



Full wwPDB EM Validation Report ⓘ

Aug 23, 2026 – 12:11 AM JST

PDB ID : 9WIK / pdb_00009wik
EMDB ID : EMD-65999
Title : Cryo-EM structure of GPR84-Gi complex with DL-175
Authors : Suzuki, S.; Nishikawa, K.; Tran, D.P.; Akio, K.; Fujiyoshi, Y.
Deposited on : 2025-08-28
Resolution : 3.30 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB EM Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

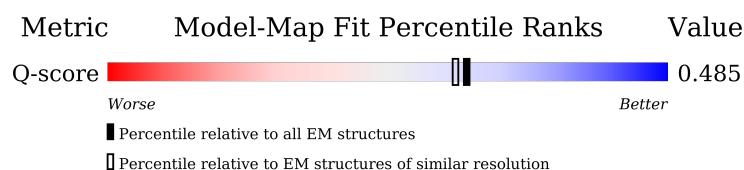
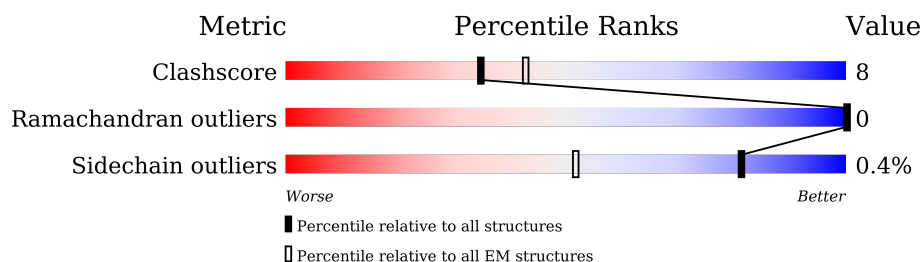
EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev133
Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Buster-report : wwPDB partial adaption of 1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics : 20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
EM percentile statistics : 202505.v01 (Using data in the EMDB archive up until May 2025)
MapQ : 1.9.13
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.50

1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.30 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)	Similar EM resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	229148	23984	-
Ramachandran outliers	224038	23583	-
Sidechain outliers	223484	23102	-
Q-score	-	25397	15087 (2.80 - 3.80)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion $< 40\%$). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	354	
2	B	382	
3	C	70	
4	R	691	

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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
5	S	248	 A horizontal bar chart showing the quality of chain S. The bar is divided into three segments: a small red segment at the beginning, a large green segment in the middle, and a small yellow segment at the end. Below the bar, the percentages for each segment are indicated: 83% for the green segment, 10% for the yellow segment, and 6% for the red segment.

2 Entry composition

There are 6 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 8711 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Guanine nucleotide-binding protein G(i) subunit alpha-1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
1	A	211	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1689	1075	282	321	11		

There are 4 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	47	ASN	SER	engineered mutation	UNP P63096
A	203	ALA	GLY	engineered mutation	UNP P63096
A	245	ALA	GLU	engineered mutation	UNP P63096
A	326	SER	ALA	engineered mutation	UNP P63096

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Guanine nucleotide-binding protein G(I)/G(S)/G(T) subunit beta-1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
2	B	337	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			2587	1597	465	504	21		

There are 43 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
B	-15	MET	-	initiating methionine	UNP P62873
B	-14	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
B	-13	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
B	-12	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
B	-11	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
B	-10	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
B	-9	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
B	-8	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
B	-7	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
B	-6	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
B	-5	ASN	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
B	-4	LEU	-	expression tag	UNP P62873

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Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
B	-3	TYR	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
B	-2	PHE	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
B	-1	GLN	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
B	0	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
B	1	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
B	341	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
B	342	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
B	343	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
B	344	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
B	345	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
B	346	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
B	347	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
B	348	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
B	349	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
B	350	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
B	351	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
B	352	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
B	353	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
B	354	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
B	355	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
B	356	VAL	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
B	357	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
B	358	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
B	359	TRP	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
B	360	ARG	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
B	361	LEU	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
B	362	PHE	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
B	363	LYS	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
B	364	LYS	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
B	365	ILE	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
B	366	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P62873

- Molecule 3 is a protein called Guanine nucleotide-binding protein G(I)/G(S)/G(O) subunit gamma-2.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
3	C	58	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			440	276	79	83	2		

- Molecule 4 is a protein called Soluble cytochrome b562,G-protein coupled receptor 84,LgBiT tag.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
4	R	283	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			2226	1481	370	361	14		

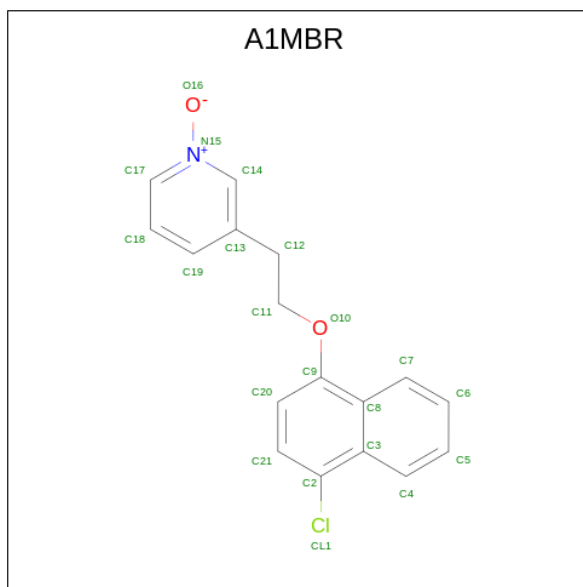
There are 27 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
R	-128	MET	-	initiating methionine	UNP P0ABE7
R	-127	LYS	-	expression tag	UNP P0ABE7
R	-126	THR	-	expression tag	UNP P0ABE7
R	-125	ILE	-	expression tag	UNP P0ABE7
R	-124	ILE	-	expression tag	UNP P0ABE7
R	-123	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP P0ABE7
R	-122	LEU	-	expression tag	UNP P0ABE7
R	-121	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P0ABE7
R	-120	TYR	-	expression tag	UNP P0ABE7
R	-119	ILE	-	expression tag	UNP P0ABE7
R	-118	PHE	-	expression tag	UNP P0ABE7
R	-117	CYS	-	expression tag	UNP P0ABE7
R	-116	LEU	-	expression tag	UNP P0ABE7
R	-115	VAL	-	expression tag	UNP P0ABE7
R	-114	PHE	-	expression tag	UNP P0ABE7
R	-113	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP P0ABE7
R	-112	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP P0ABE7
R	-111	TYR	-	expression tag	UNP P0ABE7
R	-110	LYS	-	expression tag	UNP P0ABE7
R	-109	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP P0ABE7
R	-108	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP P0ABE7
R	-107	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP P0ABE7
R	-106	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP P0ABE7
R	-105	LYS	-	expression tag	UNP P0ABE7
R	-98	TRP	MET	conflict	UNP P0ABE7
R	-3	ILE	HIS	conflict	UNP P0ABE7
R	1	LEU	-	linker	UNP P0ABE7

- Molecule 5 is a protein called ScFv16.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
5	S	232	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1748	1116	295	328	9		

- Molecule 6 is 3-[2-(4-chloranylaphthalen-1-yl)oxyethyl]-1-oxidanidyl-pyridin-1-ium (CCD ID: A1MBR) (formula: C₁₇H₁₄ClNO₂) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).

