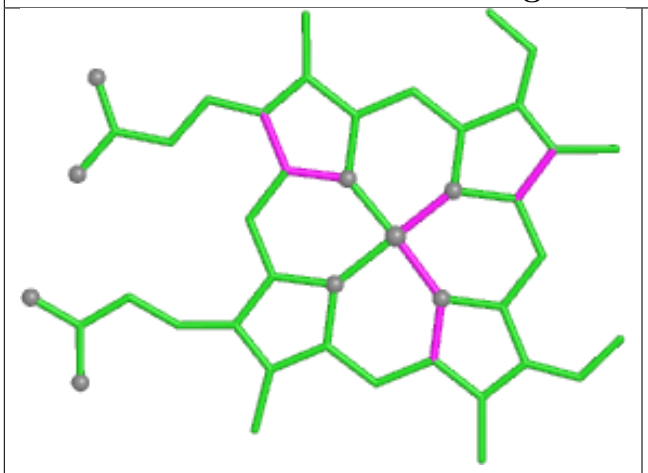

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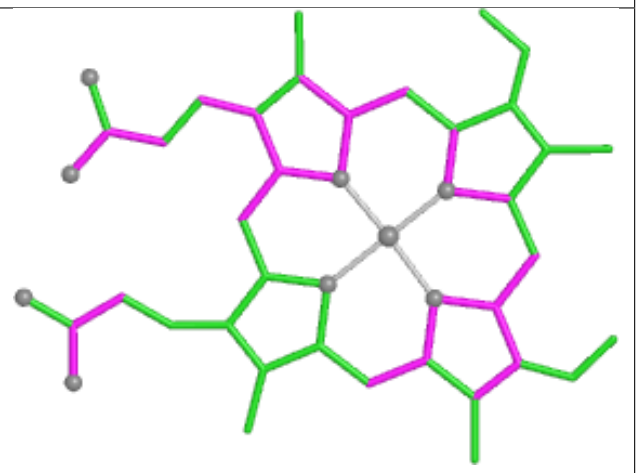

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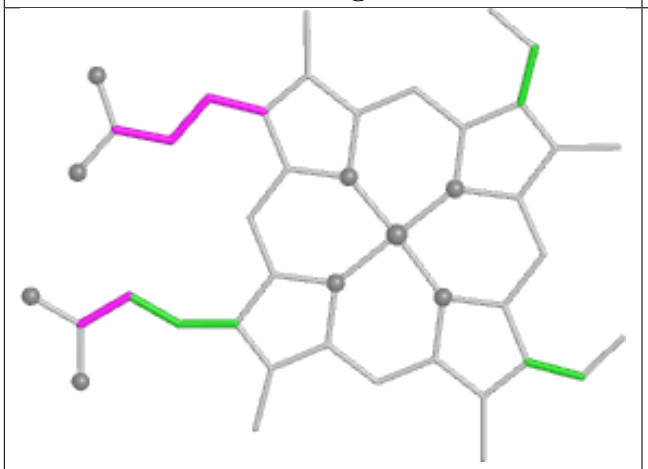

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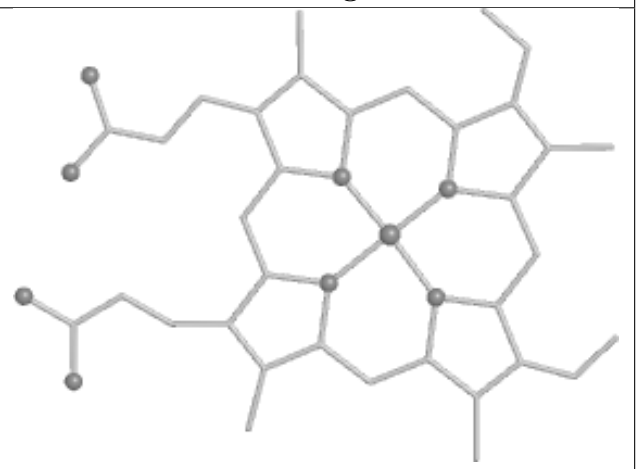

Rings

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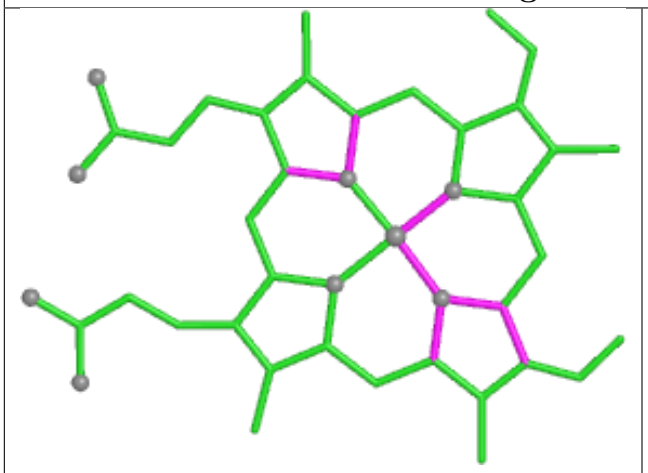

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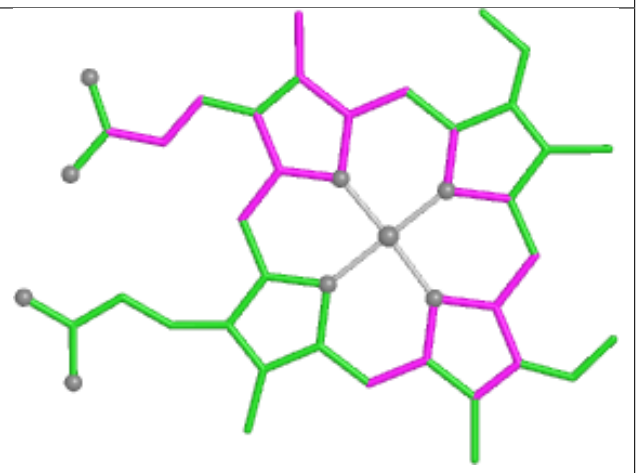

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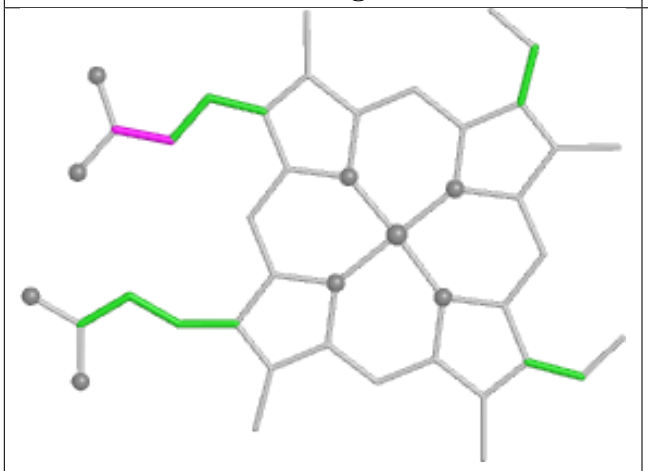

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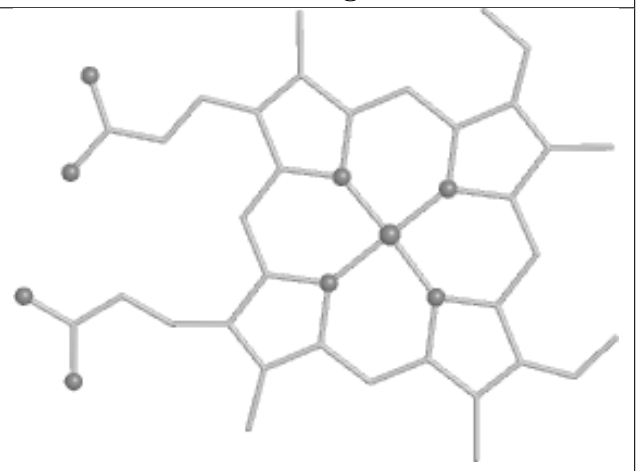
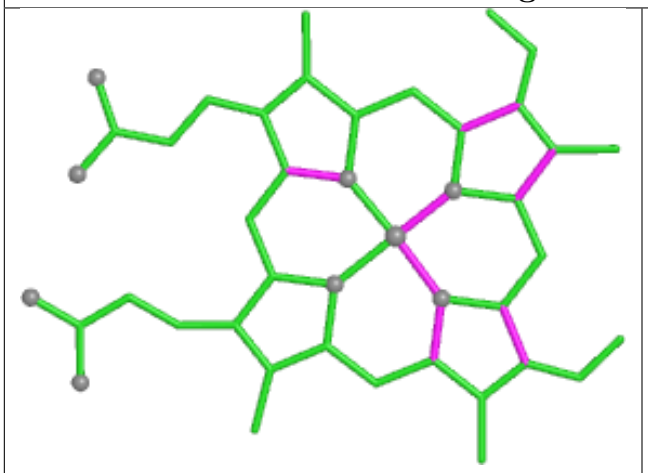


