wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Aug 24, 2026 – 05:26 am BST

PDB ID	:	8RXJ / pdb_00008rxj
Title	:	Nitratidesulfovibrio vulgaris [FeFe] hydrogenase C178A mutant in Hinact-like state derivatized with krypton
Authors	:	Bikbaev, K.; Harand, T.; Scheuenstuhl, L.; Carpentier, P.; Span, I.
Deposited on	:	2024-02-07
Resolution	:	1.51 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at
http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

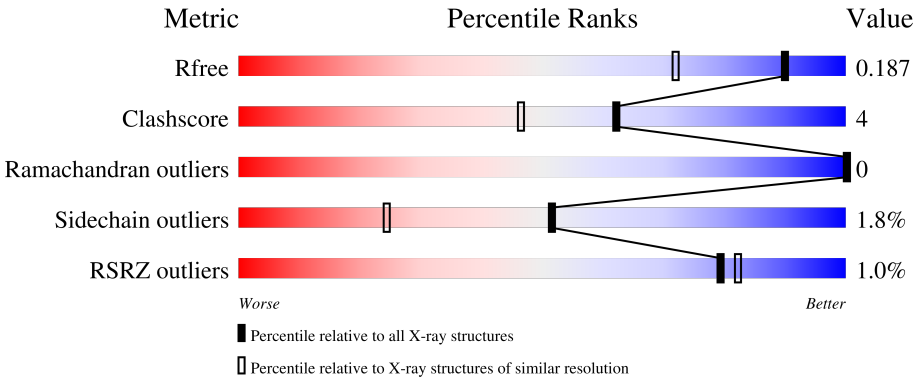
MolProbity	:	4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Mogul	:	1.8.4, CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	2.0
EDS	:	3.0
Buster-report	:	wwPDB partial adaption of 1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics	:	20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
CCP4	:	9.0.015 (Gargrove)
Density-Fitness	:	1.0.12
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.50

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
X-RAY DIFFRACTION

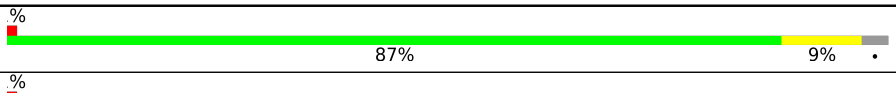
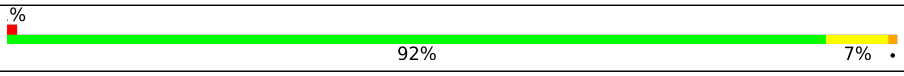
The reported resolution of this entry is 1.51 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	180053	4037 (1.50-1.50)
Clashscore	190562	4235 (1.50-1.50)
Ramachandran outliers	187476	4153 (1.50-1.50)
Sidechain outliers	187428	4150 (1.50-1.50)
RSRZ outliers	180081	4039 (1.50-1.50)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	405	
2	B	88	

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
3	KR	A	505	-	-	X	-
3	KR	A	508	-	-	X	-
3	KR	A	509	-	-	X	-
3	KR	A	510	-	-	X	-

2 Entry composition (i)

There are 8 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 7788 atoms, of which 3755 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Periplasmic [Fe] hydrogenase large subunit.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	H	N	O	S			
1	A	394	6044	1925	3015	502	567	35	253	7	0

There are 9 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	178	ALA	CYS	engineered mutation	UNP P07598
A	398	TRP	-	expression tag	UNP P07598
A	399	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P07598
A	400	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P07598
A	401	PRO	-	expression tag	UNP P07598
A	402	GLN	-	expression tag	UNP P07598
A	403	PHE	-	expression tag	UNP P07598
A	404	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP P07598
A	405	LYS	-	expression tag	UNP P07598

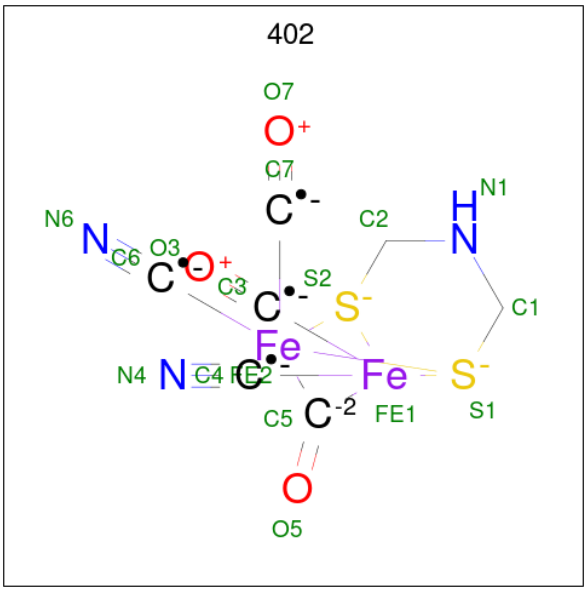
- Molecule 2 is a protein called Periplasmic [Fe] hydrogenase small subunit.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	H	N	O	S			
2	B	88	1438	462	718	124	133	1	54	2	0

- Molecule 3 is KRYPTON (CCD ID: KR) (formula: Kr) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).

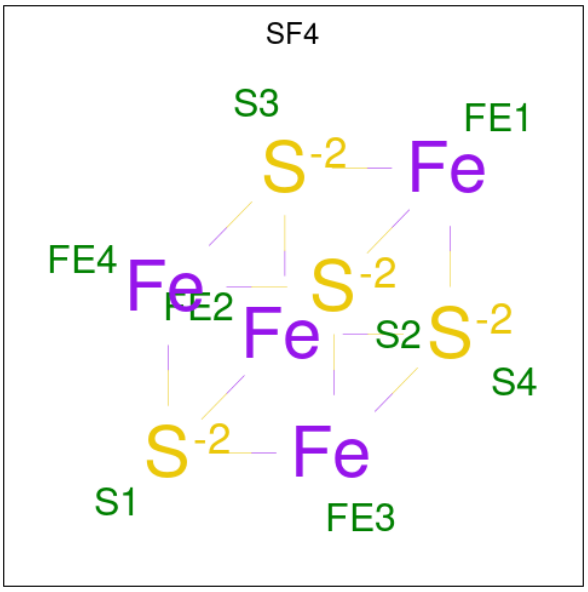
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	Kr		
3	A	10	10	10	0	0

- Molecule 4 is dicarbonyl[bis(cyanide-kappaC)]-mu-(iminodimethanethiolatato-1kappaS:2kappaS)-mu-(oxomethylidene)diiron(2+) (CCD ID: 402) (formula: $C_7H_5Fe_2N_3O_3S_2$) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total	C	Fe	H	N	O	S	1	0
			24	7	2	7	3	3	2		

- Molecule 5 is IRON/SULFUR CLUSTER (CCD ID: SF4) (formula: Fe_4S_4) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



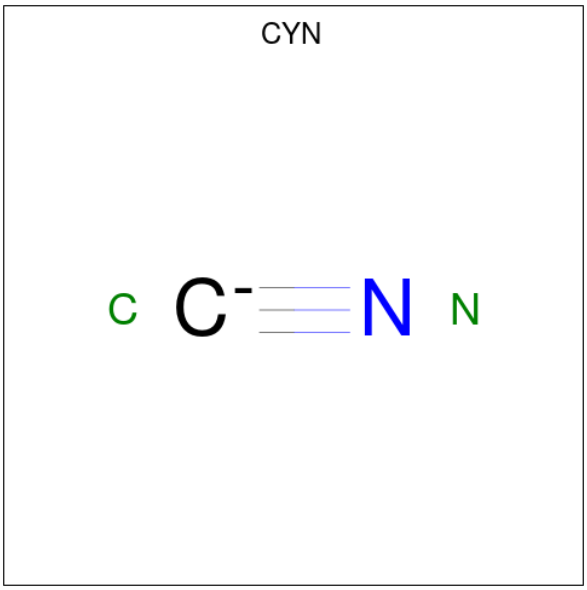
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	1	Total	Fe	S	0	0
			8	4	4		
5	A	1	Total	Fe	S	0	0
			8	4	4		

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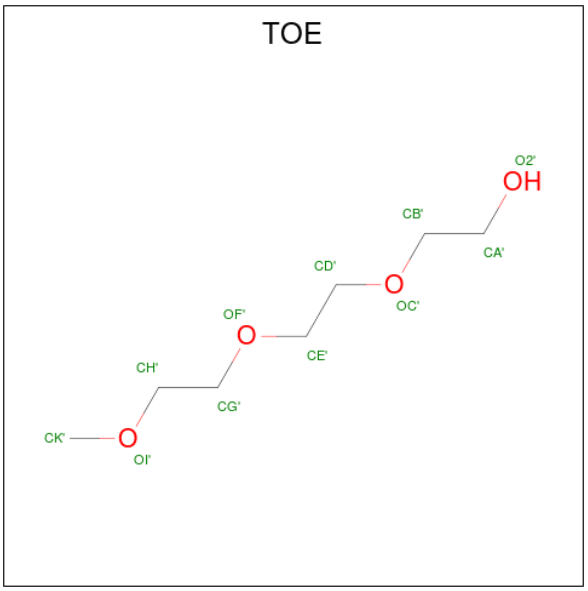
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	1	Total Fe S 8 4 4	0	0

- Molecule 6 is CYANIDE ION (CCD ID: CYN) (formula: CN) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	1	Total C N 2 1 1	0	0

- Molecule 7 is 2-[2-(2-METHOXY-ETHOXY)-ETHOXY]-ETHOXYL (CCD ID: TOE) (formula: $C_7H_{16}O_4$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	A	1	Total C H O 26 7 15 4	3	0

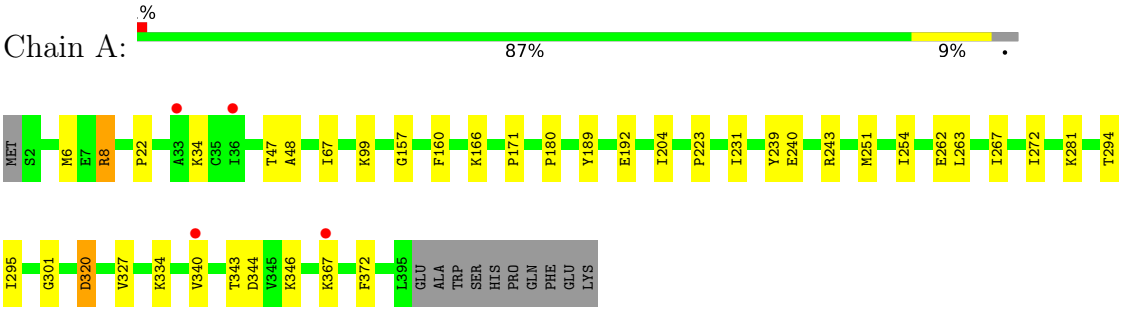
- Molecule 8 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
8	A	175	Total O 175 175	0	0
8	B	45	Total O 45 45	0	0

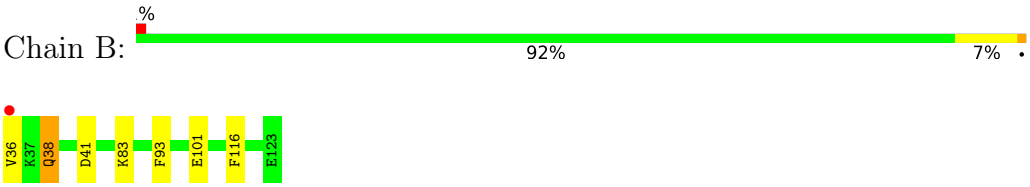
3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Periplasmic [Fe] hydrogenase large subunit