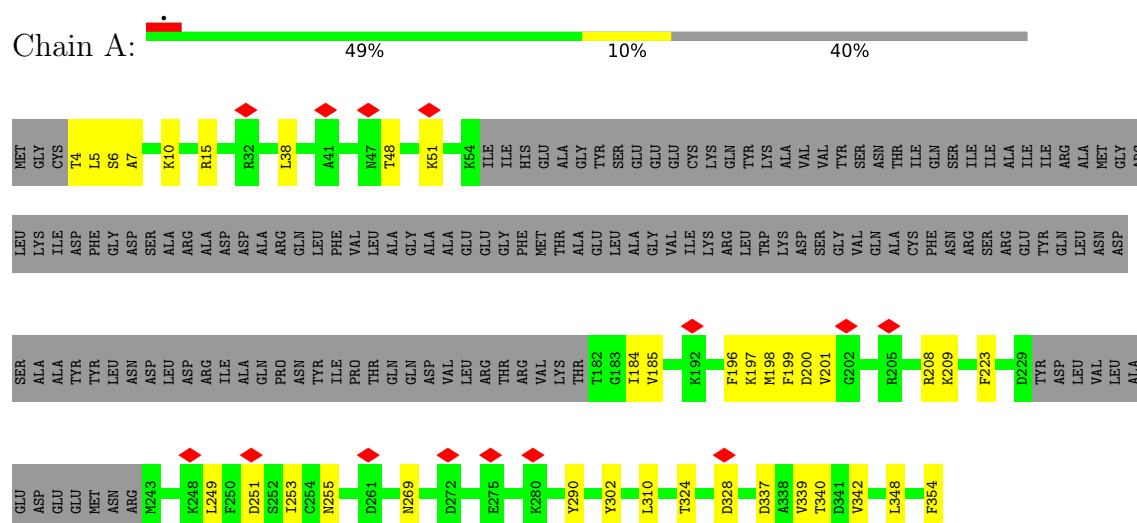


Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf
			Total	C	Cl	N	O	
6	R	1	21	17	1	1	2	0

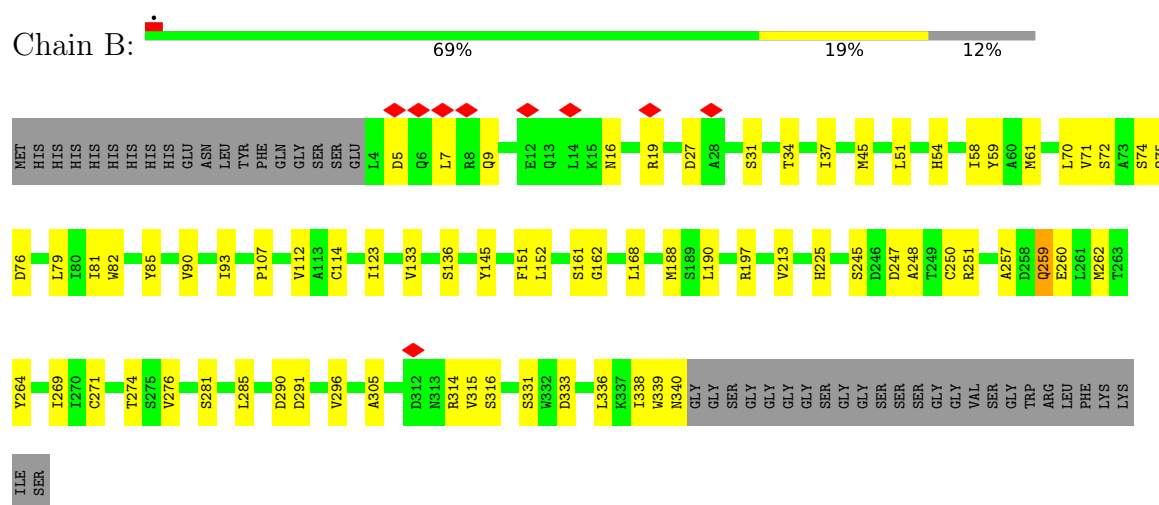
3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Guanine nucleotide-binding protein G(i) subunit alpha-1



- Molecule 2: Guanine nucleotide-binding protein G(I)/G(S)/G(T) subunit beta-1



- Molecule 3: Guanine nucleotide-binding protein G(I)/G(S)/G(O) subunit gamma-2





4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, Not provided	
Number of particles used	159829	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION	Depositor
Microscope	JEOL CRYO ARM 300	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/\text{\AA}^2$)	63.4	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	1000	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	2000	Depositor
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	GATAN K2 SUMMIT (4k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	57.515	Depositor
Minimum map value	-42.713	Depositor
Average map value	-0.007	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	1.060	Depositor
Recommended contour level	5	Depositor
Map size ($\text{\AA}$)	257.28, 257.28, 257.28	wwPDB
Map dimensions	256, 256, 256	wwPDB
Map angles ($^\circ$)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing ($\text{\AA}$)	1.005, 1.005, 1.005	Depositor

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: A1MBR

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z >5	RMSZ	# Z >5
1	A	0.09	0/1717	0.26	0/2303
2	B	0.10	0/2634	0.27	0/3572
3	C	0.09	0/446	0.23	0/602
4	R	0.12	0/2283	0.32	0/3117
5	S	0.09	0/1792	0.25	0/2434
All	All	0.10	0/8872	0.28	0/12028

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1689	0	1676	24	0
2	B	2587	0	2493	50	0
3	C	440	0	449	10	0
4	R	2226	0	2315	48	0
5	S	1748	0	1671	15	0
6	R	21	0	0	1	0
All	All	8711	0	8604	139	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including

hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 8.

All (139) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
4:R:61:ASN:HD22	4:R:141:LEU:HD22	1.55	0.70
3:C:47:GLU:N	3:C:47:GLU:OE2	2.27	0.68
2:B:9:GLN:N	2:B:9:GLN:OE1	2.26	0.68
4:R:12:TYR:HA	4:R:84:LEU:HD23	1.79	0.65
1:A:15:ARG:NH1	2:B:90:VAL:O	2.26	0.64
2:B:93:ILE:HG12	2:B:133:VAL:HG11	1.80	0.63
2:B:245:SER:OG	2:B:247:ASP:OD1	2.16	0.63
4:R:34:GLY:O	4:R:38:ASN:ND2	2.30	0.63
1:A:251:ASP:OD1	1:A:255:ASN:ND2	2.32	0.62
4:R:333:ILE:HG13	4:R:334:PRO:HD3	1.80	0.62
5:S:180:ARG:HB2	5:S:183:GLN:HB2	1.80	0.62
5:S:202:ARG:NH2	5:S:223:ASP:OD2	2.33	0.61
2:B:74:SER:OG	2:B:76:ASP:OD1	2.18	0.61
2:B:248:ALA:HB1	2:B:269:ILE:HG22	1.82	0.60
4:R:126:LYS:HZ3	4:R:127:LEU:HD12	1.67	0.60
5:S:139:VAL:HG12	5:S:162:SER:HB2	1.84	0.58
2:B:123:ILE:HG22	2:B:136:SER:HB3	1.84	0.58
4:R:155:LEU:HG	4:R:158:ILE:HD12	1.85	0.58
5:S:4:LEU:HD12	5:S:110:PHE:HD2	1.69	0.57
5:S:19:LYS:HE2	5:S:80:PHE:HB3	1.85	0.57
4:R:174:ARG:O	4:R:174:ARG:HD2	2.04	0.57
2:B:290:ASP:OD1	2:B:314:ARG:NH1	2.36	0.57
4:R:158:ILE:HG23	4:R:171:ASP:HB2	1.86	0.57
4:R:131:VAL:HG12	4:R:132:PHE:HD1	1.69	0.56
4:R:118:ARG:NH1	4:R:198:TYR:OH	2.40	0.55
2:B:79:LEU:HD11	2:B:114:CYS:HB3	1.87	0.55
2:B:276:VAL:HG13	2:B:285:LEU:HD11	1.88	0.55
4:R:67:LEU:O	4:R:71:THR:OG1	2.23	0.55
4:R:86:TRP:HB2	4:R:161:LEU:HD12	1.88	0.54
2:B:145:TYR:O	2:B:162:GLY:N	2.36	0.54
2:B:259:GLN:NE2	2:B:260:GLU:O	2.40	0.54
4:R:48:GLN:OE1	4:R:50:LYS:NZ	2.40	0.53
2:B:296:VAL:HG12	2:B:305:ALA:HB3	1.90	0.53
2:B:271:CYS:HB2	2:B:290:ASP:HB2	1.90	0.52
1:A:196:PHE:HE1	1:A:339:VAL:HG11	1.75	0.52
4:R:90:ALA:HA	4:R:93:CYS:HB2	1.90	0.52
4:R:97:GLY:HA3	4:R:159:TYR:HD2	1.75	0.52
4:R:151:SER:O	4:R:178:TYR:OH	2.27	0.52