Rings

Ligand HEM G 201



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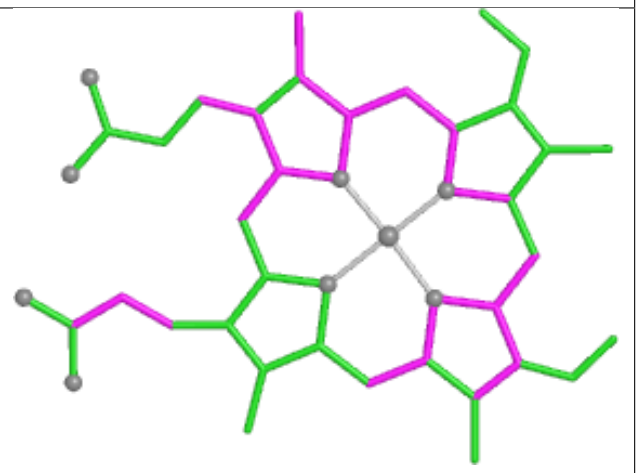

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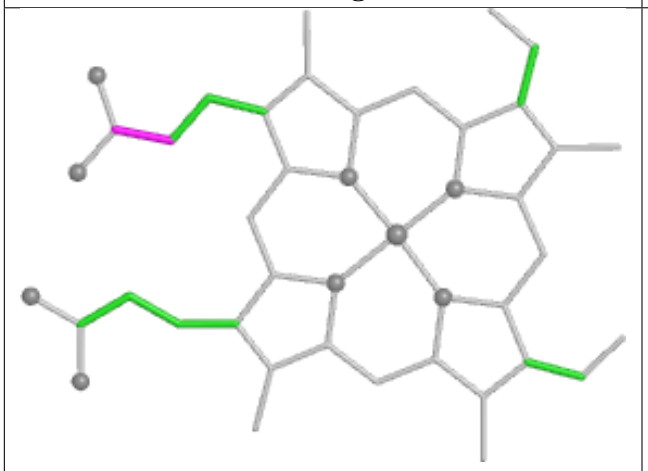

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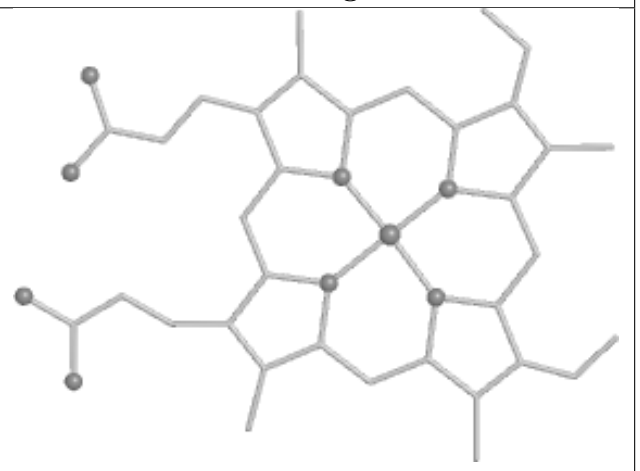

Rings

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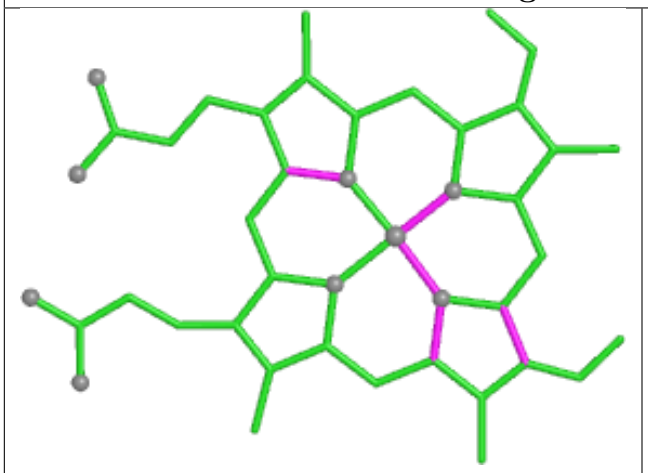

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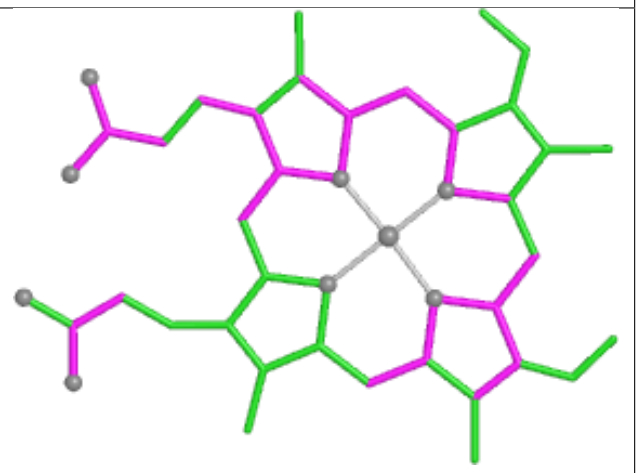
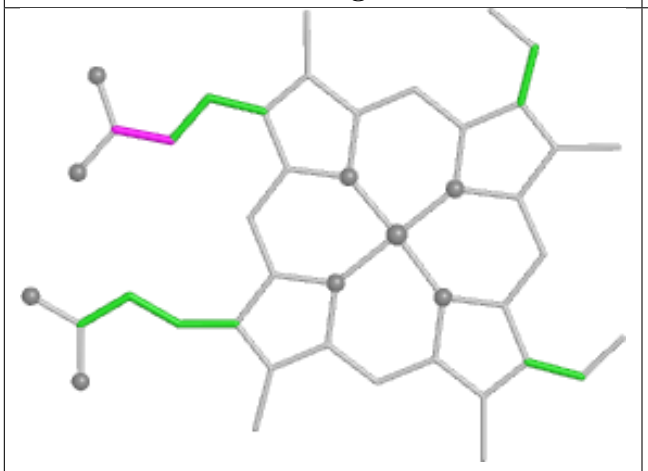


Bond angles



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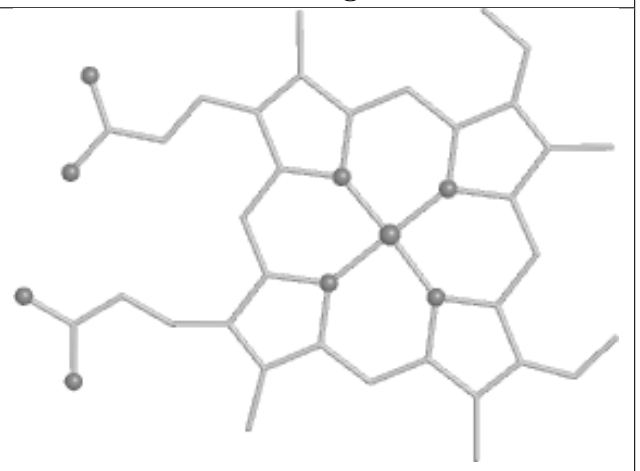
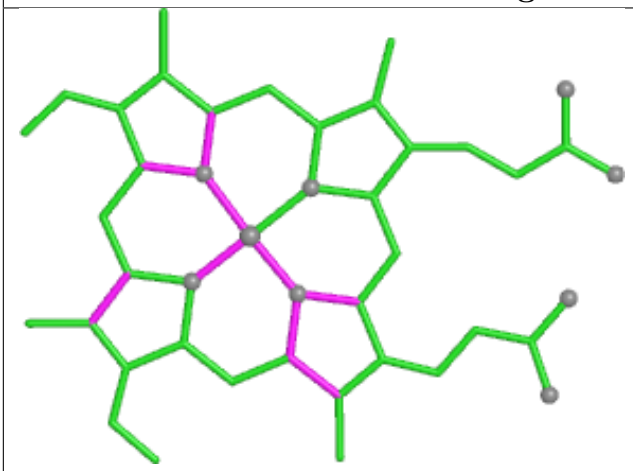