• Molecule 2: Periplasmic [Fe] hydrogenase small subunit



4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α, β, γ	49.38Å 86.93Å 88.89Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	43.50 – 1.51 43.50 – 1.51	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	99.2 (43.50-1.51) 99.1 (43.50-1.51)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	0.13	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) >$ [1]	1.31 (at 1.51Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.8.0425, REFMAC 5.8.0425	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.158 , 0.186 0.160 , 0.187	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	3160 reflections (5.15%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å^2)	15.9	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.526	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol}(e/Å^3), B_{sol}(Å^2)	0.45 , 37.9	EDS
L-test for twinning[2]	$< \|L\| > = 0.49$, $< L^2 > = 0.32$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.008 for -h,l,k	Xtriage
F_o,F_c correlation	0.97	EDS
Total number of atoms	7788	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å^2)	22.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 7.23% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

[1] Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

[2] Theoretical values of $< |L| >$, $< L^2 >$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: KR, TOE, CYN, SF4, 402

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	#$\|Z\|$ >5	RMSZ	#$\|Z\|$ >5
1	A	0.70	2/3132 (0.1%)	1.05	7/4236 (0.2%)
2	B	0.75	1/754 (0.1%)	1.31	3/1018 (0.3%)
All	All	0.71	3/3886 (0.1%)	1.10	10/5254 (0.2%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand.A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	5
2	B	0	2
All	All	0	7

All (3) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	B	38	GLN	CD-NE2	11.62	1.57	1.33
1	A	367	LYS	C-O	-10.11	1.09	1.23
1	A	367	LYS	CA-C	9.79	1.66	1.52

The worst 5 of 10 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
2	B	38	GLN	OE1-CD-NE2	-19.91	102.69	122.60
1	A	320[A]	ASP	CA-CB-CG	7.67	120.27	112.60
1	A	320[B]	ASP	CA-CB-CG	7.67	120.27	112.60
2	B	38	GLN	CG-CD-OE1	6.68	134.16	120.80
1	A	367	LYS	O-C-N	6.44	130.40	122.34

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 7 planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	243	ARG	Sidechain
1	A	320[A]	ASP	Sidechain
1	A	320[B]	ASP	Sidechain
1	A	344	ASP	Sidechain
1	A	8	ARG	Sidechain

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	3029	3015	2980	29	3
2	B	720	718	701	1	3
3	A	10	0	0	20	0
4	A	17	7	5	0	0
5	A	24	0	0	1	0
6	A	2	0	0	0	0
7	A	11	15	16	2	0
8	A	175	0	0	1	0
8	B	45	0	0	0	0
All	All	4033	3755	3702	30	3

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 4.

The worst 5 of 30 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:254:ILE:CD1	3:A:505:KR:KR	2.52	1.19
1:A:372:PHE:CE2	3:A:508:KR:KR	2.65	1.11
1:A:254:ILE:HD12	3:A:505:KR:KR	2.18	1.01
3:A:507:KR:KR	8:A:667:HOH:O	2.41	0.99
1:A:327:VAL:HG12	3:A:509:KR:KR	2.32	0.90

All (3) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the sym-

metry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:343:THR:HG1	2:B:36:VAL:H2[3_444]	1.25	0.35
1:A:166:LYS:CG	2:B:41:ASP:OD1[3_444]	2.14	0.06
1:A:166:LYS:HG3	2:B:41:ASP:OD1[3_444]	1.57	0.03

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	399/405 (98%)	390 (98%)	9 (2%)	0	100	100
2	B	88/88 (100%)	85 (97%)	3 (3%)	0	100	100
All	All	487/493 (99%)	475 (98%)	12 (2%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	326/329 (99%)	320 (98%)	6 (2%)	51	24
2	B	78/76 (103%)	77 (99%)	1 (1%)	61	35
All	All	404/405 (100%)	397 (98%)	7 (2%)	51	26

5 of 7 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	281	LYS
1	A	294	THR
2	B	83	LYS
1	A	346	LYS
1	A	99	LYS

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (3) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	68	ASN
1	A	135	GLN
1	A	174	GLN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 16 ligands modelled in this entry, 10 are monoatomic - leaving 6 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$
6	CYN	A	515	-	0,1,1	-	-	-		
5	SF4	A	514	1	0,12,12	-	-	-		

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\|>2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\|>2$
5	SF4	A	513	1	0,12,12	-	-	-		
4	402	A	511	1	13,19,19	3.81	7 (53%)	2,36,36	0.10	0
7	TOE	A	516	-	10,10,10	0.23	0	9,9,9	1.06	1 (11%)
5	SF4	A	512	1	0,12,12	-	-	-		

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
5	SF4	A	514	1	-	-	0/6/5/5
5	SF4	A	513	1	-	-	0/6/5/5
4	402	A	511	1	-	-	0/5/3/3
7	TOE	A	516	-	-	6/8/8/8	-
5	SF4	A	512	1	-	-	0/6/5/5

The worst 5 of 7 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
4	A	511	402	C2-S2	-9.54	1.68	1.85
4	A	511	402	C1-S1	-6.64	1.73	1.85
4	A	511	402	O5-C5	3.68	1.24	1.17
4	A	511	402	S1-FE2	-3.62	2.21	2.26
4	A	511	402	S2-FE2	2.80	2.30	2.26

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
7	A	516	TOE	CD'-OC'-CB'	2.66	124.82	113.29

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 6 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
7	A	516	TOE	CE'-CD'-OC'-CB'
7	A	516	TOE	OC'-CD'-CE'-OF'
7	A	516	TOE	CA'-CB'-OC'-CD'
7	A	516	TOE	OF'-CG'-CH'-OI'
7	A	516	TOE	O2'-CA'-CB'-OC'

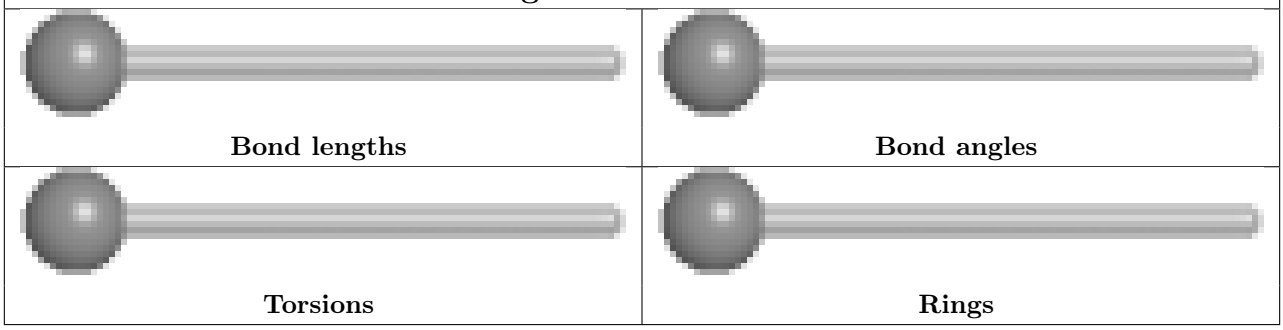
There are no ring outliers.

2 monomers are involved in 3 short contacts:

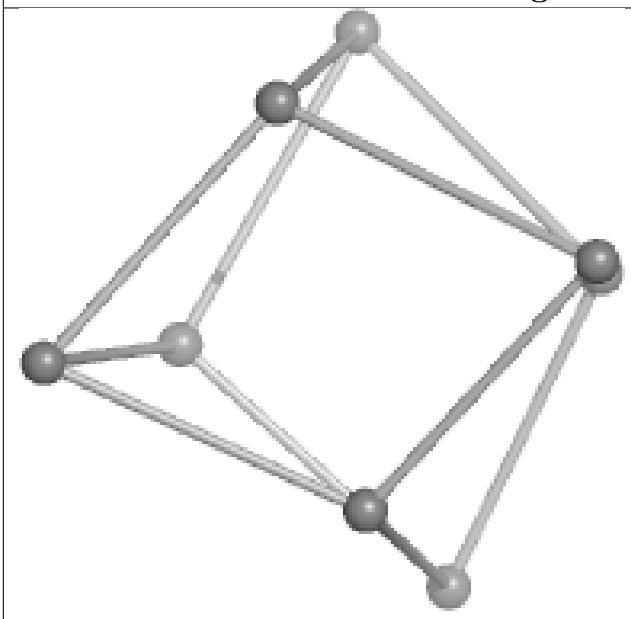
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
7	A	516	TOE	2	0
5	A	512	SF4	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.