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:B:31:SER:HB2	2:B:262:MET:HE1	1.92	0.52
2:B:107:PRO:HD3	2:B:151:PHE:HB3	1.91	0.52
4:R:165:VAL:HG23	4:R:167:THR:HG22	1.93	0.51
2:B:71:VAL:HG21	2:B:112:VAL:HG21	1.93	0.51
2:B:85:TYR:HE2	3:C:60:PRO:HB2	1.75	0.51
4:R:69:TYR:HH	4:R:360:TRP:CD1	2.29	0.50
1:A:348:LEU:HD23	1:A:354:PHE:HE1	1.74	0.50
2:B:188:MET:HA	2:B:188:MET:HE2	1.92	0.50
4:R:344:ARG:N	4:R:344:ARG:HD2	2.26	0.50
2:B:5:ASP:N	2:B:5:ASP:OD1	2.45	0.49
2:B:79:LEU:HB2	2:B:93:ILE:HB	1.94	0.49
2:B:331:SER:OG	2:B:333:ASP:OD1	2.20	0.49
1:A:310:LEU:H	1:A:310:LEU:HD12	1.78	0.49
2:B:85:TYR:CE2	3:C:60:PRO:HB2	2.48	0.49
2:B:61:MET:HE2	2:B:70:LEU:HD13	1.94	0.49
1:A:328:ASP:OD1	1:A:328:ASP:N	2.40	0.48
2:B:152:LEU:HD22	2:B:168:LEU:HD11	1.93	0.48
4:R:24:VAL:HG21	4:R:82:LEU:HD13	1.96	0.48
2:B:51:LEU:HD11	2:B:338:ILE:HD11	1.96	0.48
2:B:81:ILE:O	2:B:90:VAL:N	2.47	0.48
4:R:112:CYS:SG	4:R:193:SER:OG	2.66	0.48
5:S:199:VAL:HG23	5:S:201:ASP:H	1.78	0.48
1:A:223:PHE:HZ	1:A:249:LEU:HG	1.79	0.47
4:R:334:PRO:HB2	4:R:355:ALA:HA	1.96	0.47
1:A:196:PHE:CE1	1:A:339:VAL:HG11	2.48	0.47
4:R:374:ASN:HB3	4:R:377:PHE:HB2	1.95	0.47
1:A:5:LEU:HB2	1:A:10:LYS:HG3	1.96	0.47
2:B:16:ASN:O	2:B:19:ARG:HG2	2.13	0.47
4:R:126:LYS:NZ	4:R:127:LEU:HD12	2.29	0.47
5:S:39:GLN:HB2	5:S:45:LEU:HD23	1.96	0.47
5:S:100:ILE:HD13	5:S:102:TYR:HE2	1.79	0.47
1:A:6:SER:OG	1:A:7:ALA:N	2.45	0.47
2:B:58:ILE:HD13	2:B:74:SER:HB3	1.96	0.47
1:A:197:LYS:HE3	1:A:199:PHE:HE1	1.79	0.47
2:B:291:ASP:N	2:B:291:ASP:OD1	2.47	0.47
4:R:335:PHE:HA	4:R:355:ALA:HB1	1.97	0.46
4:R:365:ILE:HG13	4:R:369:LEU:HG	1.97	0.46
1:A:269:ASN:HA	1:A:324:THR:OG1	2.15	0.46
4:R:48:GLN:HE22	4:R:380:ALA:HA	1.79	0.46
2:B:27:ASP:OD1	2:B:27:ASP:N	2.48	0.46
2:B:59:TYR:HE2	2:B:75:GLN:HE21	1.62	0.46

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:B:197:ARG:NH1	2:B:197:ARG:HB3	2.31	0.46
5:S:195:LEU:HG	5:S:199:VAL:HG21	1.98	0.46
1:A:185:VAL:HB	1:A:200:ASP:HB3	1.98	0.45
4:R:88:THR:OG1	4:R:89:GLY:N	2.48	0.45
4:R:99:LEU:O	4:R:103:SER:OG	2.27	0.45
4:R:374:ASN:HD22	4:R:377:PHE:HD2	1.64	0.45
1:A:339:VAL:HA	1:A:342:VAL:HG12	1.99	0.45
4:R:327:CYS:SG	4:R:365:ILE:HG21	2.56	0.45
1:A:208:ARG:O	1:A:209:LYS:HG3	2.17	0.45
4:R:13:HIS:CD2	4:R:14:GLU:H	2.35	0.44
4:R:47:ILE:HG13	4:R:48:GLN:HG3	1.99	0.44
2:B:274:THR:HG21	2:B:316:SER:HA	1.99	0.44
2:B:225:HIS:CE1	2:B:251:ARG:HG3	2.52	0.44
2:B:257:ALA:HB1	3:C:30:VAL:HG12	1.98	0.44
5:S:38:ARG:NH1	5:S:90:ASP:OD1	2.36	0.44
4:R:131:VAL:HG12	4:R:132:PHE:CD1	2.51	0.43
5:S:231:GLN:HE21	5:S:238:THR:H	1.66	0.43
1:A:348:LEU:HD23	1:A:354:PHE:CE1	2.52	0.43
2:B:51:LEU:HB2	2:B:336:LEU:HB2	1.99	0.43
2:B:340:ASN:ND2	3:C:61:PHE:HB2	2.34	0.43
5:S:6:GLU:HB2	5:S:115:THR:HG23	1.99	0.43
1:A:290:TYR:HD1	1:A:302:TYR:CD1	2.36	0.43
2:B:54:HIS:HE2	2:B:72:SER:HG	1.64	0.43
4:R:113:LEU:HD21	4:R:140:ALA:HB1	2.01	0.43
2:B:152:LEU:HD21	2:B:213:VAL:HG11	2.00	0.43
2:B:269:ILE:HG23	2:B:271:CYS:SG	2.59	0.43
4:R:187:PHE:HZ	4:R:333:ILE:HG22	1.83	0.43
2:B:281:SER:N	3:C:48:ASP:OD2	2.38	0.42
1:A:48:THR:HA	1:A:51:LYS:NZ	2.34	0.42
2:B:45:MET:HB3	2:B:339:TRP:HB3	2.00	0.42
1:A:51:LYS:NZ	1:A:51:LYS:HB2	2.34	0.42
2:B:51:LEU:HB3	2:B:82:TRP:CE3	2.53	0.42
4:R:76:PHE:HB2	4:R:96:PHE:HE2	1.84	0.42
5:S:67:ARG:HH21	5:S:86:LEU:HA	1.84	0.42
2:B:161:SER:OG	2:B:162:GLY:N	2.52	0.42
4:R:61:ASN:OD1	4:R:145:TRP:NE1	2.52	0.42
4:R:161:LEU:HA	4:R:168:CYS:HA	2.00	0.42
1:A:337:ASP:HA	1:A:340:THR:HG22	2.00	0.42
4:R:64:LEU:HD23	4:R:64:LEU:HA	1.89	0.42
4:R:77:SER:HB2	4:R:96:PHE:HZ	1.85	0.42
4:R:327:CYS:SG	4:R:365:ILE:HG12	2.60	0.42