Rings

Ligand HEM H 201



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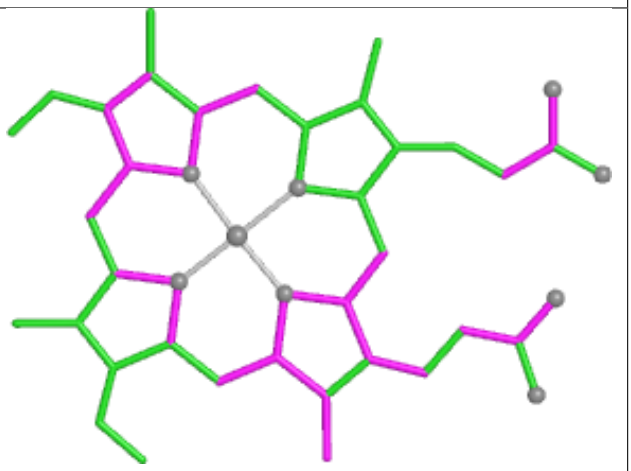
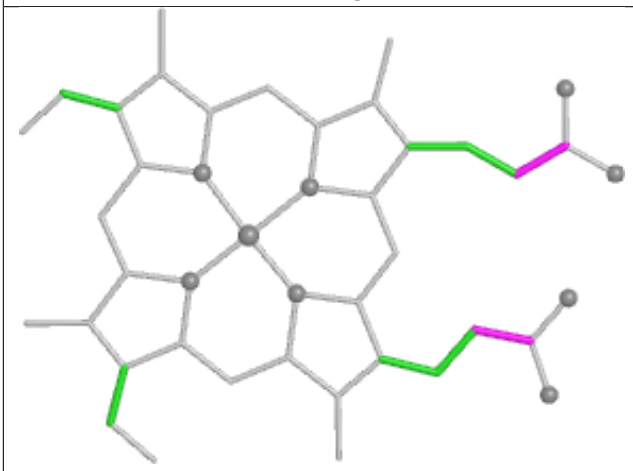


Bond angles



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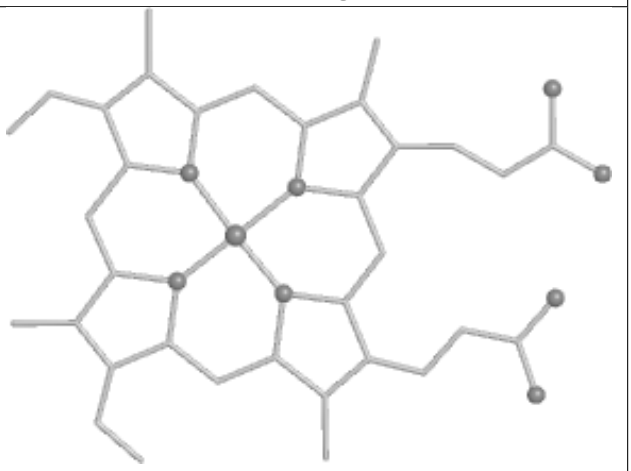

Rings

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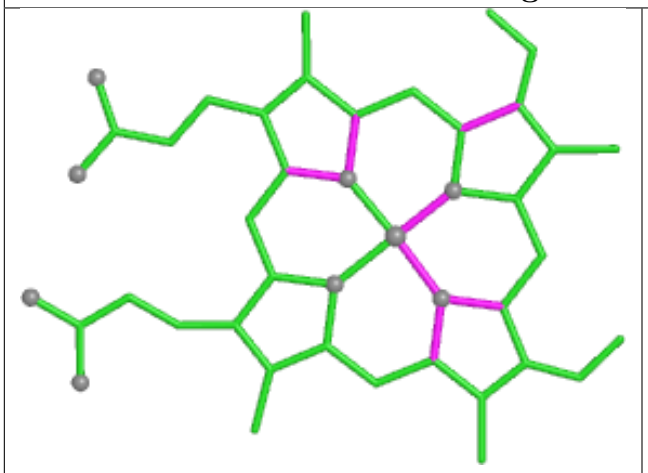
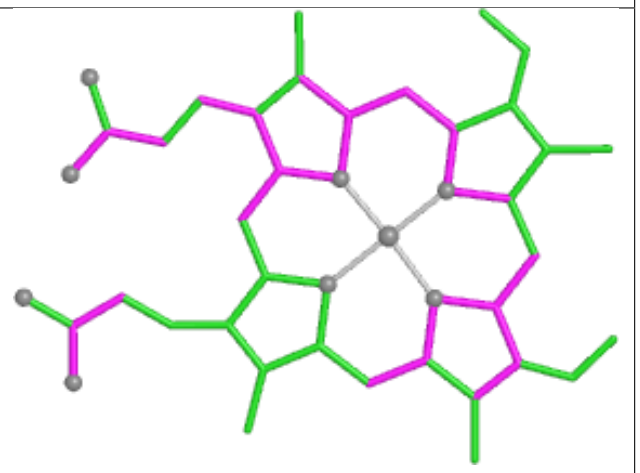
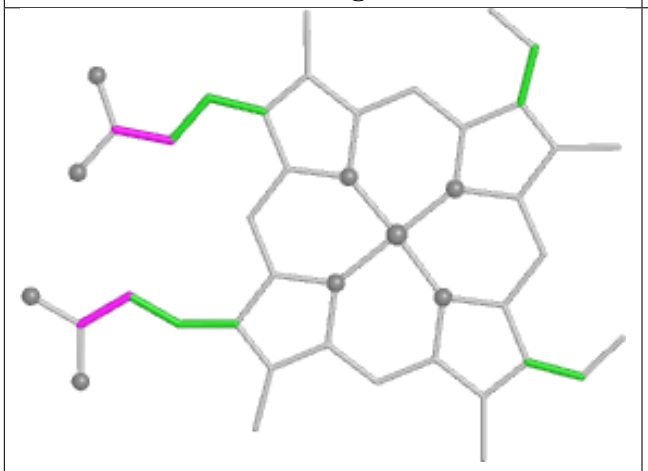