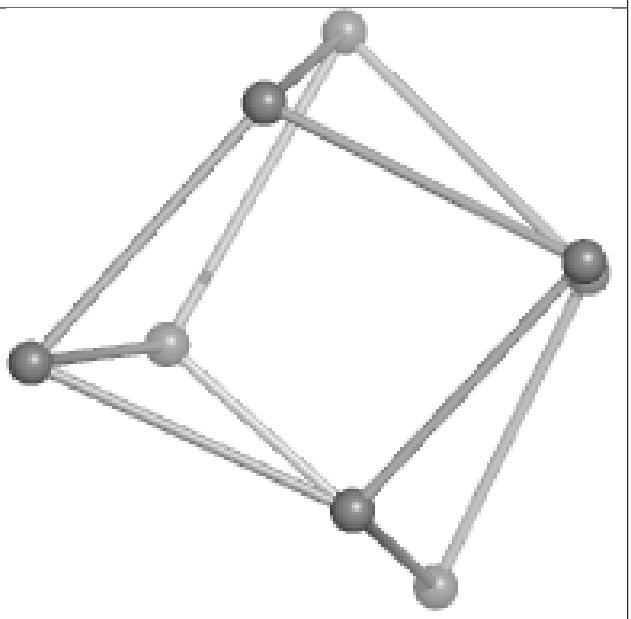
Ligand CYN A 515



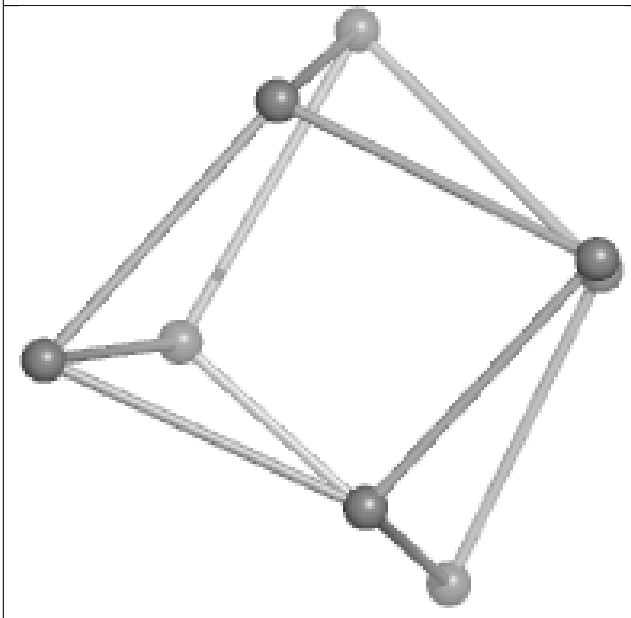
Ligand SF4 A 514



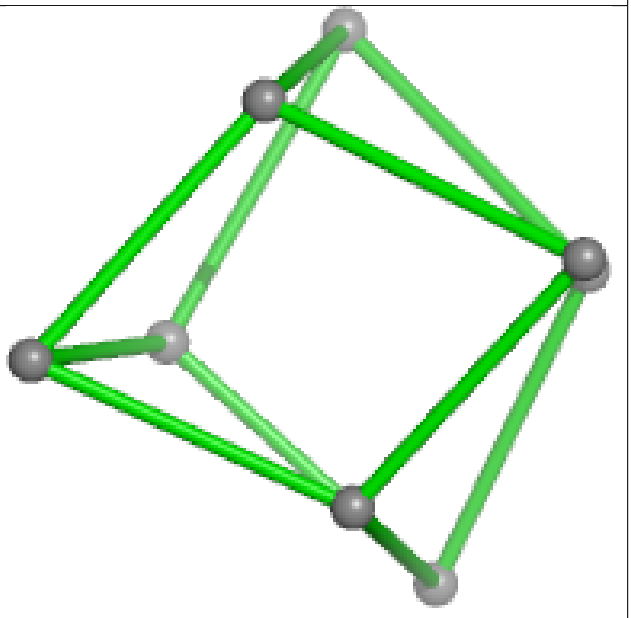
Bond lengths



Bond angles

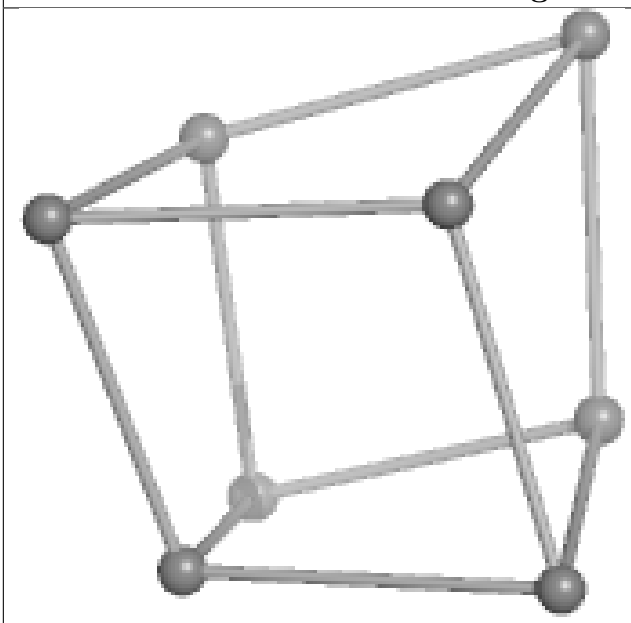


Torsions

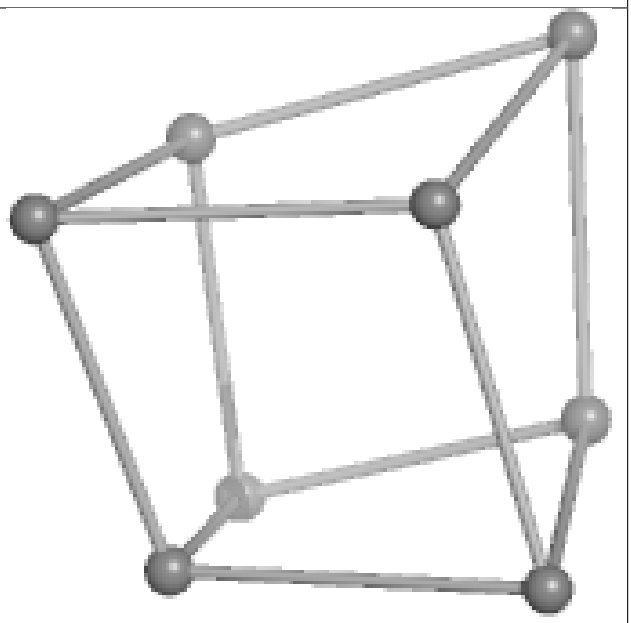


Rings

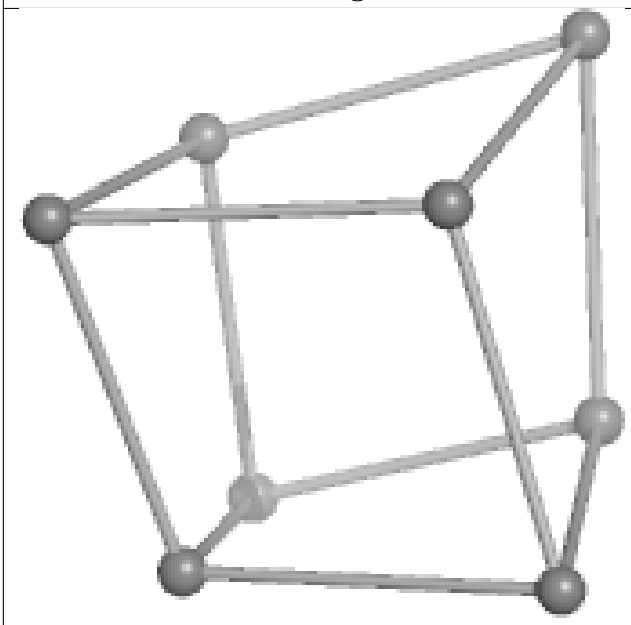
Ligand SF4 A 513



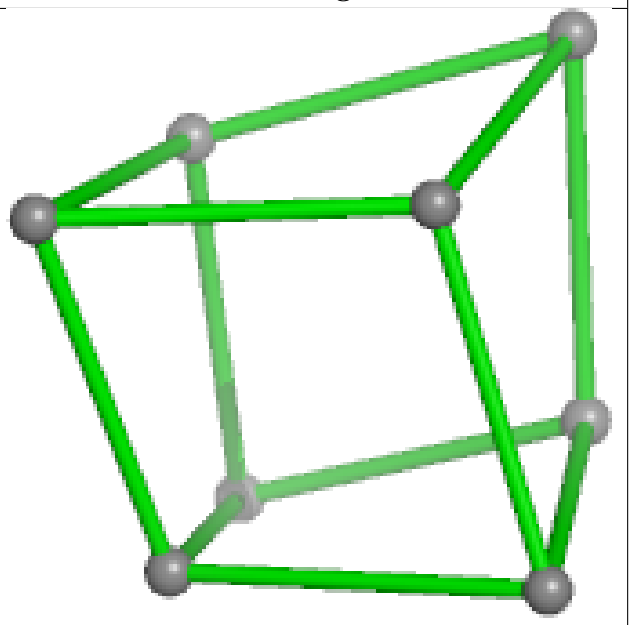
Bond lengths



Bond angles

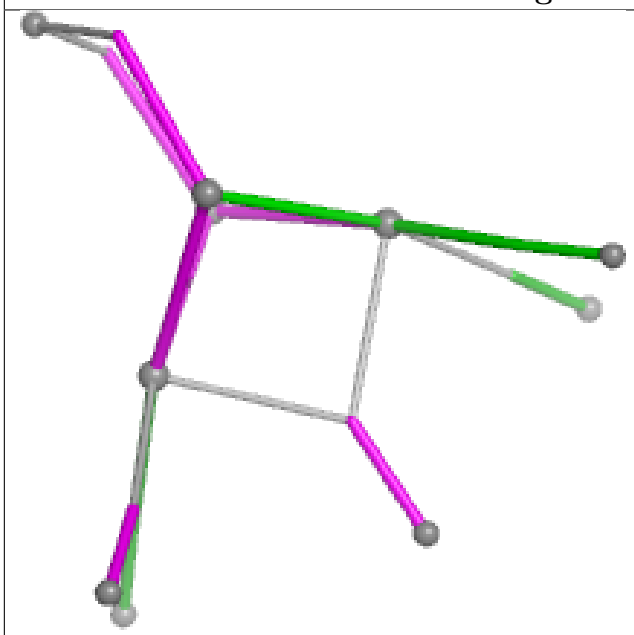


Torsions

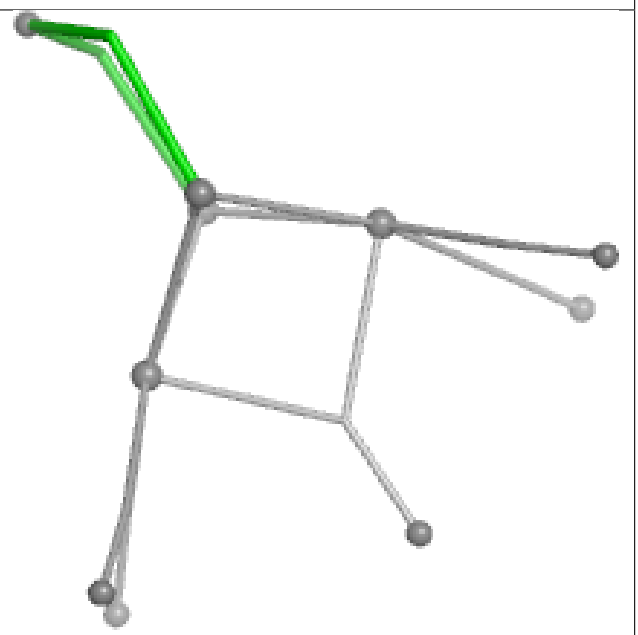


Rings

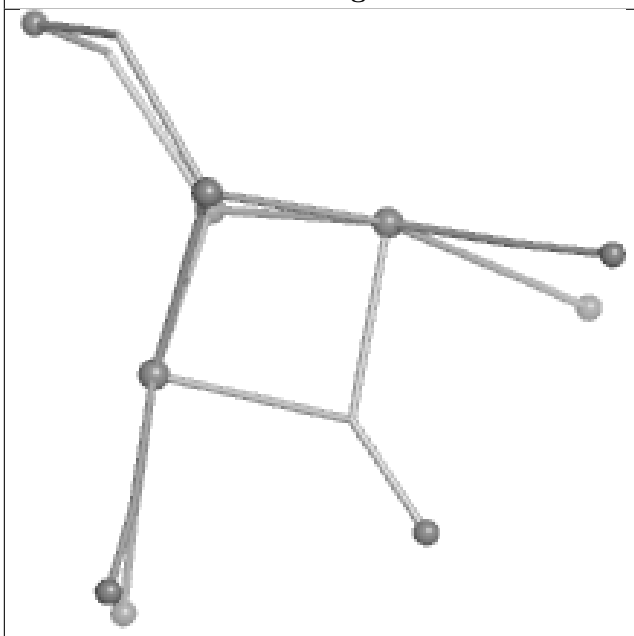
Ligand 402 A 511



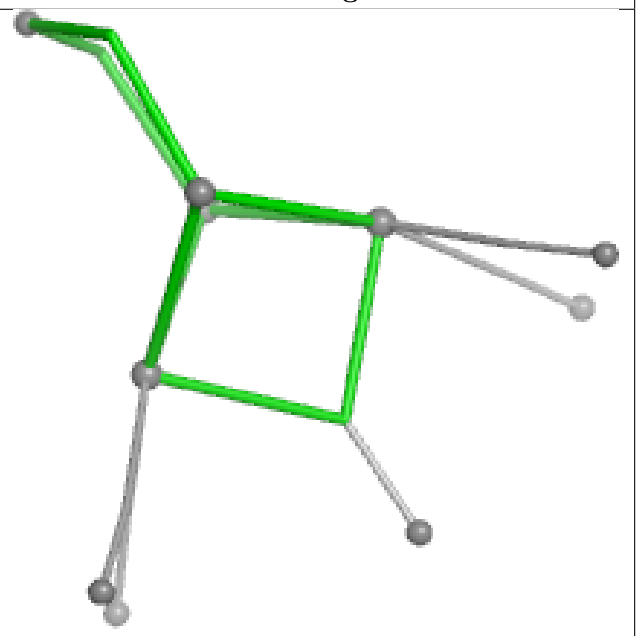
Bond lengths



Bond angles

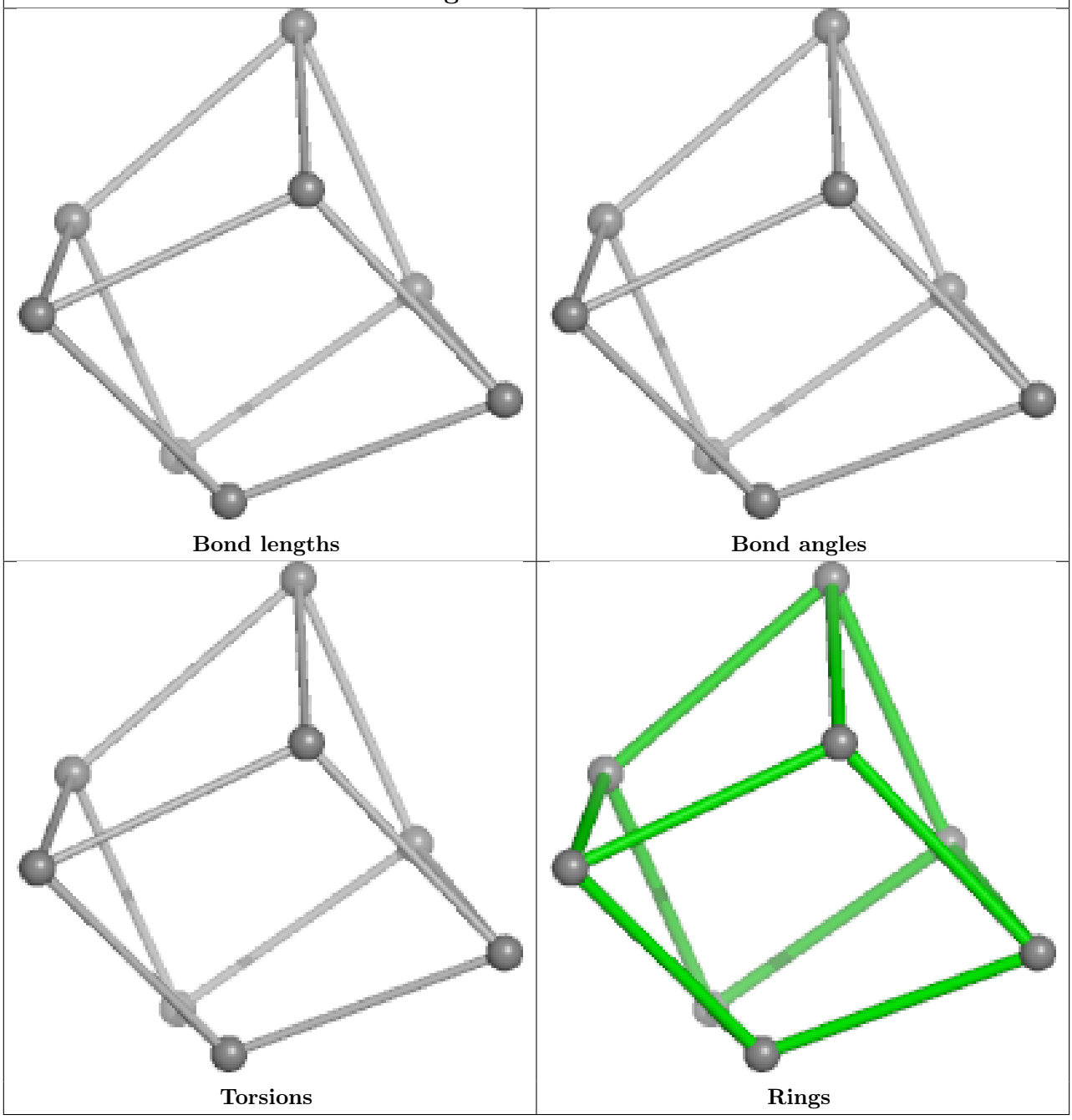


Torsions



Rings

Ligand SF4 A 512



5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ> 2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2			OWAB(Å^2)	Q<0.9
1	A	394/405 (97%)	-0.24	4 (1%)	79	82	6, 18, 35, 70	30 (7%)
2	B	88/88 (100%)	-0.07	1 (1%)	78	81	11, 22, 34, 41	7 (7%)
All	All	482/493 (97%)	-0.21	5 (1%)	79	82	6, 19, 35, 70	37 (7%)