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
4:R:118:ARG:O	4:R:122:ILE:HG12	2.20	0.41
1:A:4:THR:OG1	1:A:5:LEU:N	2.53	0.41
3:C:25:ILE:HG13	3:C:27:ARG:HH21	1.85	0.41
4:R:362:ASN:HA	4:R:365:ILE:HG22	2.02	0.41
2:B:250:CYS:O	2:B:264:TYR:N	2.43	0.41
3:C:37:LEU:HD23	3:C:37:LEU:HA	1.85	0.41
4:R:336:LEU:HD22	6:R:601:A1MBR:CL1	2.57	0.41
4:R:24:VAL:O	4:R:28:VAL:HG12	2.20	0.41
2:B:34:THR:O	2:B:37:ILE:HG12	2.21	0.41
4:R:373:MET:HE2	4:R:373:MET:HB2	1.91	0.41
1:A:38:LEU:HB2	1:A:198:MET:SD	2.61	0.41
1:A:253:ILE:HD13	1:A:253:ILE:HA	1.93	0.40
2:B:7:LEU:HD22	3:C:16:VAL:HG21	2.03	0.40
5:S:32:PHE:CD1	5:S:100:ILE:HB	2.56	0.40
2:B:190:LEU:HA	2:B:190:LEU:HD12	1.85	0.40
2:B:340:ASN:HD22	3:C:61:PHE:HB2	1.85	0.40
1:A:184:ILE:HG12	1:A:201:VAL:HG23	2.03	0.40
4:R:162:VAL:HG23	4:R:165:VAL:HG22	2.04	0.40
5:S:195:LEU:HA	5:S:195:LEU:HD12	1.85	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles

5.3.1 Protein backbone

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	205/354 (58%)	200 (98%)	5 (2%)	0	100	100
2	B	335/382 (88%)	327 (98%)	8 (2%)	0	100	100
3	C	56/70 (80%)	55 (98%)	1 (2%)	0	100	100
4	R	279/691 (40%)	271 (97%)	8 (3%)	0	100	100
5	S	228/248 (92%)	222 (97%)	6 (3%)	0	100	100

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
All	All	1103/1745 (63%)	1075 (98%)	28 (2%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	185/305 (61%)	185 (100%)	0	100	100
2	B	279/313 (89%)	277 (99%)	2 (1%)	76	80
3	C	45/57 (79%)	45 (100%)	0	100	100
4	R	240/584 (41%)	238 (99%)	2 (1%)	73	79
5	S	184/201 (92%)	184 (100%)	0	100	100
All	All	933/1460 (64%)	929 (100%)	4 (0%)	81	84

All (4) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	B	259	GLN
2	B	315	VAL
4	R	93	CYS
4	R	127	LEU

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (9) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	22	ASN
1	A	269	ASN
2	B	13	GLN
2	B	220	GLN
2	B	340	ASN
4	R	214	GLN
4	R	374	ASN

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
4	R	376	GLN
5	S	13	GLN

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry ⓘ

1 ligand is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
6	A1MBR	R	601	-	23,23,23	0.34	0	30,31,31	0.23	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
6	A1MBR	R	601	-	-	3/6/6/6	0/3/3/3

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All (3) torsion outliers are listed below:

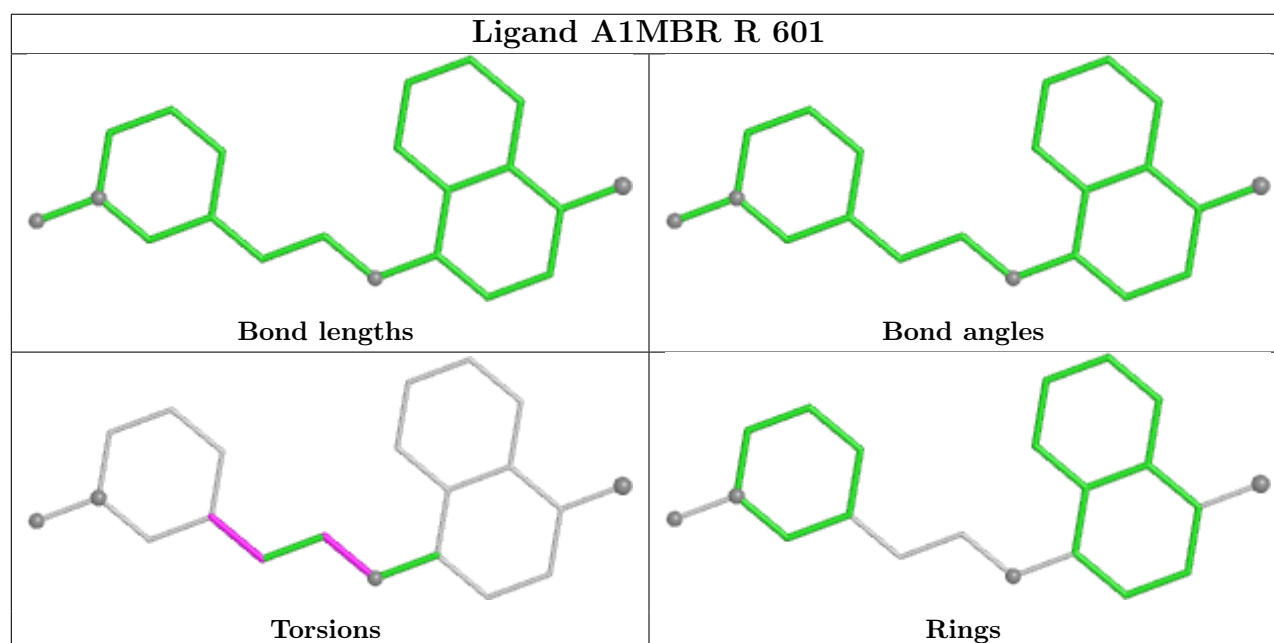
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
6	R	601	A1MBR	C11-C12-C13-C19
6	R	601	A1MBR	C11-C12-C13-C14
6	R	601	A1MBR	C12-C11-O10-C9

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
6	R	601	A1MBR	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.