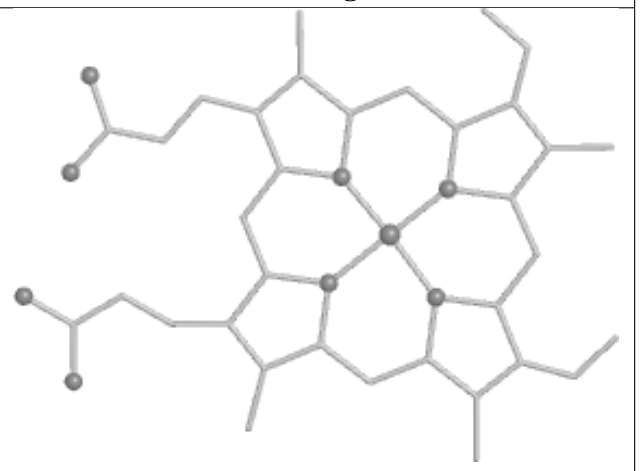
Bond lengths



Bond angles

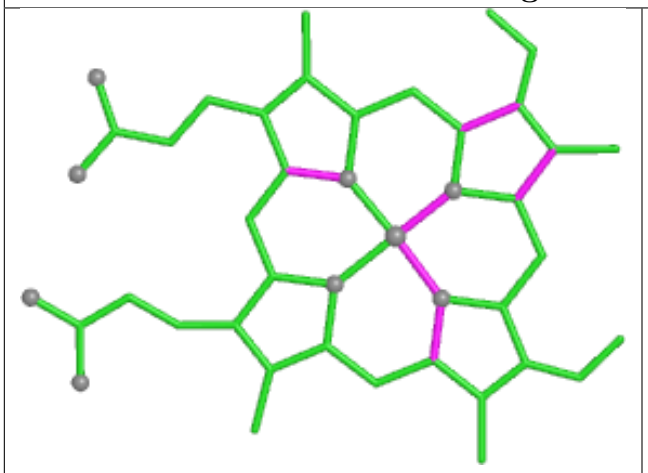


Torsions

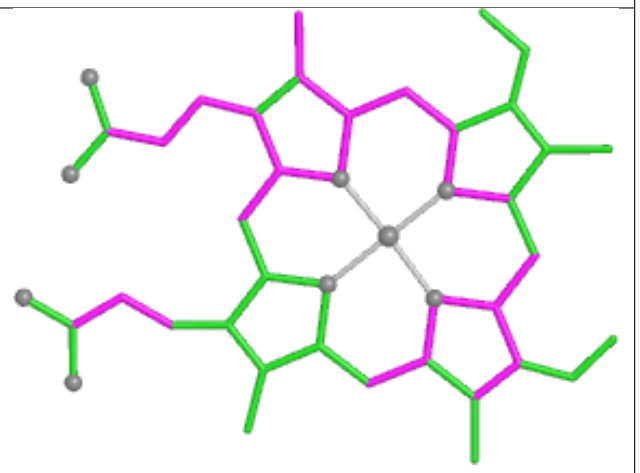


Rings

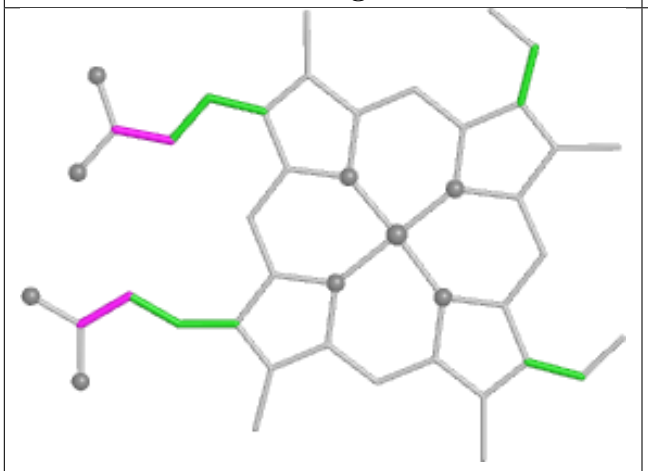
Ligand HEM E 201



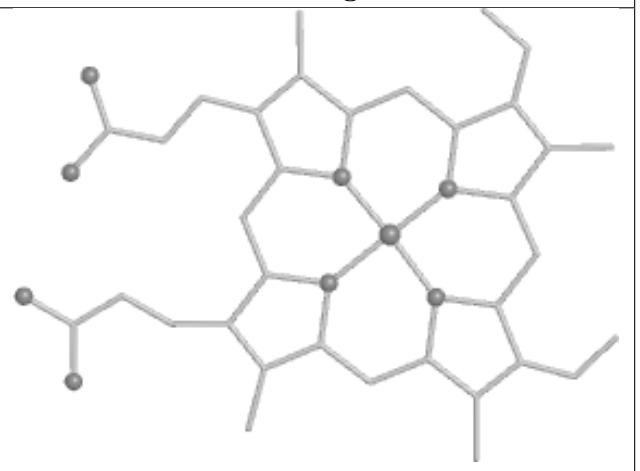
Bond lengths



Bond angles

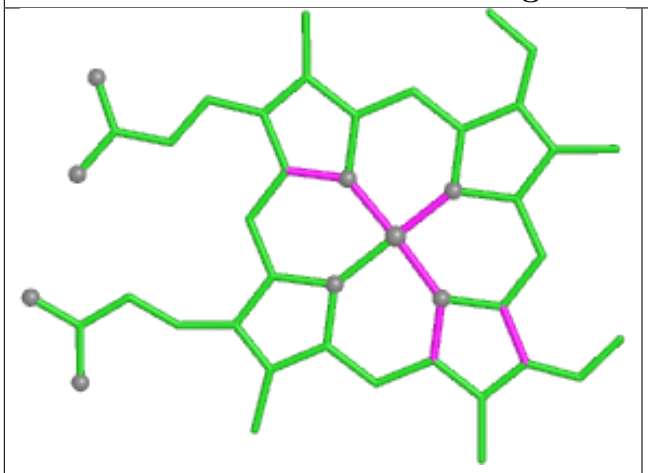


Torsions

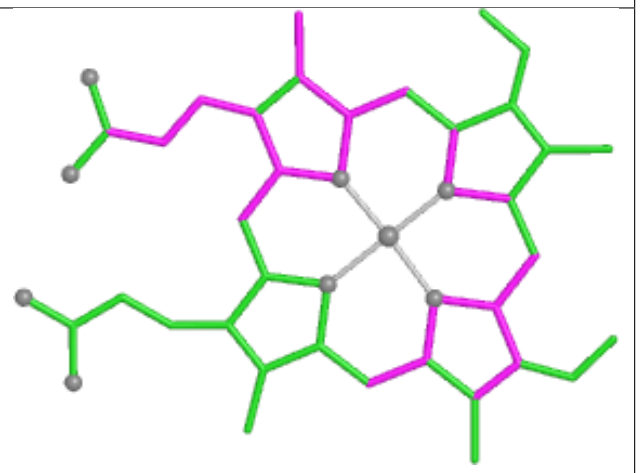


Rings

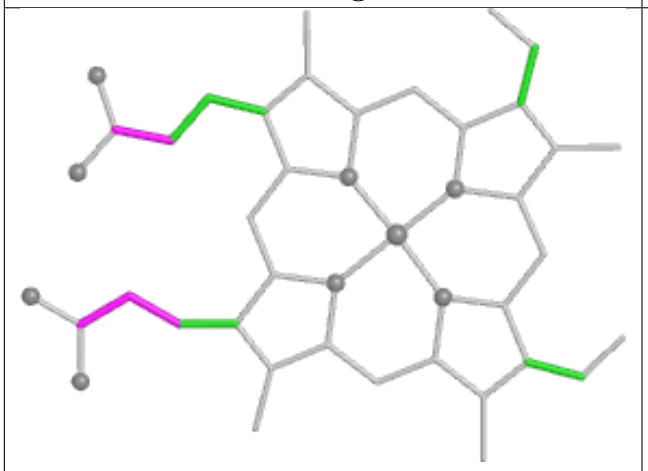
Ligand HEM L 201



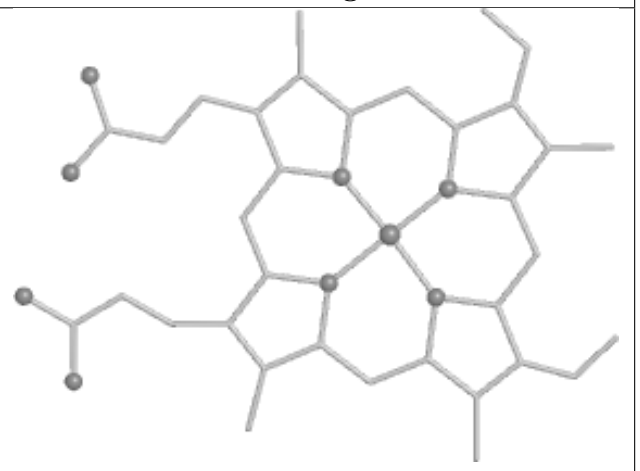
Bond lengths



Bond angles

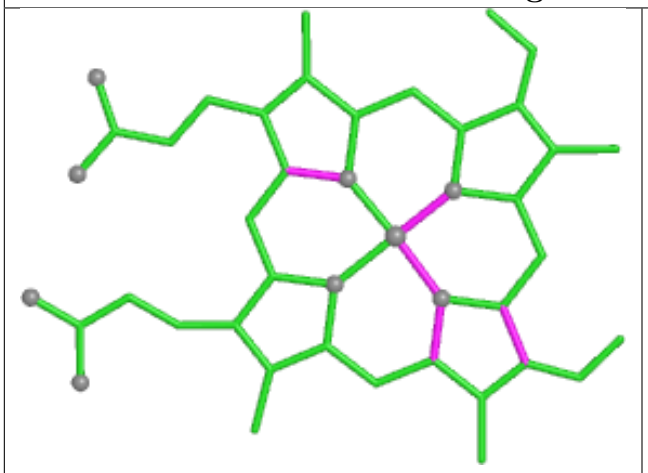


Torsions

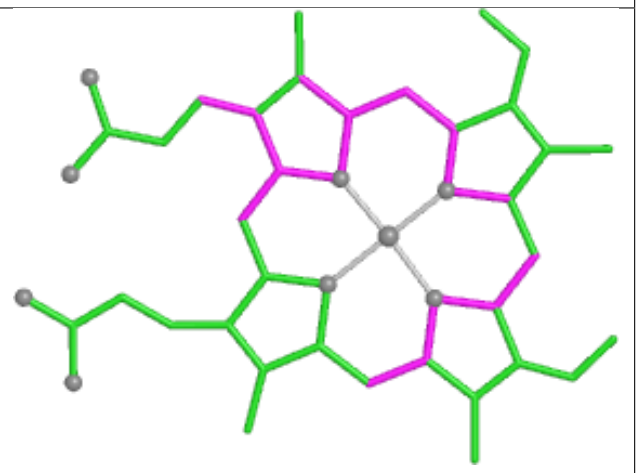


Rings

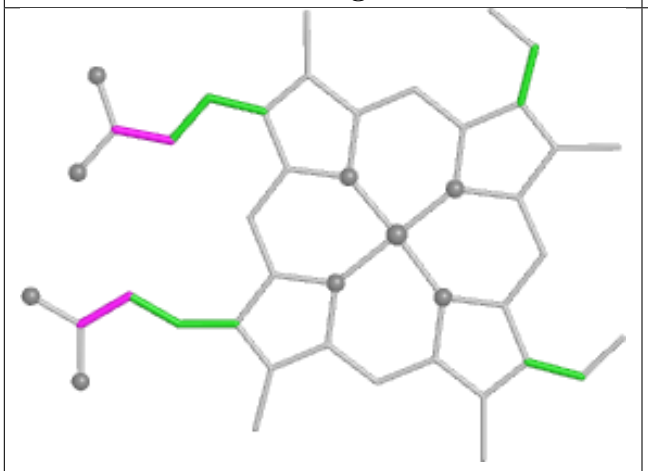
Ligand HEM I 201



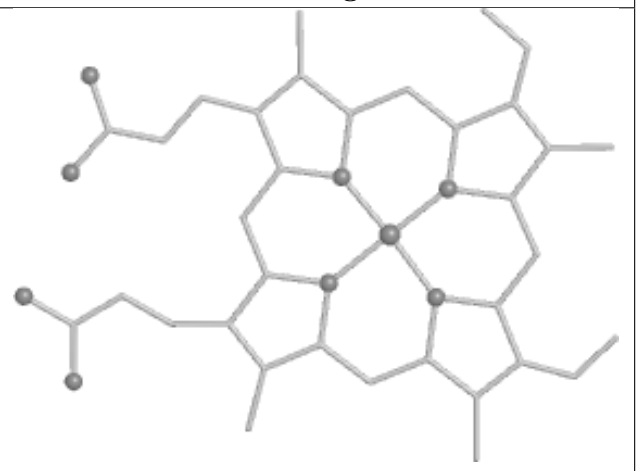
Bond lengths



Bond angles

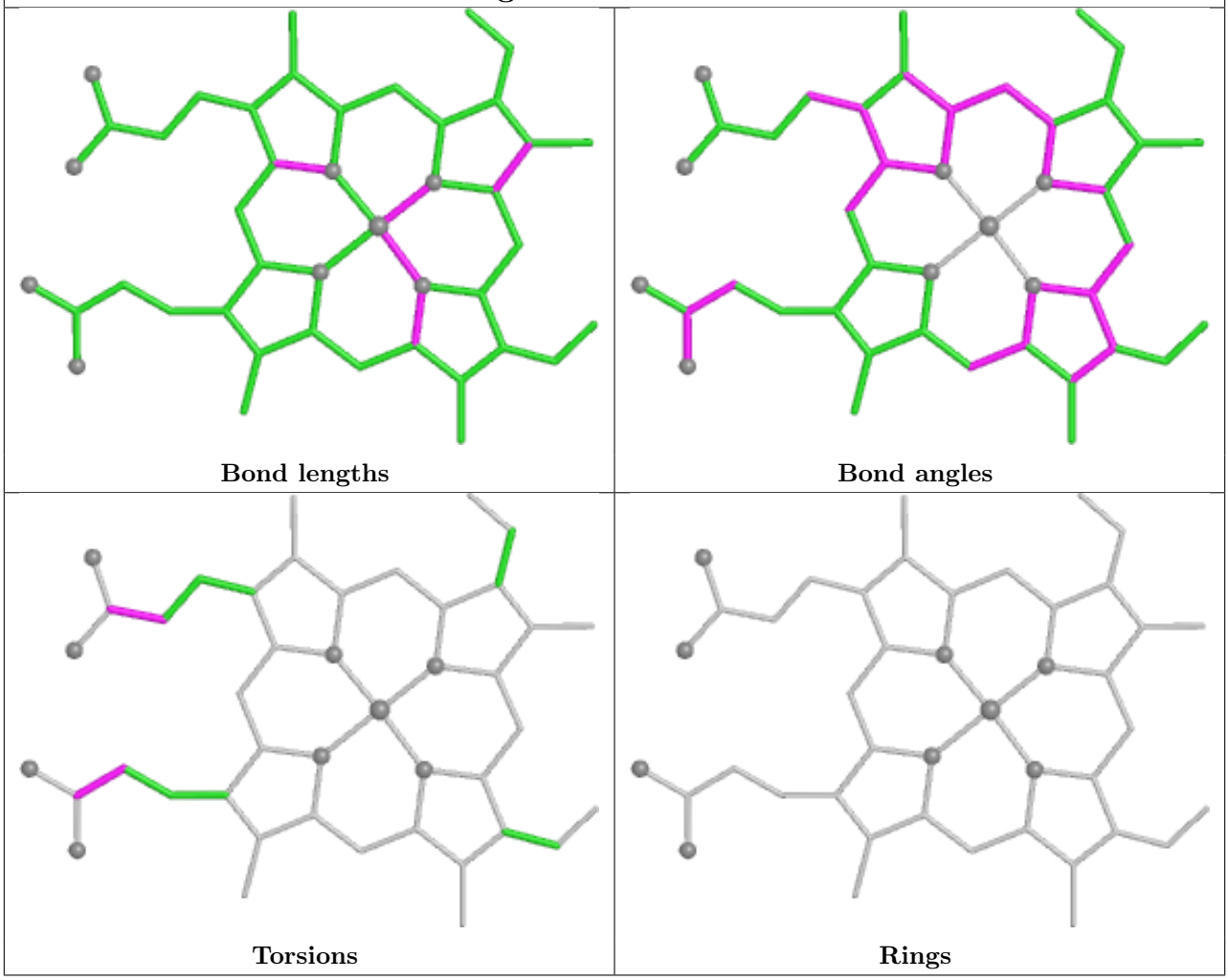


Torsions



Rings

Ligand HEM B 201



5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ> 2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2			OWAB(Å^2)	Q<0.9