All (5) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	367	LYS	4.0
1	A	33	ALA	2.6
2	B	36	VAL	2.5
1	A	36	ILE	2.4
1	A	340	VAL	2.2

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

6.4 Ligands

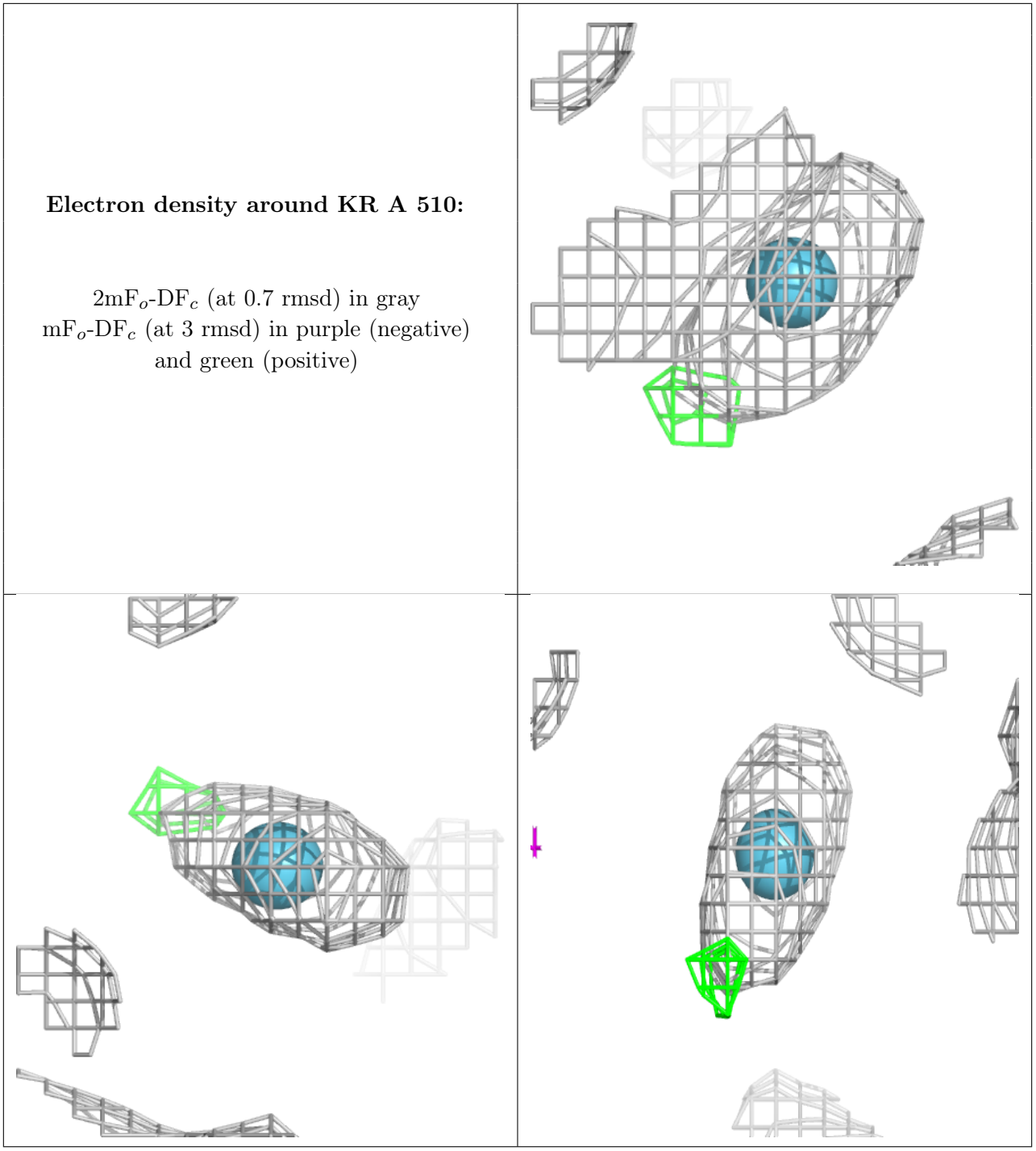
In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å^2)	Q<0.9
3	KR	A	510	1/1	0.74	0.22	43,43,43,43	1
7	TOE	A	516	11/11	0.80	0.15	34,38,43,47	3
3	KR	A	505	1/1	0.81	0.26	21,21,21,21	1
3	KR	A	508	1/1	0.81	0.24	24,24,24,24	1
3	KR	A	509	1/1	0.90	0.12	17,17,17,17	1
3	KR	A	504	1/1	0.95	0.10	41,41,41,41	1
3	KR	A	503	1/1	0.96	0.07	37,37,37,37	1
3	KR	A	506	1/1	0.98	0.08	23,23,23,23	1
3	KR	A	507	1/1	0.98	0.05	29,29,29,29	1
6	CYN	A	515	2/2	0.98	0.04	14,14,14,14	0
3	KR	A	502	1/1	0.98	0.04	26,26,26,26	1
3	KR	A	501	1/1	0.99	0.07	24,24,24,24	1
5	SF4	A	514	8/8	0.99	0.04	18,22,23,27	1
4	402	A	511	17/17	1.00	0.03	12,14,16,16	1
5	SF4	A	512	8/8	1.00	0.02	14,15,15,15	0
5	SF4	A	513	8/8	1.00	0.02	14,15,15,15	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