5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

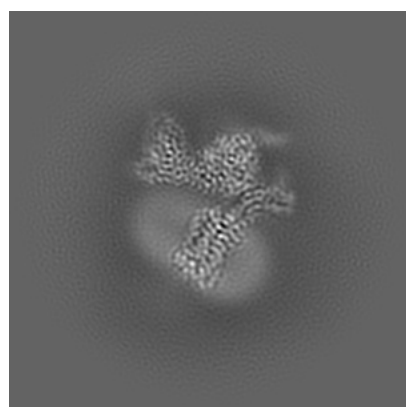
6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-65999. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

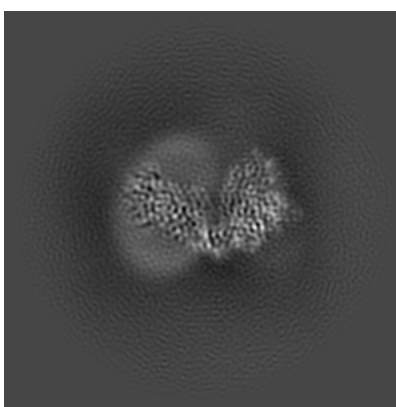
No raw map or half-maps were deposited for this entry and therefore no images, graphs, etc. pertaining to the raw map can be shown.

6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

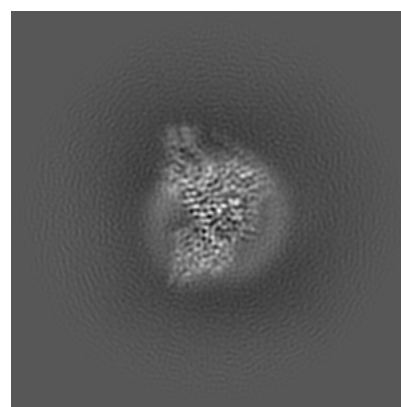
6.1.1 Primary map



X



Y

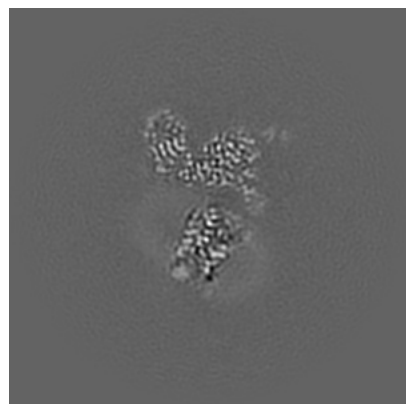


Z

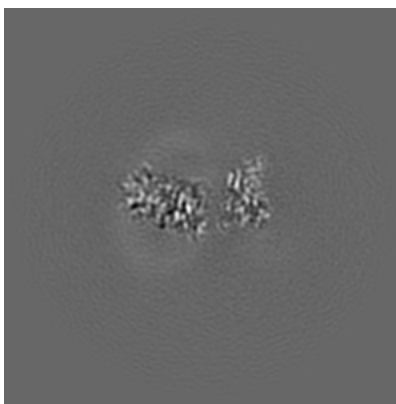
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices [i](#)

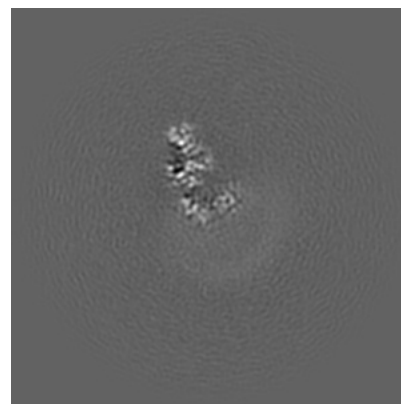
6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 128



Y Index: 128

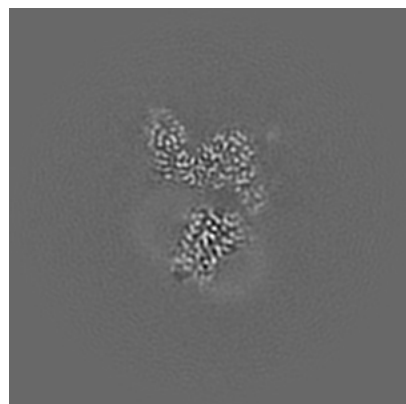


Z Index: 128

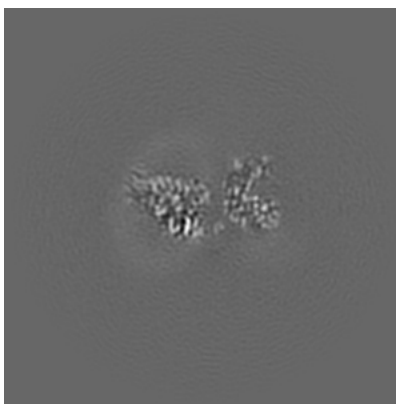
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices [i](#)

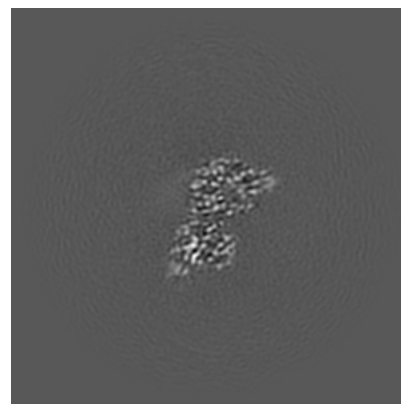
6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 125



Y Index: 134

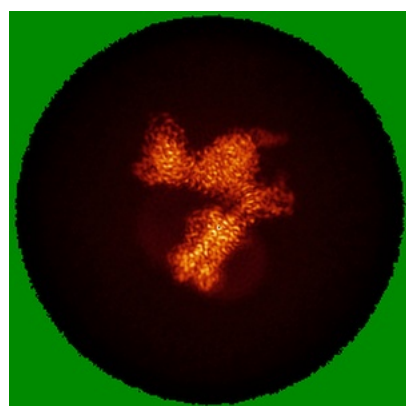


Z Index: 160

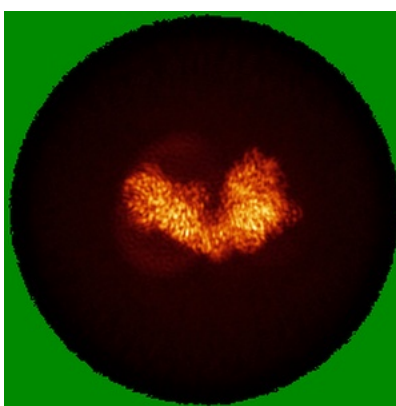
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) [i](#)

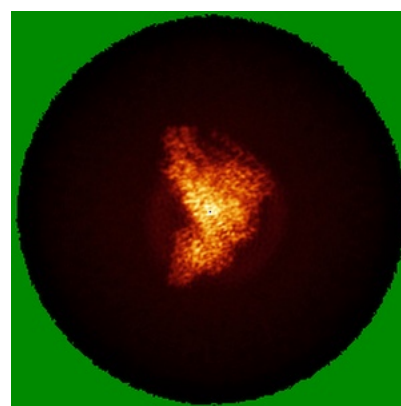
6.4.1 Primary map



X



Y

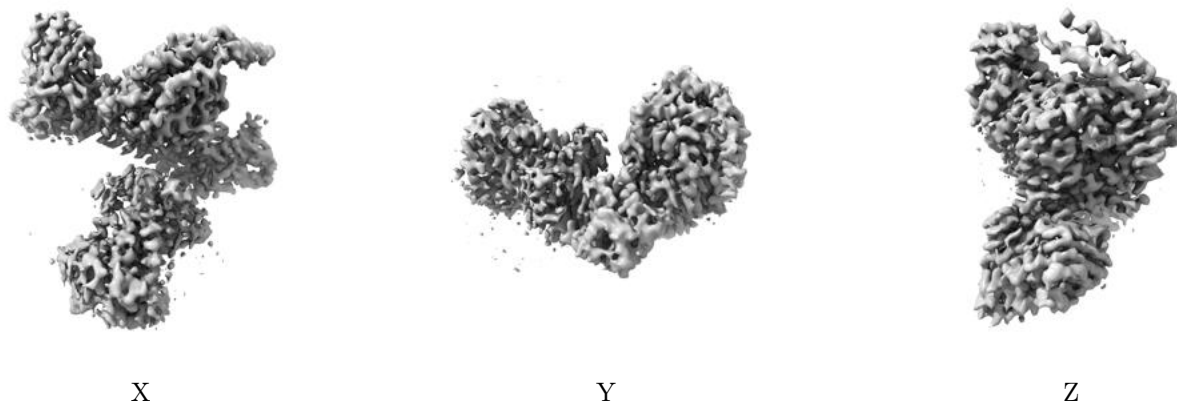


Z

The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

6.5 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

6.5.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 5.0. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