1	A	140/142 (98%)	0.15	3 (2%)	63	65	26, 46, 80, 93	0
1	C	140/142 (98%)	-0.09	2 (1%)	73	75	27, 40, 60, 74	0
1	E	140/142 (98%)	0.28	2 (1%)	73	75	33, 53, 79, 103	0
1	G	140/142 (98%)	0.58	7 (5%)	34	35	38, 57, 91, 98	0
1	I	141/142 (99%)	0.20	2 (1%)	73	75	35, 51, 76, 108	0
1	K	140/142 (98%)	0.61	6 (4%)	40	41	42, 66, 88, 99	0
2	B	146/147 (99%)	0.33	4 (2%)	56	58	33, 55, 71, 93	0
2	D	146/147 (99%)	-0.16	2 (1%)	73	75	25, 37, 54, 86	0
2	F	146/147 (99%)	-0.02	4 (2%)	56	58	28, 41, 63, 90	0
2	H	145/147 (98%)	0.52	9 (6%)	26	27	33, 56, 89, 110	0
2	J	146/147 (99%)	0.41	3 (2%)	63	65	39, 57, 84, 121	0
2	L	146/147 (99%)	0.51	6 (4%)	41	43	40, 63, 91, 124	0
All	All	1716/1734 (98%)	0.28	50 (2%)	53	55	25, 52, 84, 124	0

The worst 5 of 50 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	E	140	TYR	4.3
2	L	87	THR	4.1
2	B	1	VAL	3.7
1	C	140	TYR	3.7
2	J	1	VAL	3.5

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

6.4 Ligands (i)

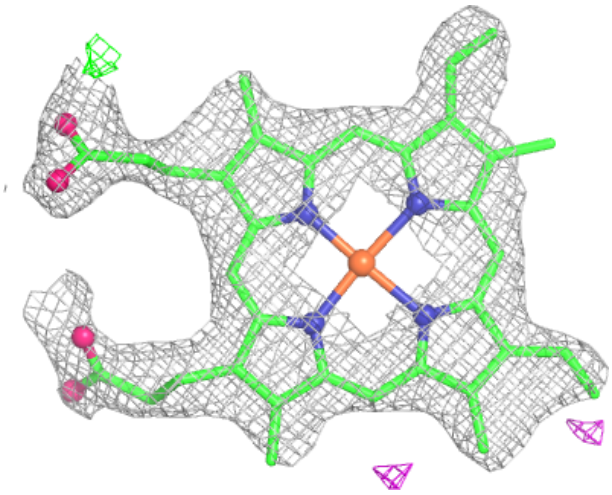
In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