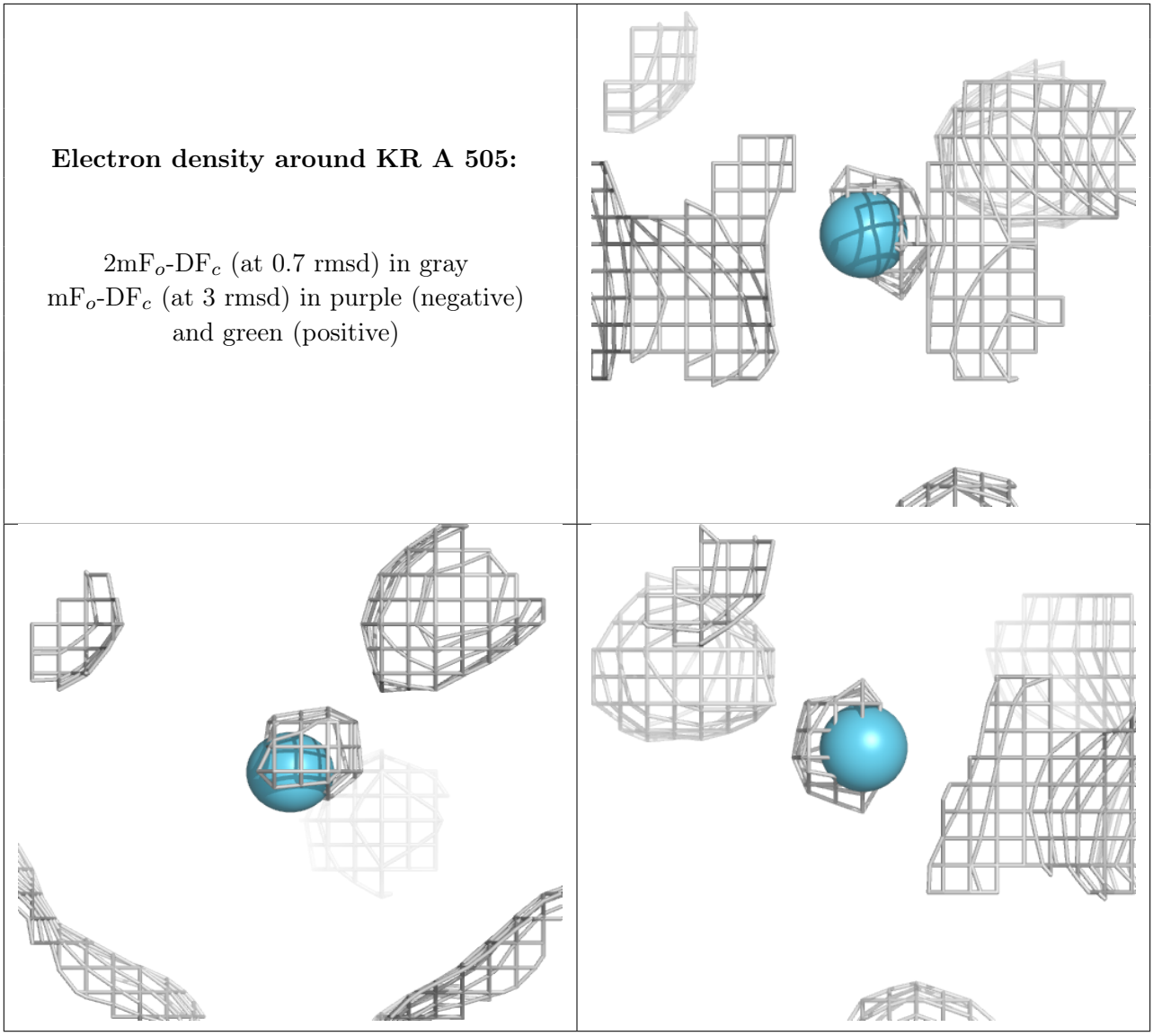
Electron density around KR A 510:

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)



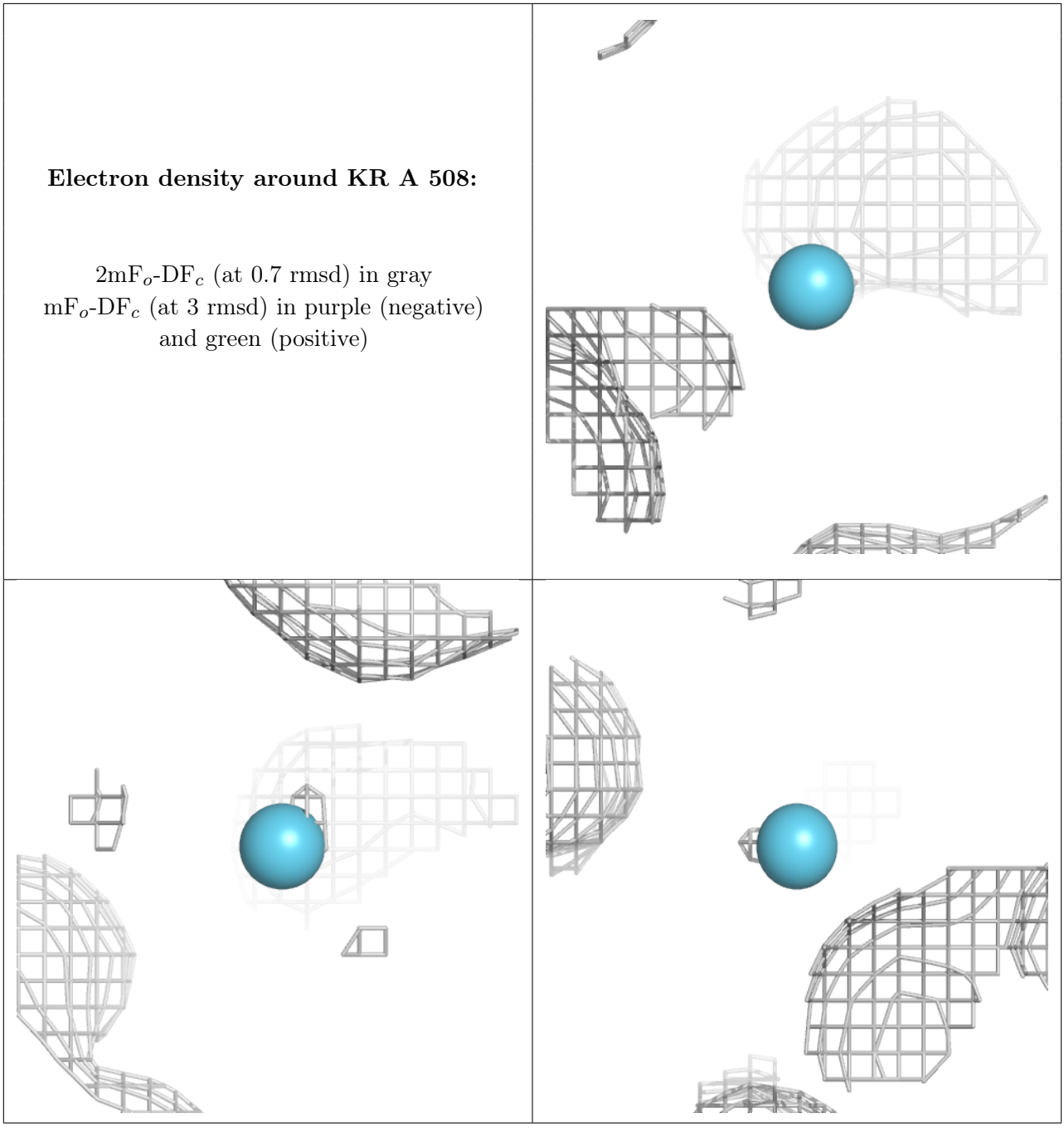
Electron density around KR A 505:

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)



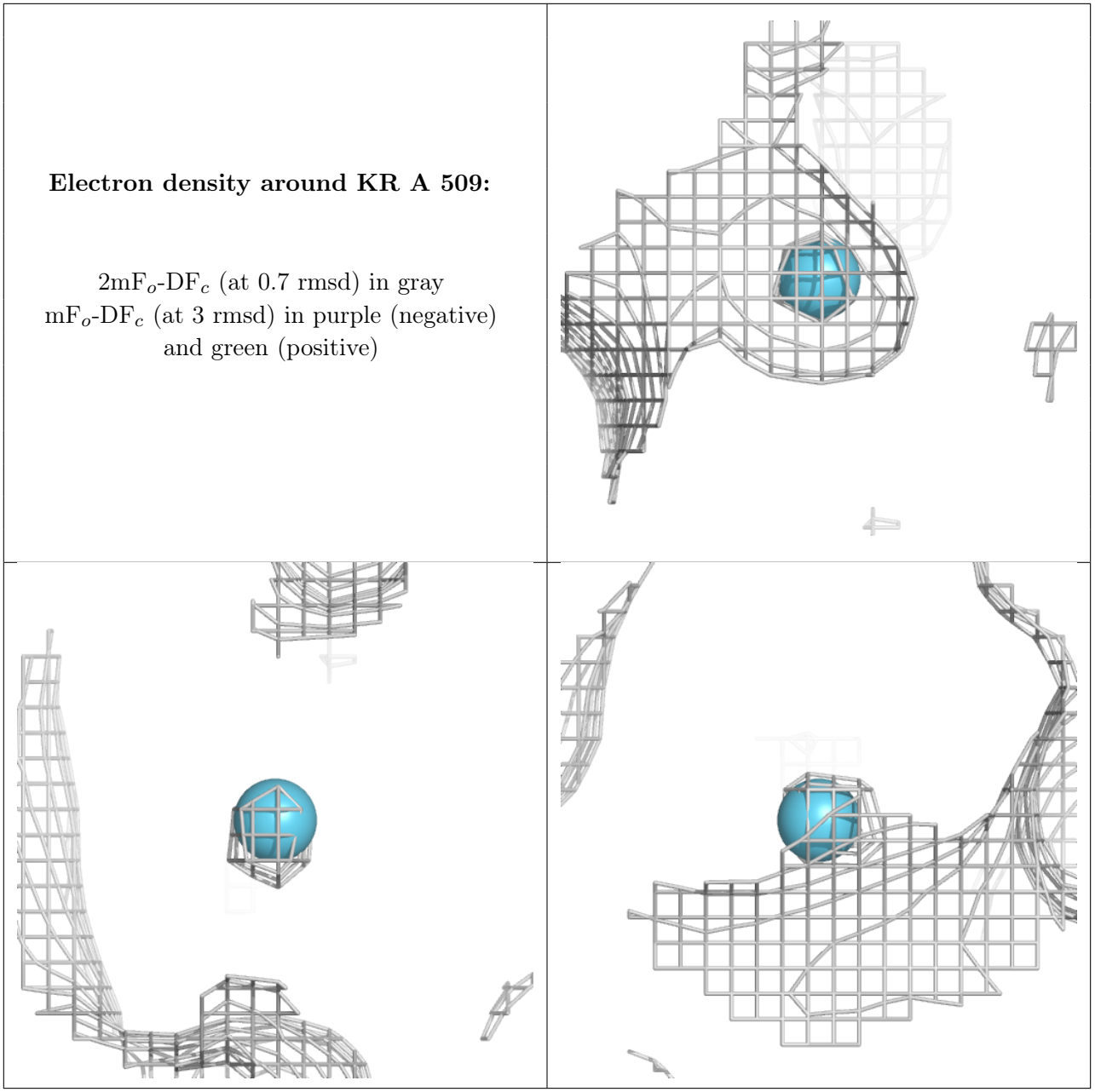
Electron density around KR A 508:

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)