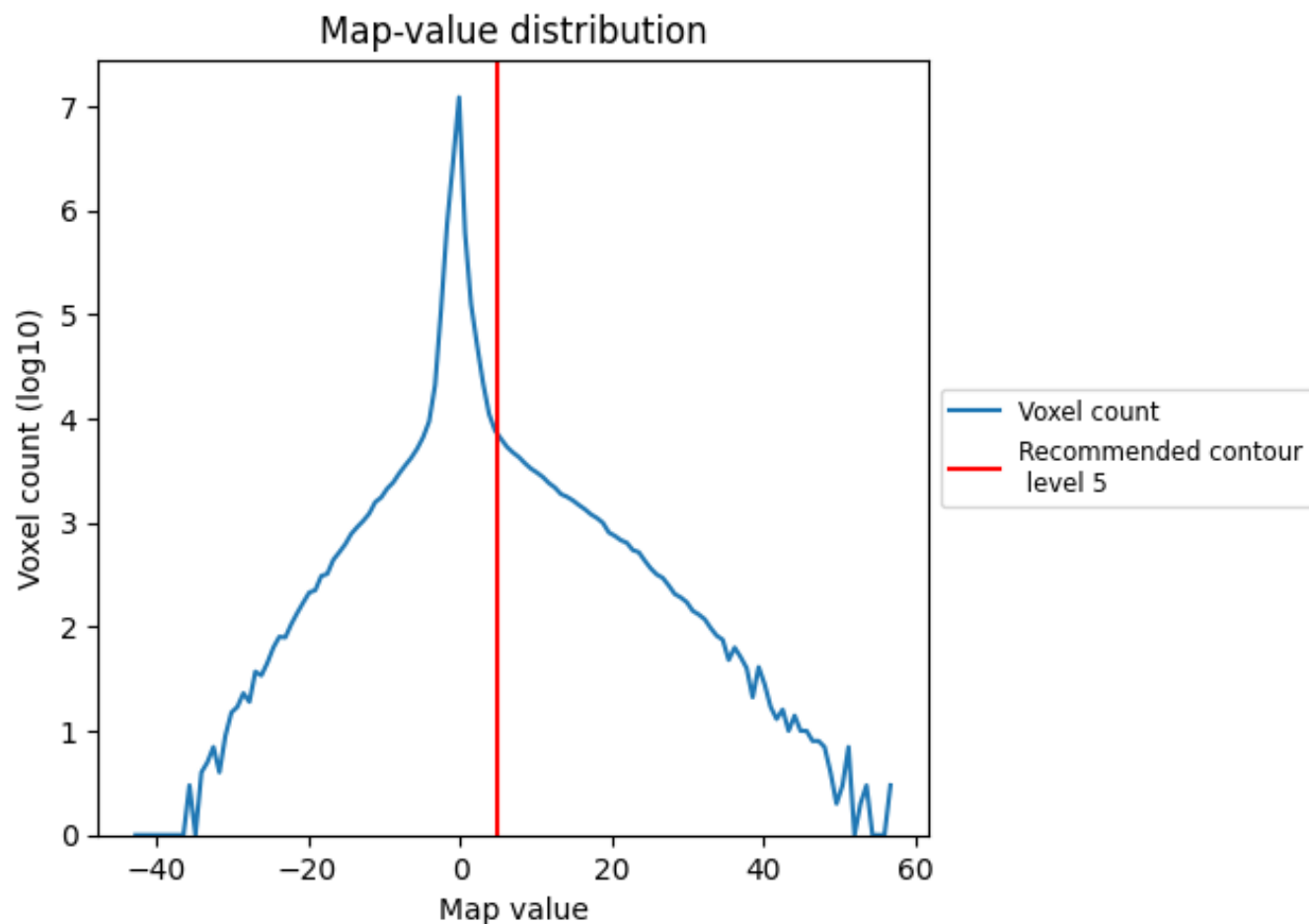
6.6 Mask visualisation [i](#)

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.

7 Map analysis [i](#)

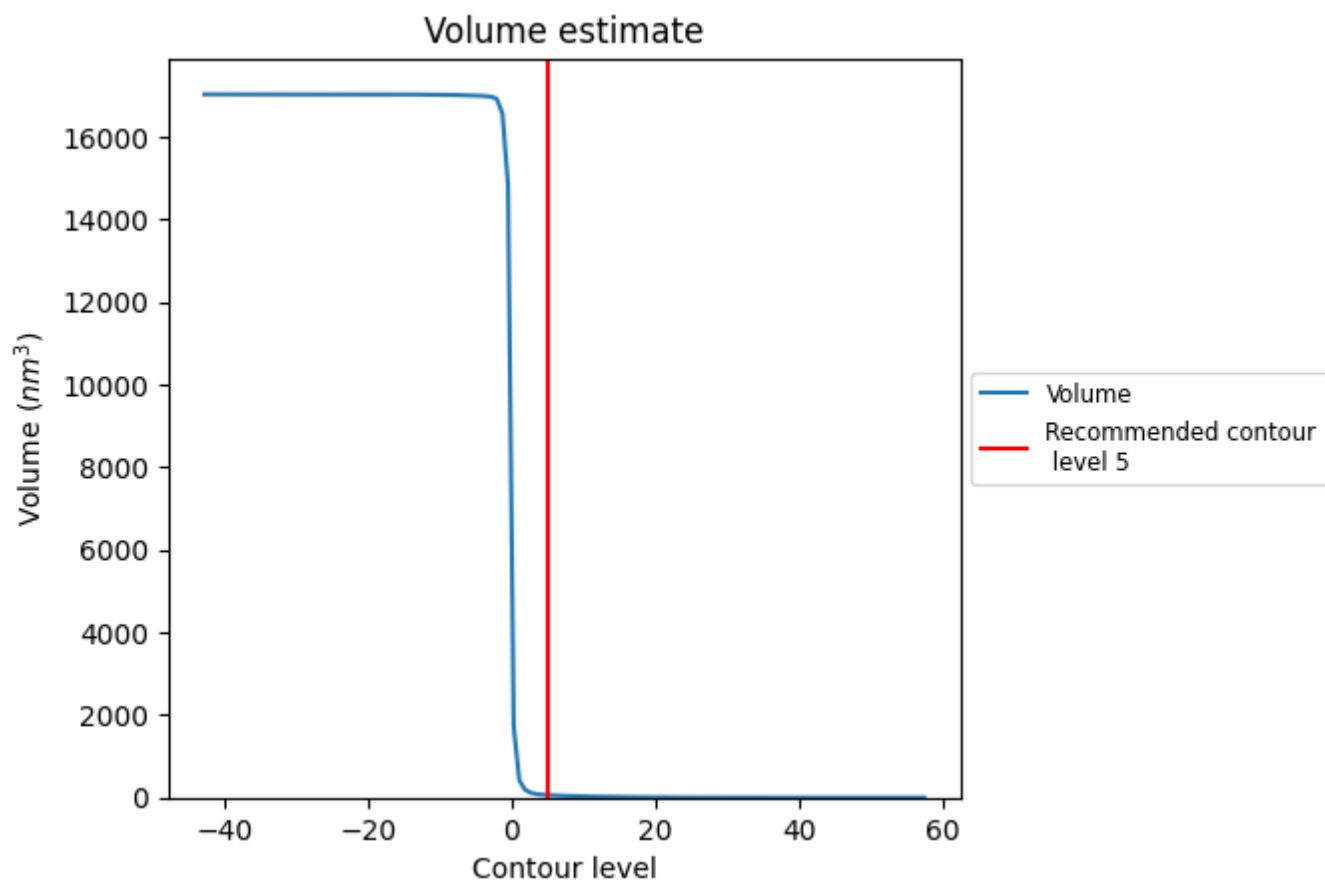
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