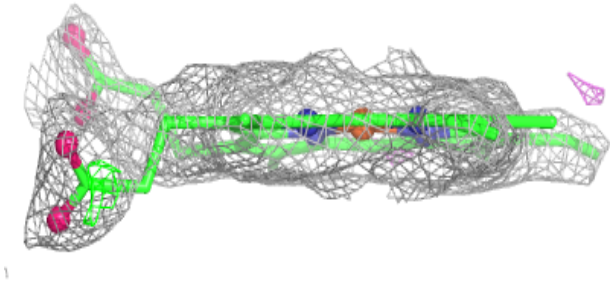
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å^2)	Q<0.9
4	CMO	E	202	2/2	0.90	0.11	50,50,50,59	0
4	CMO	G	202	2/2	0.90	0.13	54,54,54,58	0
4	CMO	H	202	2/2	0.90	0.15	48,48,48,50	0
4	CMO	F	202	2/2	0.91	0.12	33,33,33,42	0
4	CMO	J	202	2/2	0.91	0.16	57,57,57,63	0
4	CMO	K	202	2/2	0.91	0.09	54,54,54,59	0
3	HEM	K	201	43/43	0.93	0.10	54,63,72,77	0
4	CMO	I	202	2/2	0.93	0.13	44,44,44,53	0
4	CMO	L	202	2/2	0.93	0.14	54,54,54,60	0
3	HEM	G	201	43/43	0.94	0.12	57,69,79,81	0
3	HEM	J	201	43/43	0.95	0.10	43,48,62,65	0
4	CMO	D	202	2/2	0.95	0.06	35,35,35,37	0
3	HEM	H	201	43/43	0.96	0.10	43,48,60,64	0
3	HEM	L	201	43/43	0.96	0.08	50,57,72,80	0
4	CMO	A	202	2/2	0.96	0.06	39,39,39,40	0
4	CMO	B	202	2/2	0.96	0.07	43,43,43,46	0
4	CMO	C	202	2/2	0.96	0.07	31,31,31,34	0
3	HEM	I	201	43/43	0.96	0.08	41,45,58,66	0
3	HEM	E	201	43/43	0.96	0.09	41,52,66,71	0
3	HEM	B	201	43/43	0.97	0.08	41,51,59,63	0
3	HEM	D	201	43/43	0.97	0.07	29,34,43,47	0
3	HEM	A	201	43/43	0.97	0.09	33,37,45,50	0
3	HEM	C	201	43/43	0.98	0.06	31,36,49,53	0
3	HEM	F	201	43/43	0.98	0.06	28,32,43,45	0

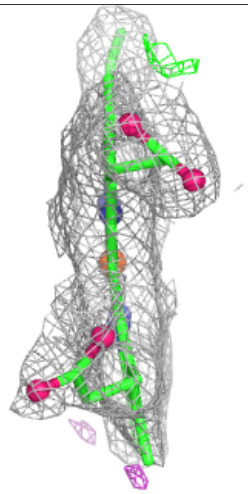
The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

Electron density around HEM K 201:

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

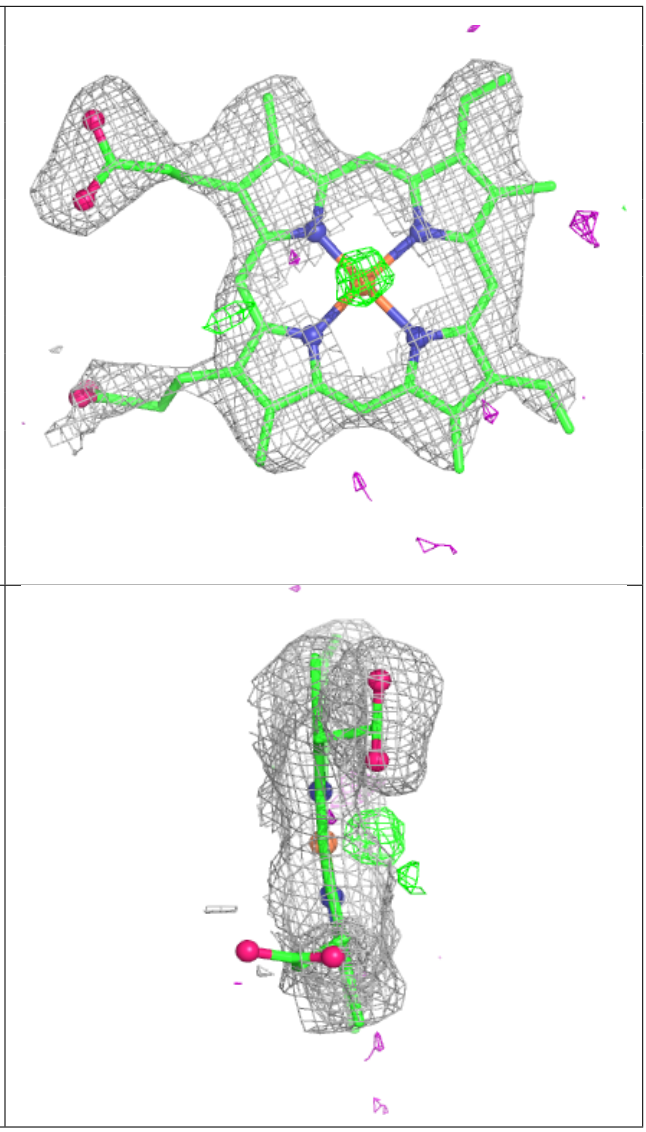






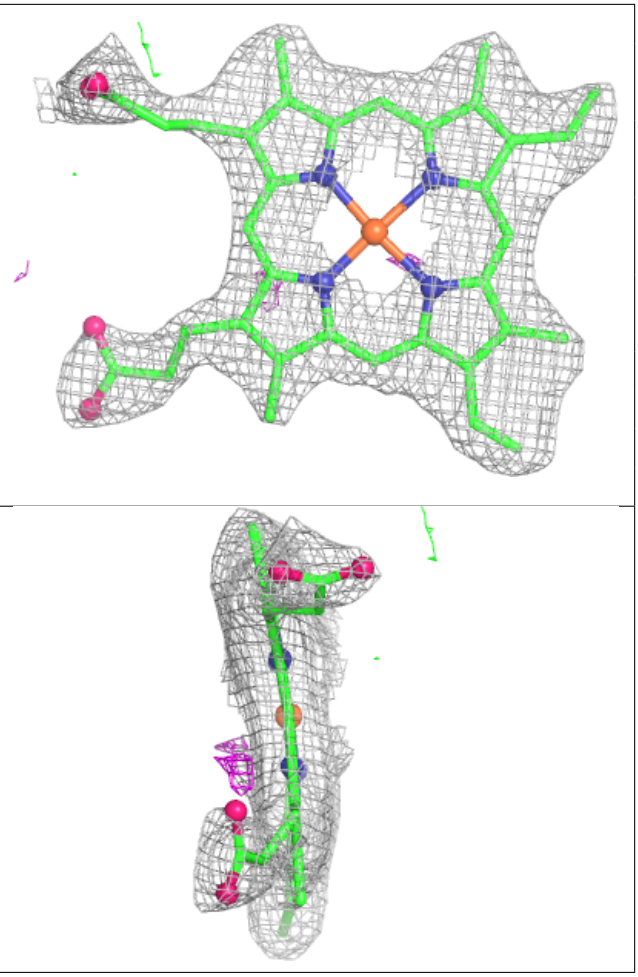
Electron density around HEM G 201:

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



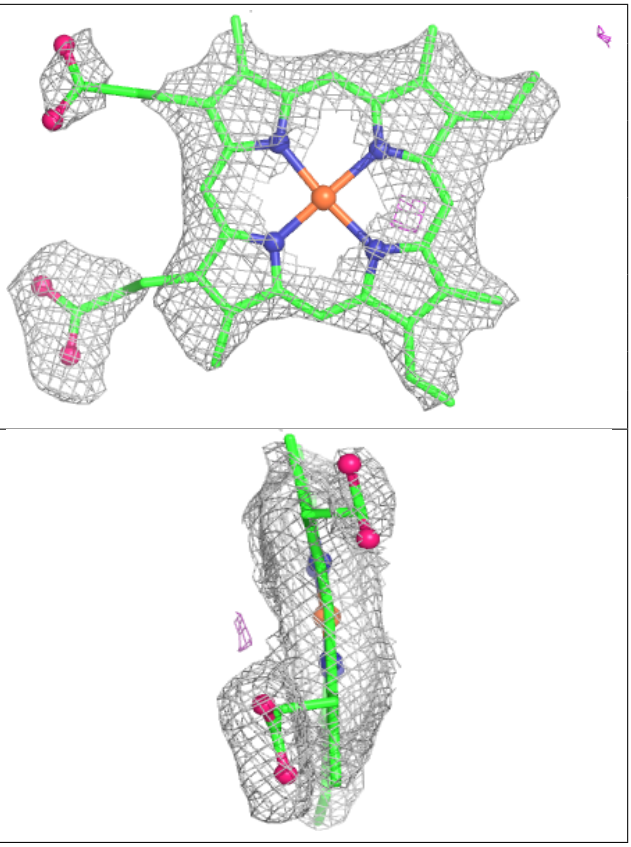
Electron density around HEM J 201:

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



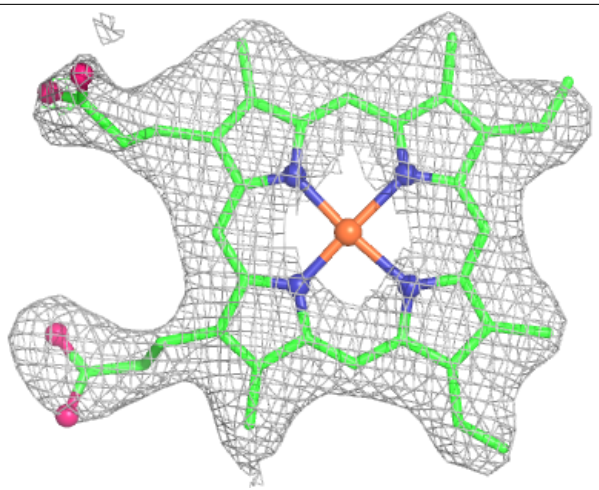
Electron density around HEM H 201:

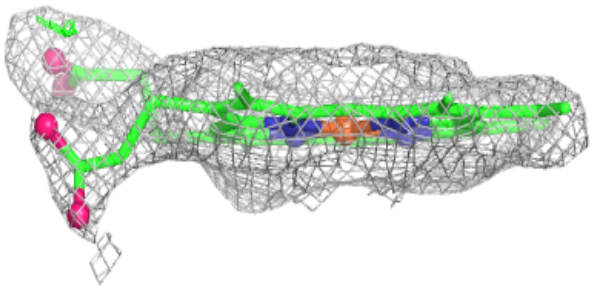
$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

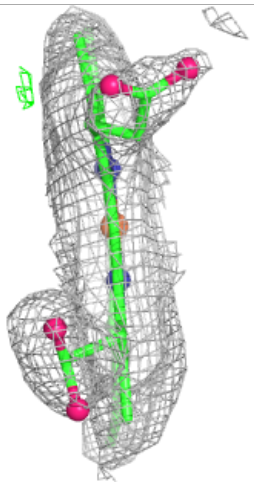


Electron density around HEM L 201:

2mF$_o$-DF$_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF$_o$-DF$_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

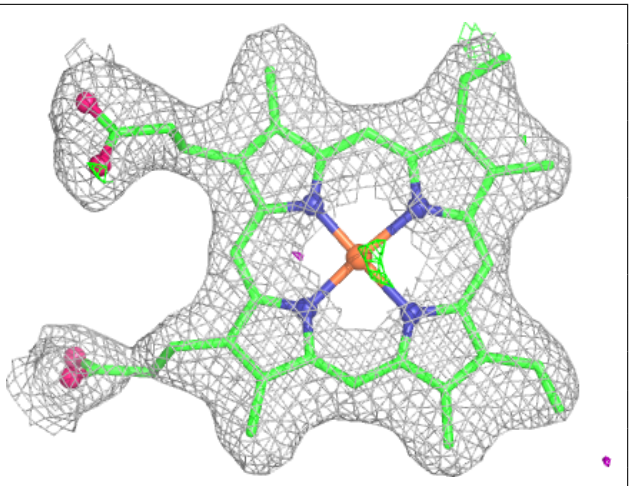


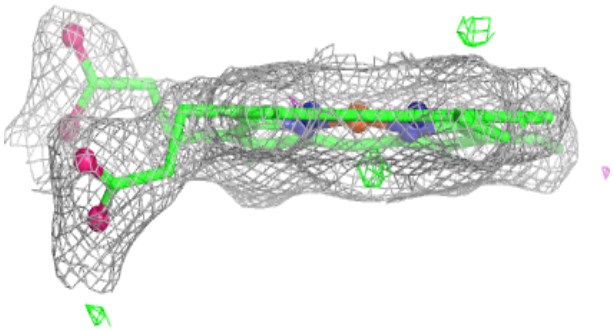




Electron density around HEM I 201:

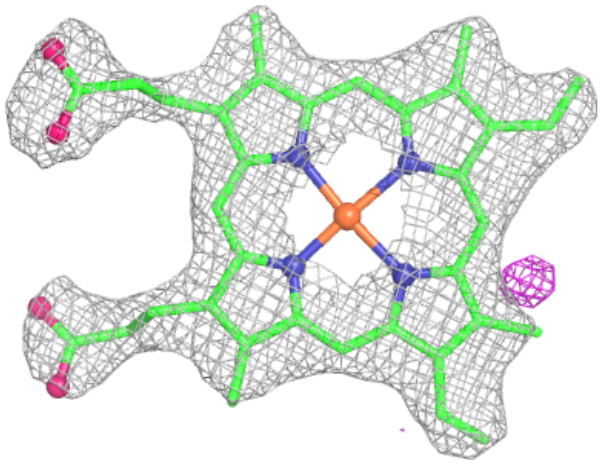
2mF$_o$-DF$_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF$_o$-DF$_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

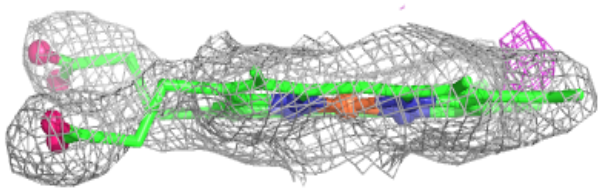


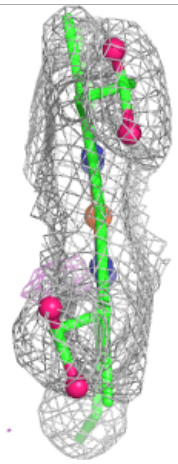


Electron density around HEM E 201:

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

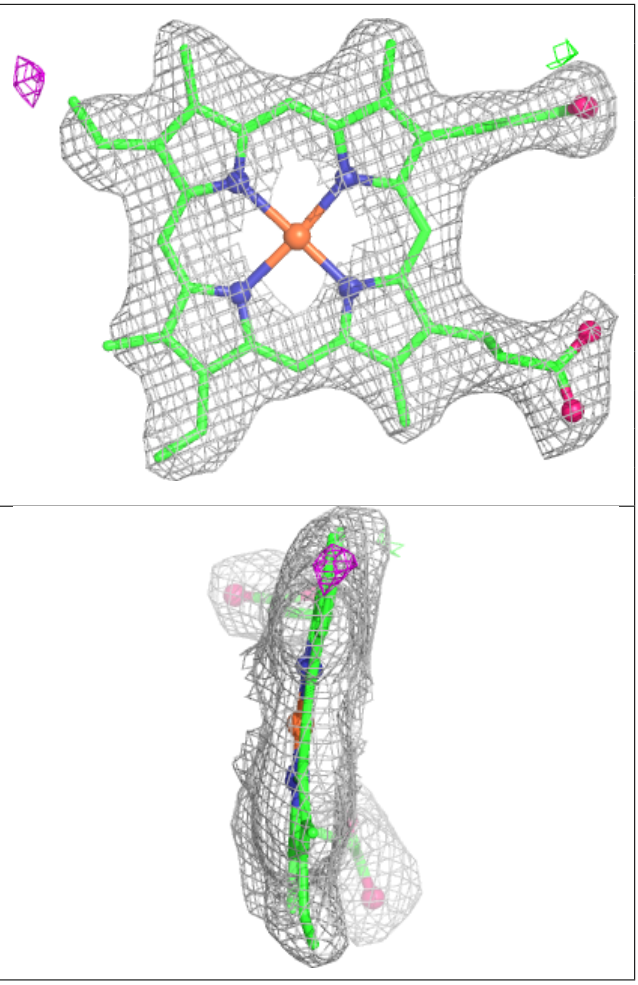






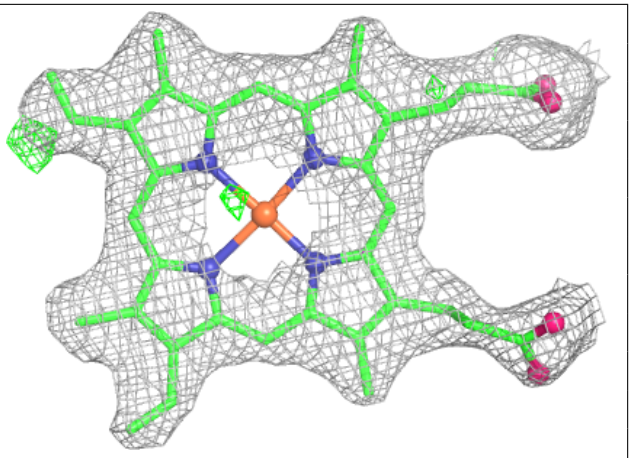
Electron density around HEM B 201:

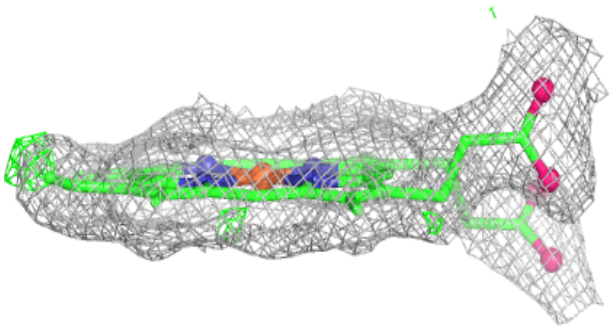
$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

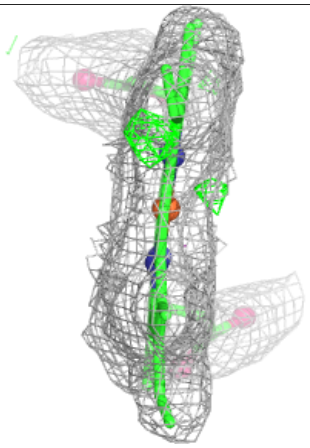


Electron density around HEM D 201:

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

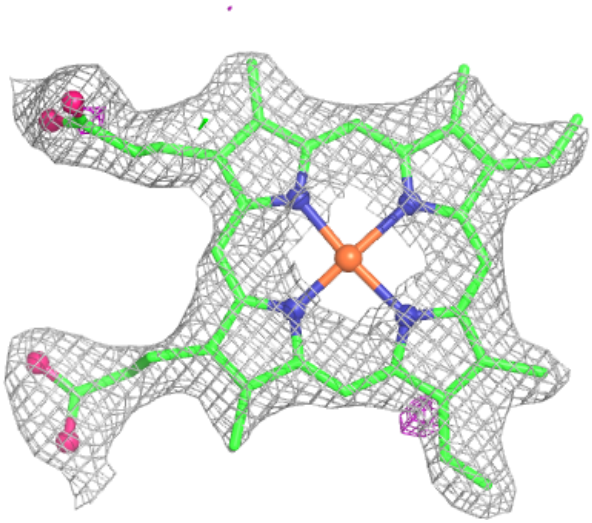


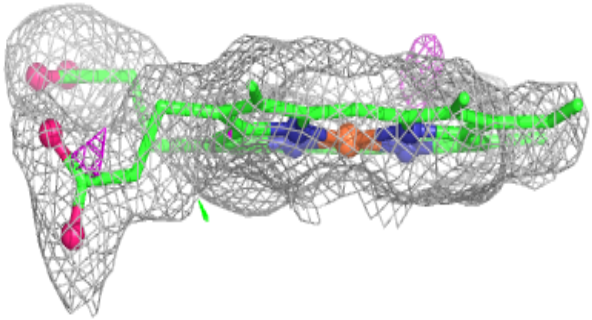


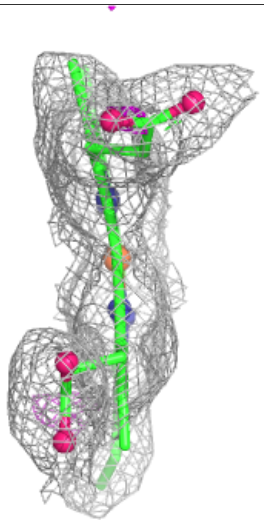


Electron density around HEM A 201:

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

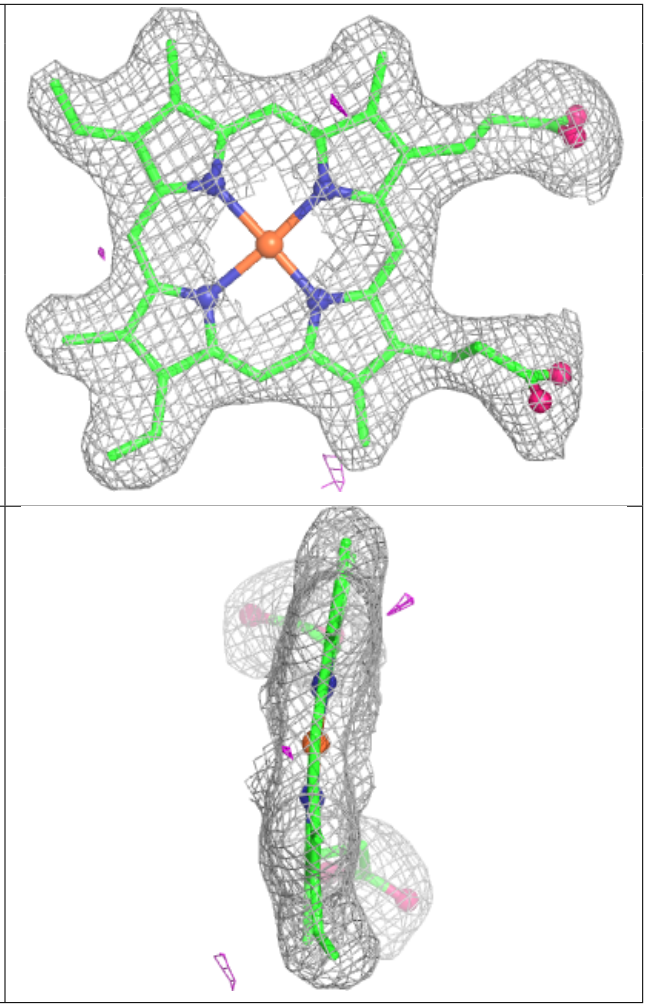






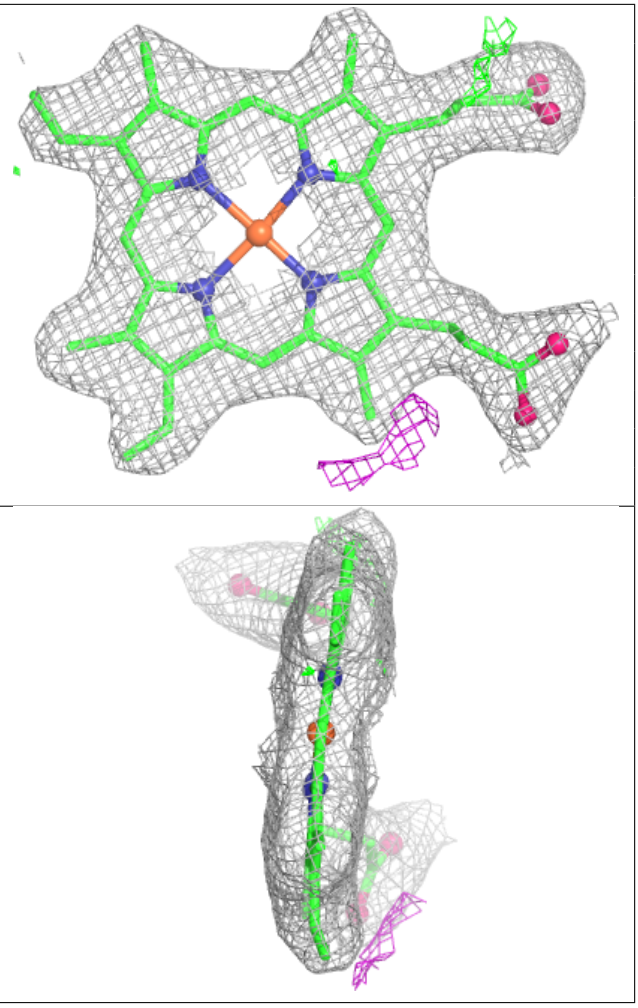
Electron density around HEM C 201:

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



Electron density around HEM F 201:

2mF$_o$-DF$_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF$_o$-DF$_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.