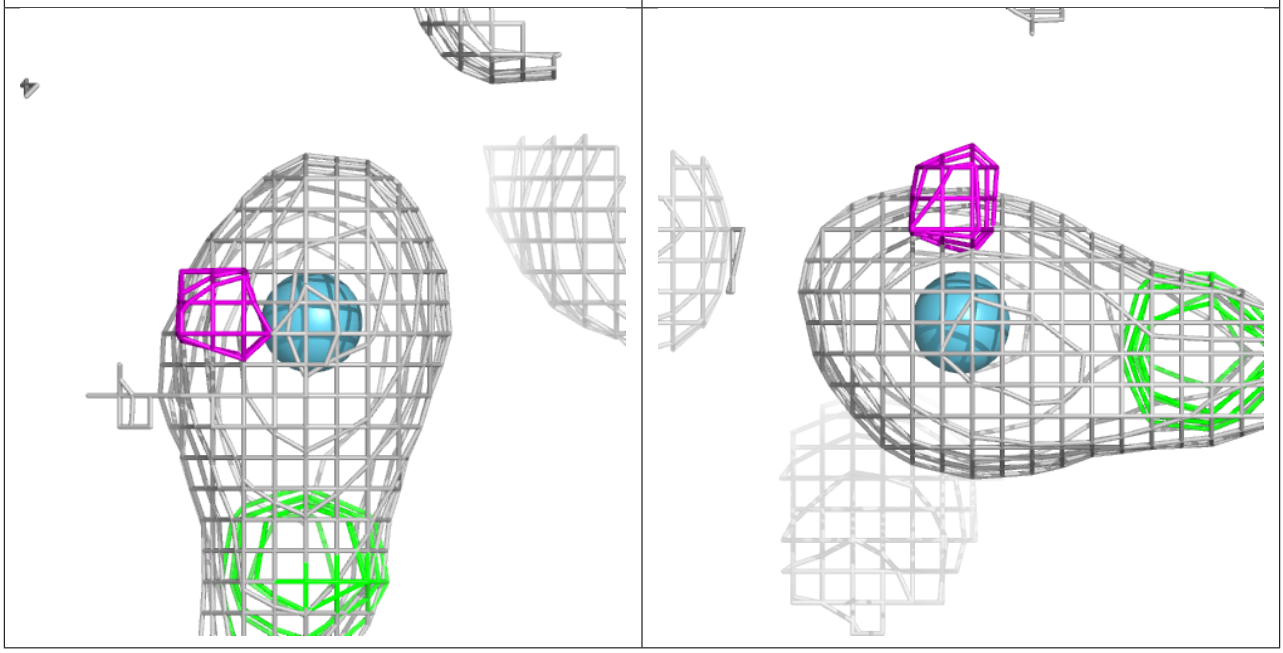
Electron density around KR A 509:

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)



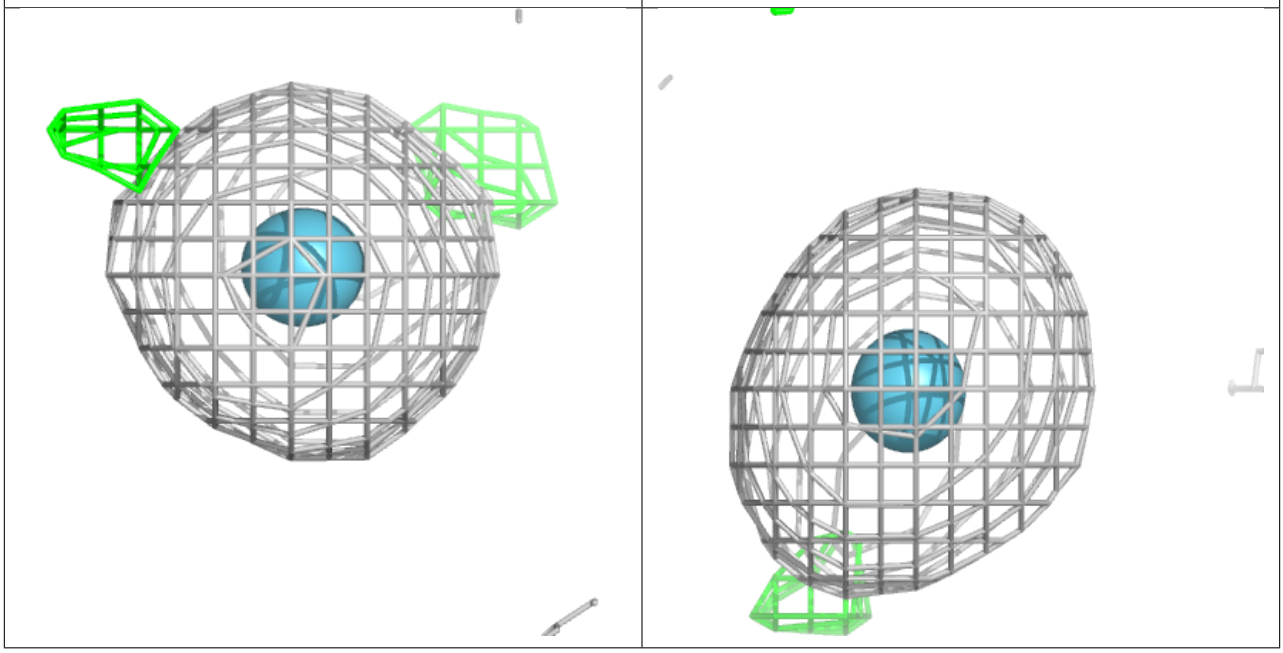
Electron density around KR A 504:

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)



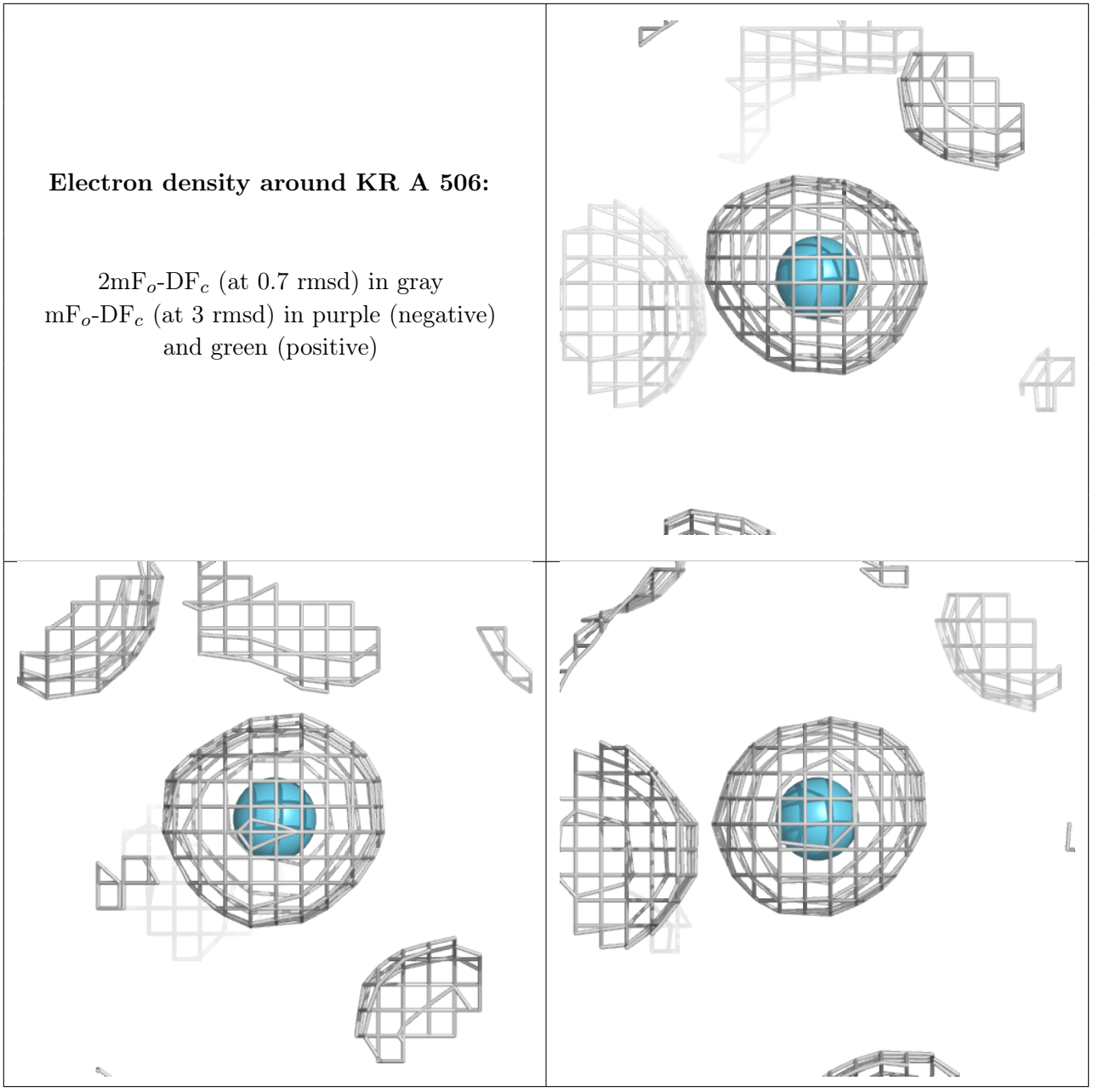
Electron density around KR A 503:

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)



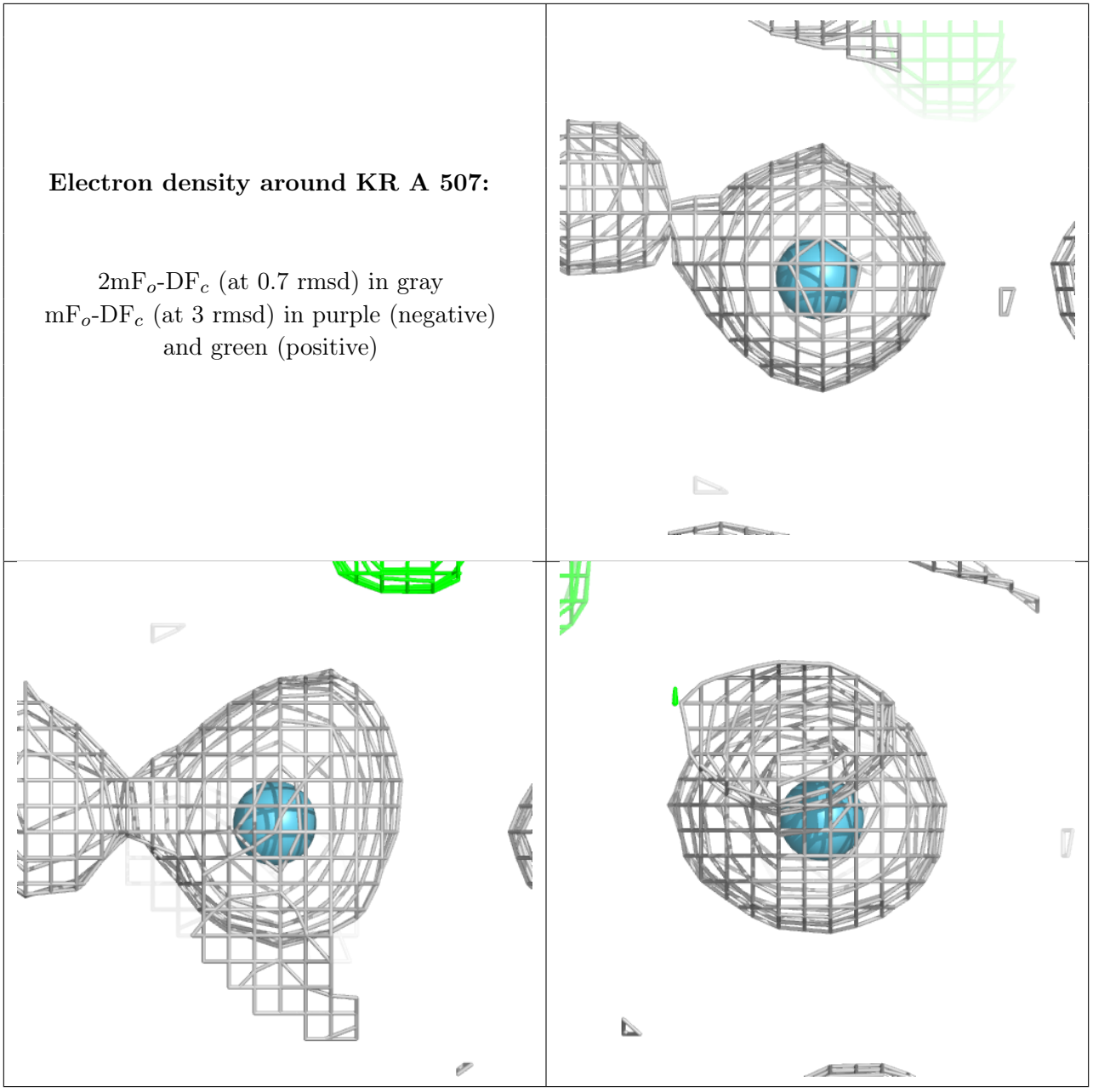
Electron density around KR A 506:

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)



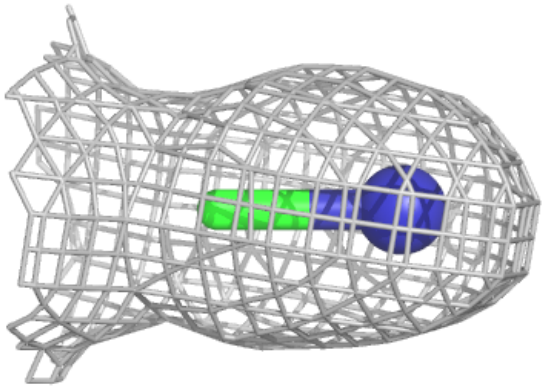
Electron density around KR A 507:

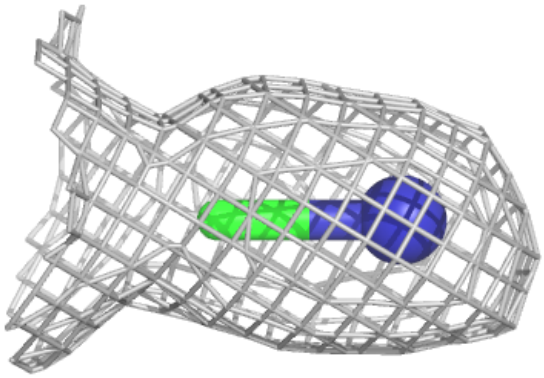
$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

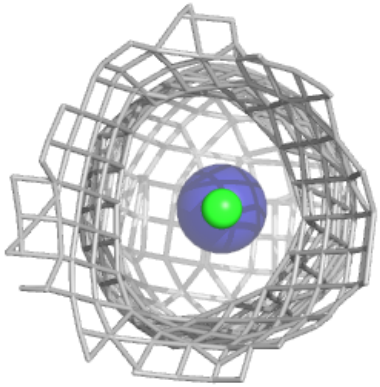


Electron density around CYN A 515:

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

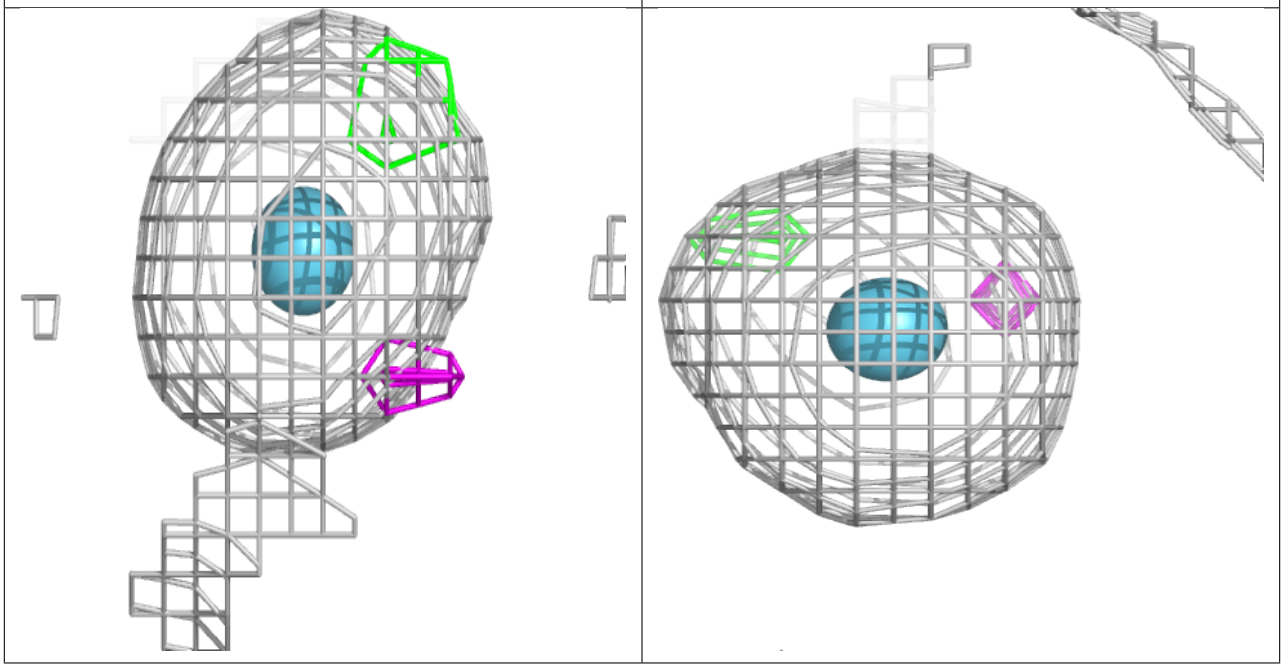






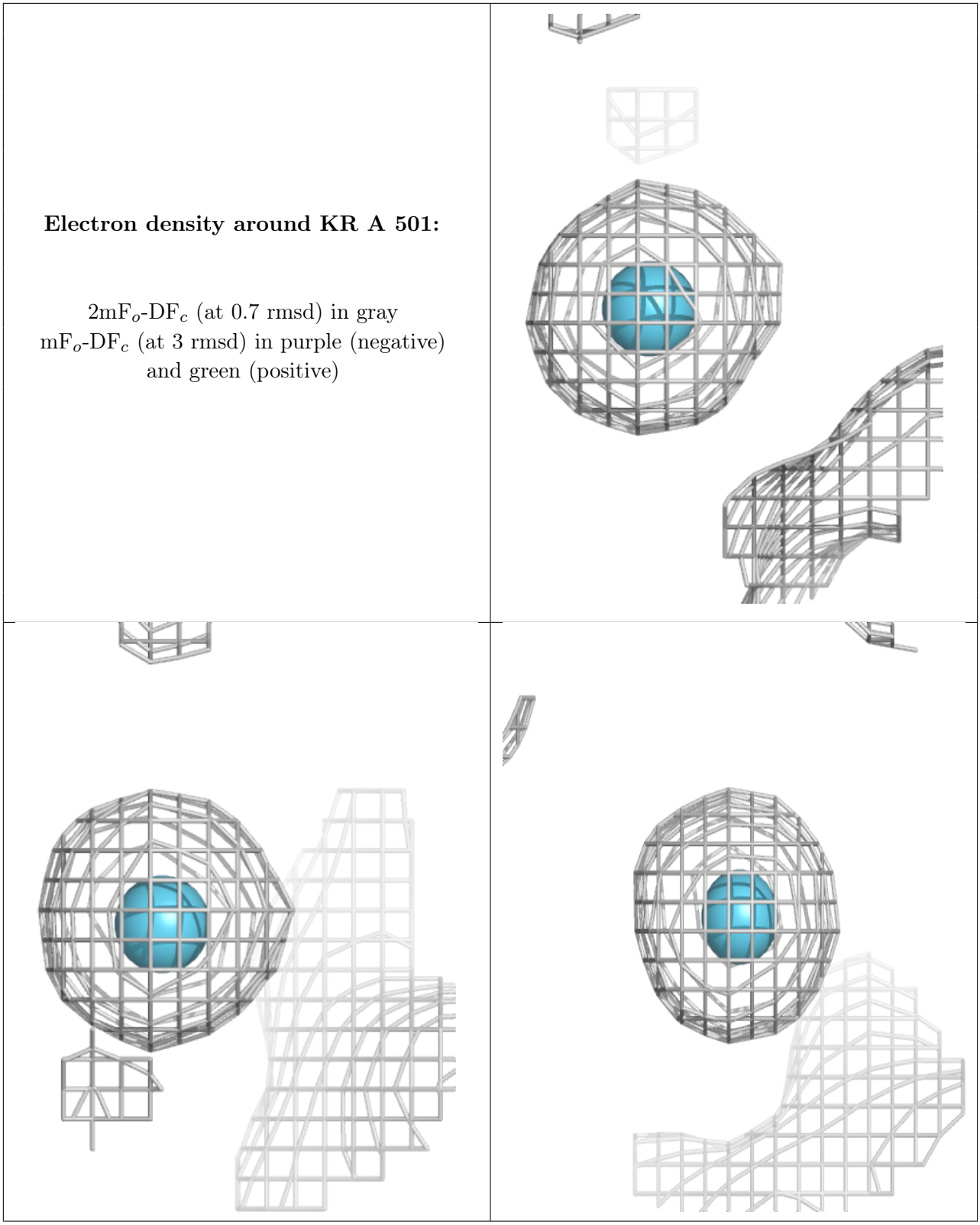
Electron density around KR A 502:

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)



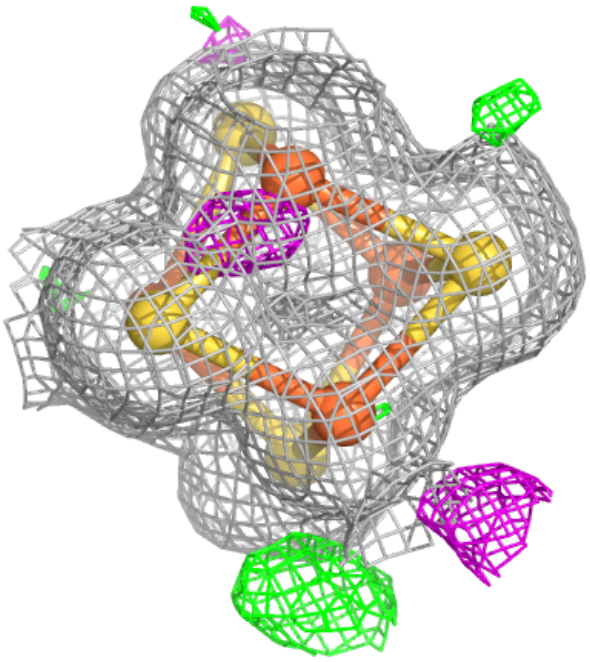
Electron density around KR A 501:

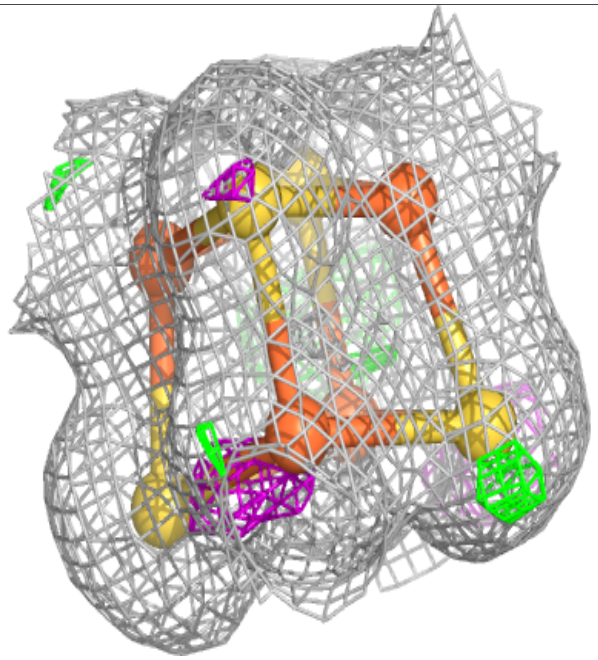
$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