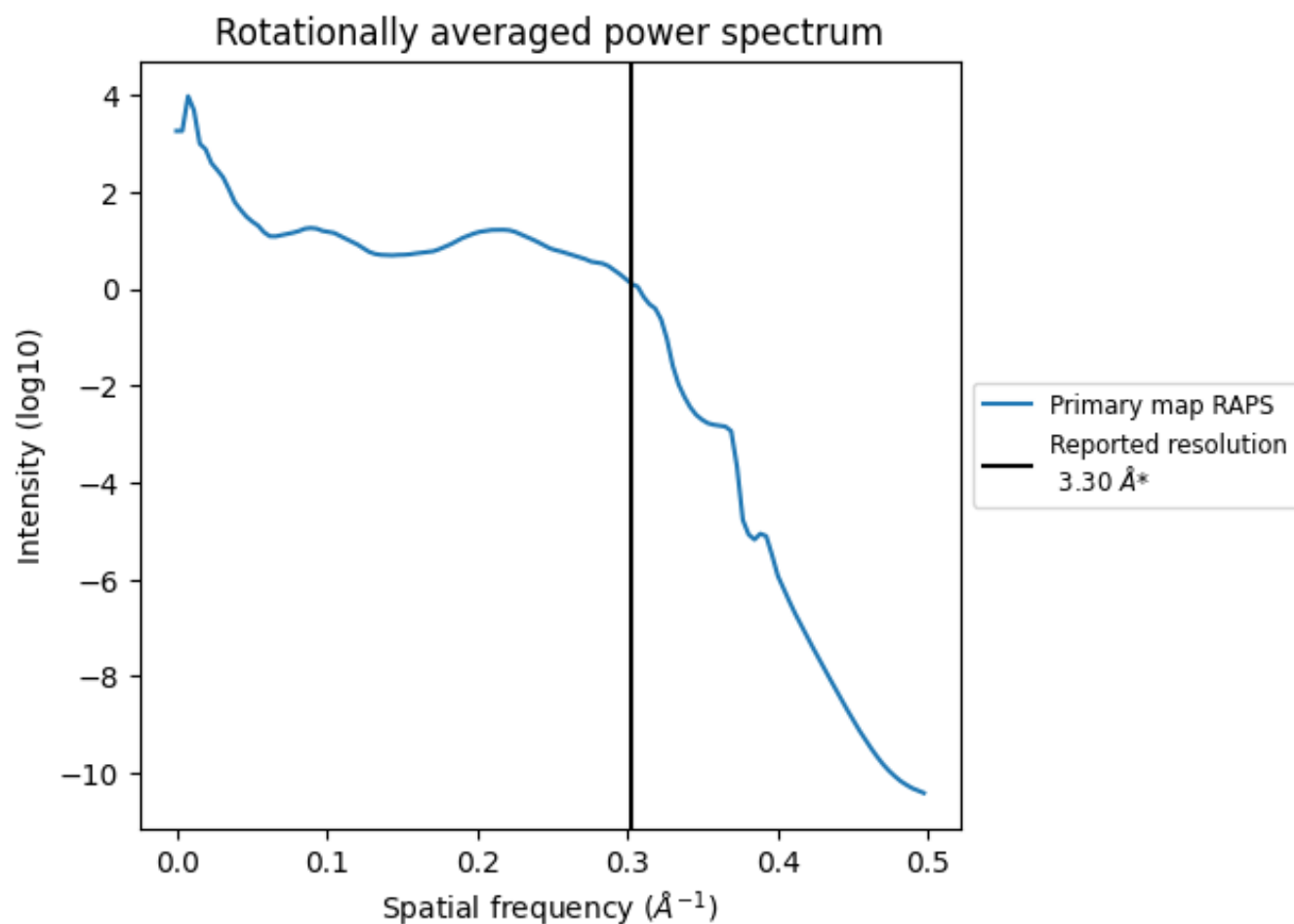
7.2 Volume estimate [i](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 61 nm^3 ; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 55 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum ⓘ



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.303 $\text{\AA}^{-1}$

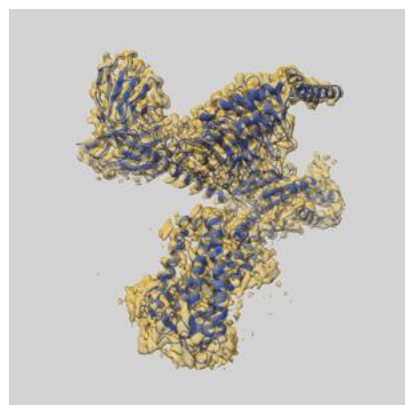
8 Fourier-Shell correlation

This section was not generated. No FSC curve or half-maps provided.

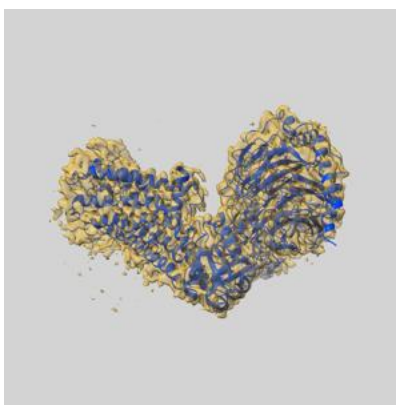
9 Map-model fit [i](#)

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-65999 and PDB model 9WIK. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section [3](#) on page [8](#).

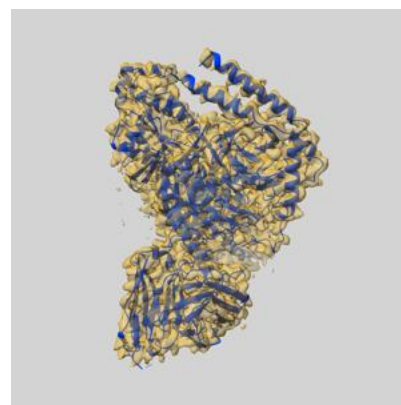
9.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)



X



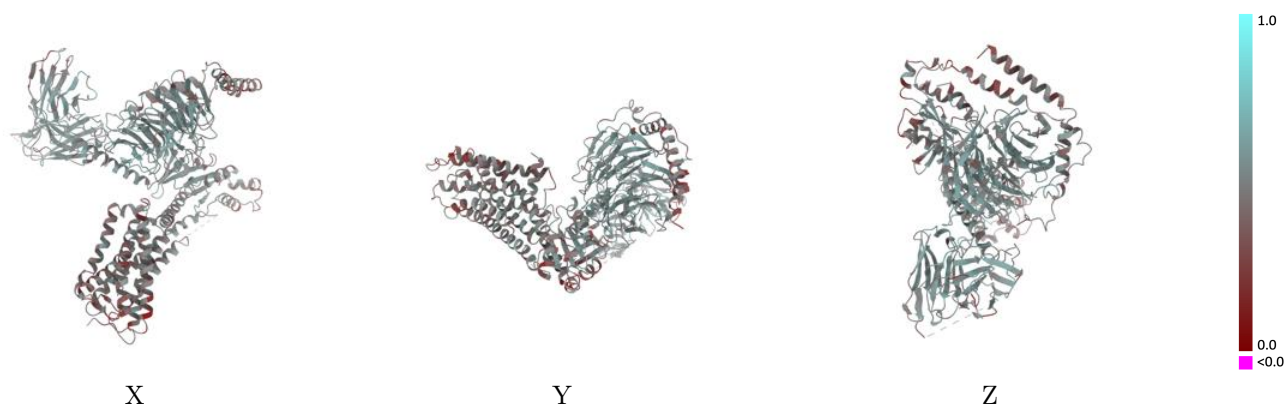
Y



Z

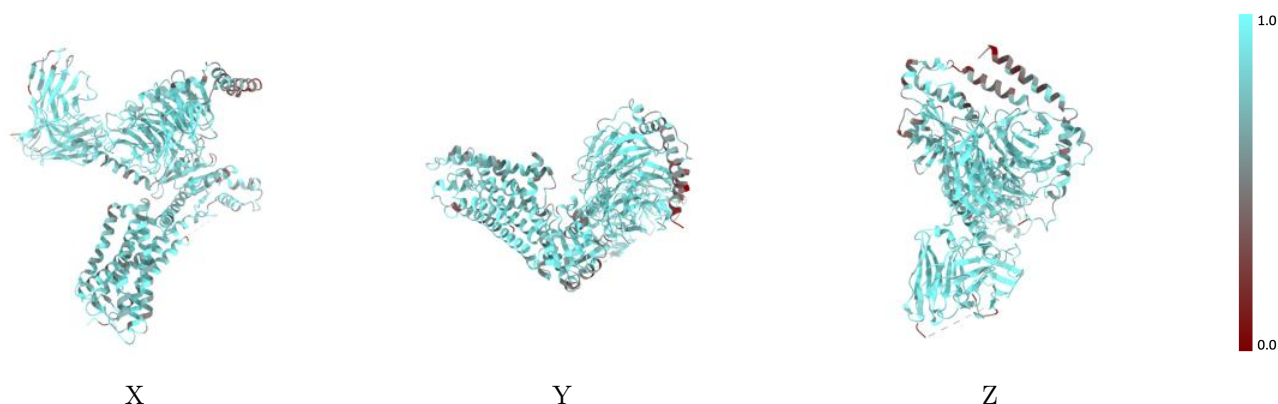
The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 5.0 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



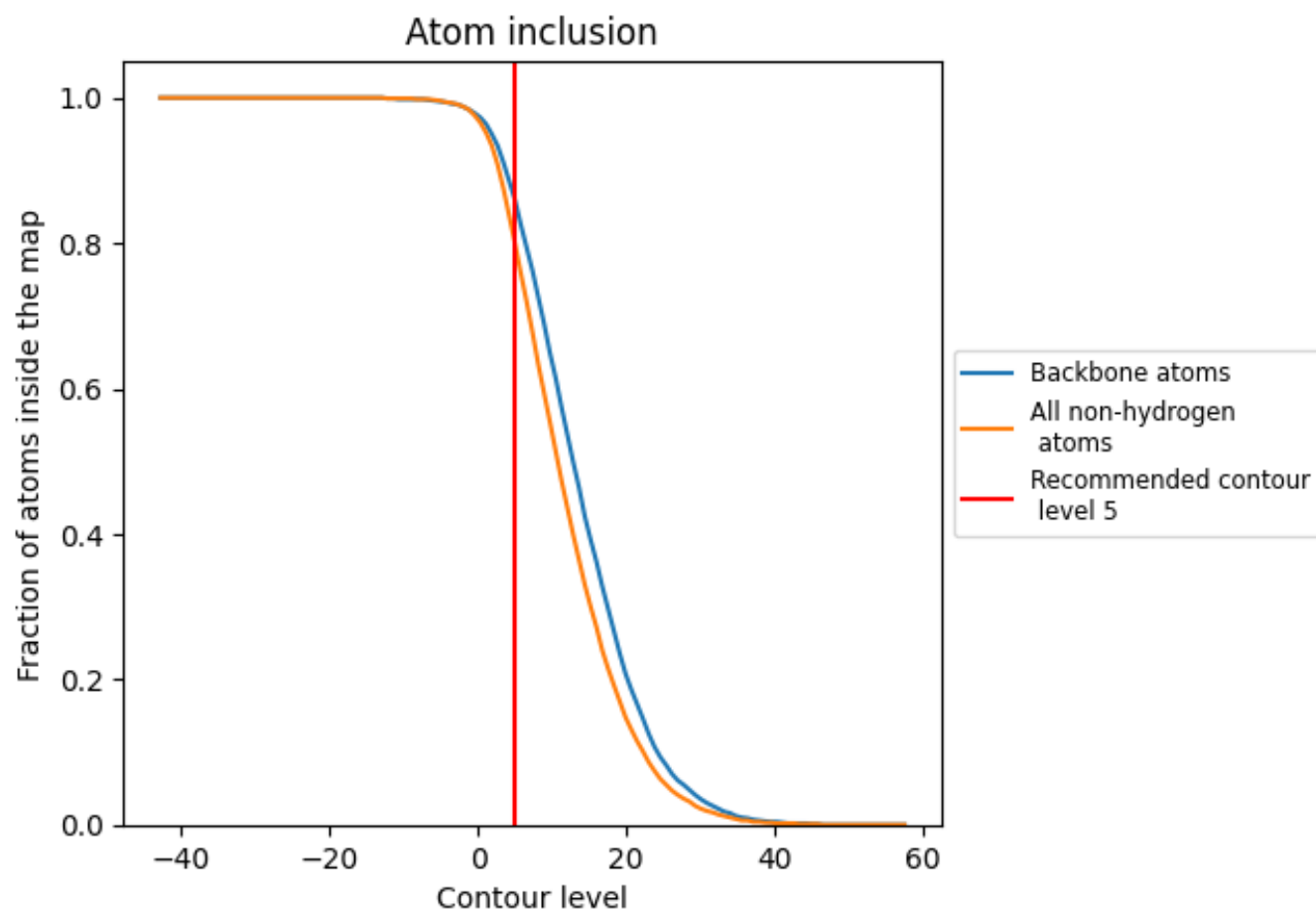
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (5).

9.4 Atom inclusion [i](#)



At the recommended contour level, 86% of all backbone atoms, 80% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary ⓘ

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (5) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	0.8020	0.4850
A	0.7520	0.4700
B	0.8330	0.5290
C	0.6120	0.4320
R	0.8040	0.4300
S	0.8530	0.5200