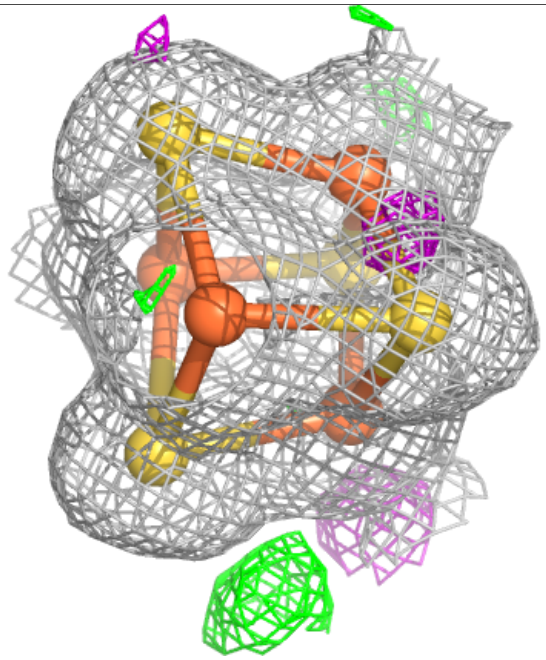


Electron density around SF4 A 514:

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

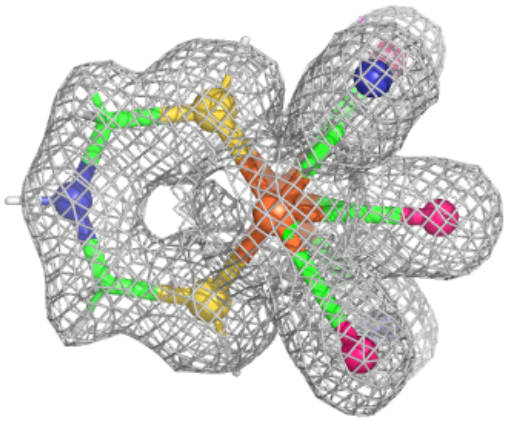


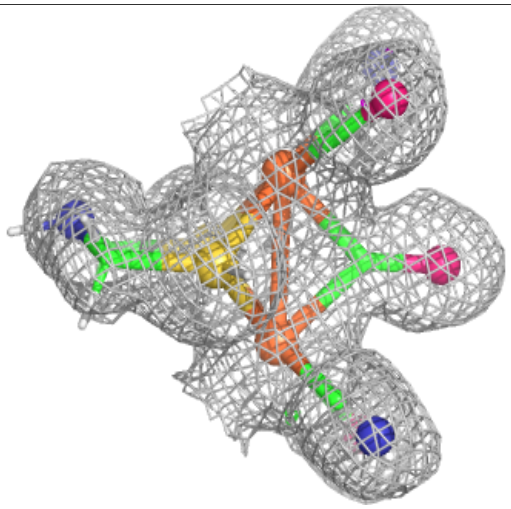


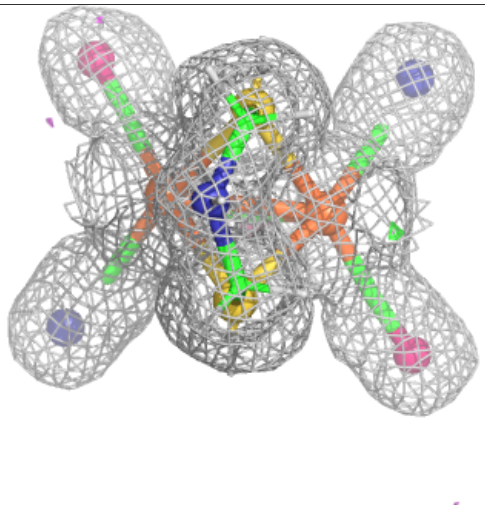


Electron density around 402 A 511:

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

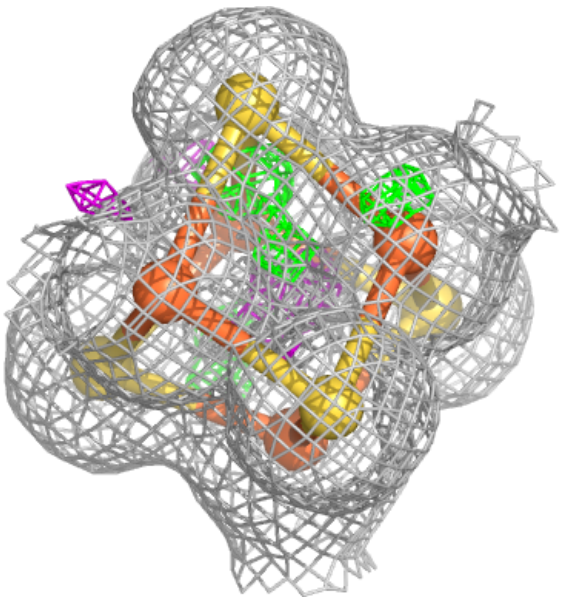


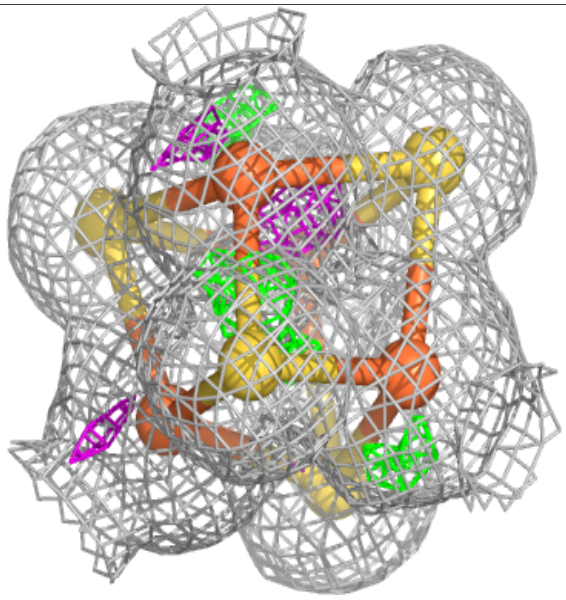


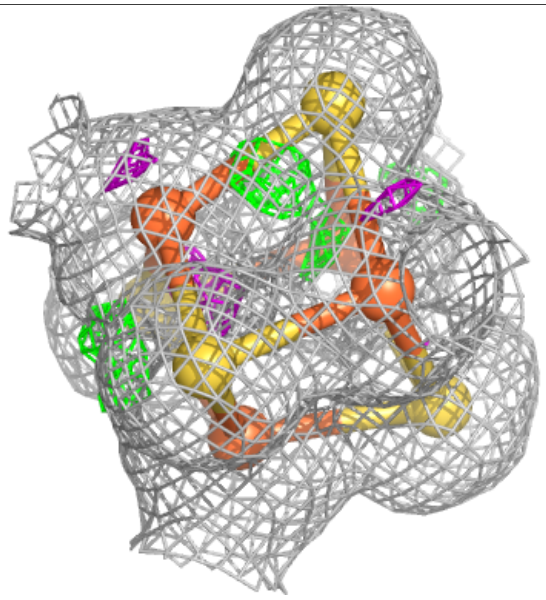


Electron density around SF4 A 512:

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

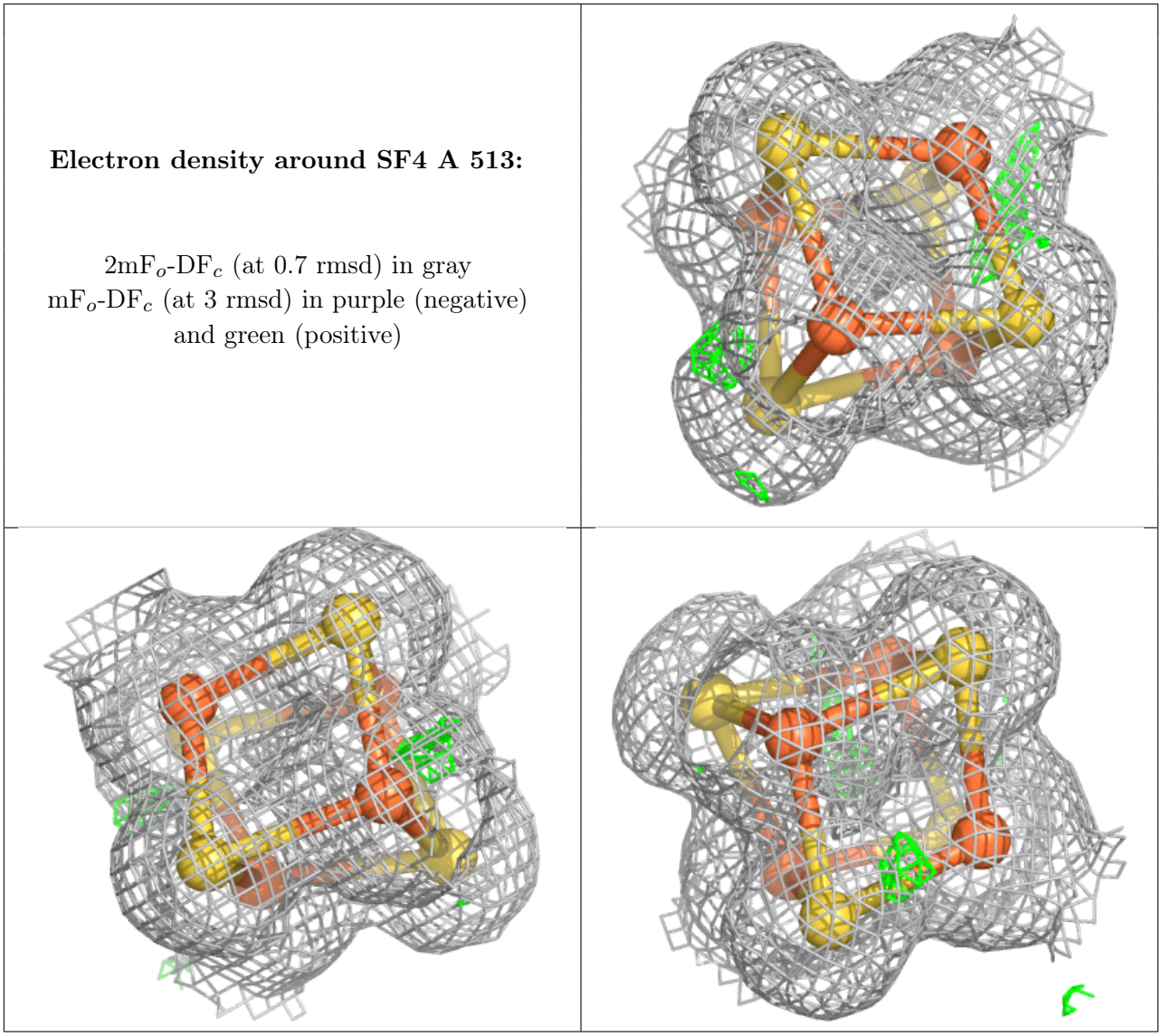






Electron density around SF4 A 513:

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)



6.5 Other polymers

There are no such residues in this entry.